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FIFTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

OF THE

PROVINCE OF ALBERTA

1956

Vault 19

PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY



EDMONTON:
Printed by A. SHNITKA, Queen's Printer for Alberta
1957

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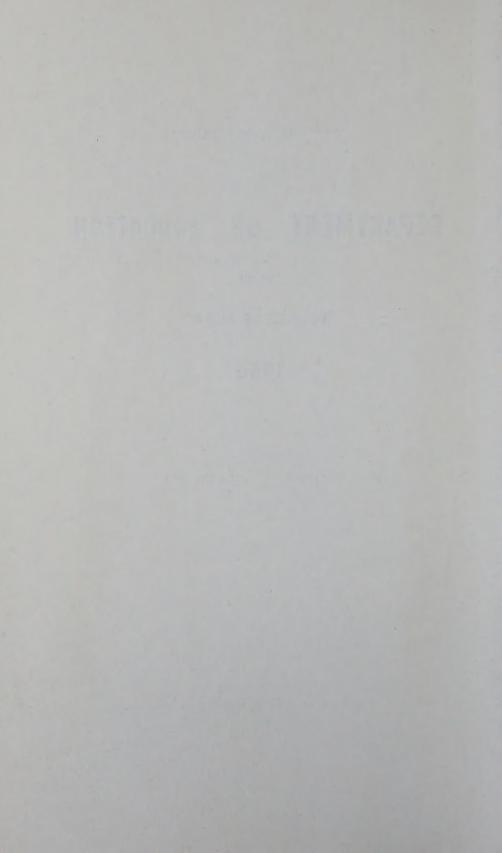
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Edmonton, February 11, 1957.

TO HIS HONOUR,

JOHN JAMES BOWLEN,

Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Alberta.

Sir:

I have the honour to transmit the Annual Report of the Department of Education for the school year 1955-56.

I remain, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

ANDERS O. AALBORG,

Minister of Education.

# REPORT OF THE DEPUTY MINISTER

The HONOURABLE ANDERS O. AALBORG, Minister of Education, Edmonton, Alberta.

Dear Sir:

I have the honour to submit herewith the annual report of the Department of Education for the school year ended June 30, 1956. Statistical information relative to the financial operations of school boards covers the calendar year 1955.

### STAFF

At the end of the year being reported upon, Dr. A. W. Reeves, Assistant Director of School Administration, accepted the newly created position of Chairman of the Division of Administration and Supervision, Faculty of Education, University of Alberta. Selected as his successor was Dr. G. L. Mowat, High School Inspector.

In June, 1956, the post of Assistant Registrar was created, resulting from the steadily expanding work of the office, to which was appointed Miss Nancy Thompson, M.A., formerly of the Correspondence School Branch.

#### SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

An event of great significance was the opening in November, 1955, of The Alberta School for the Deaf. Actually, since the building was not complete, only some 26 pupils were enrolled, the remaining Alberta pupils still being sent to schools in other provinces. The small scale beginning enabled the principal and basic staff to become familiar with their work prior to full opening in 1956.

### **LEGISLATION**

The School Act was amended in a number of respects, mostly of a routine or administrative nature. Special mention may be made, however, of three items:

- 1. The status of children of mixed marriages, when separate schools exist, was clarified by granting, with certain limitations, rights in both school systems.
- 2. Terminations of teachers' contracts by school boards, in effect for a year or less, were removed from the right of appeal to the Board of Reference. In other words a probationary year of employment was established.
- 3. Teachers wishing to resign at the end of the school year must now do so prior to June 16 unless to take employment with another Alberta school board in which case they have until July 15.

The Teachers' Retirement Fund Act was amended in four significant respects:

- 1. The school board's contribution of  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1% of teachers' salaries was discontinued.
- 2. The province ceased to contribute to the Fund on a percentage of salary basis and instead undertook to pay as a current expense the full cost of pensions awarded prior to April, 1948, and with respect to pensions granted subsequent to that time the full cost attributable to pre-1939 service and 50% of the cost attributable to subsequent service.
- 3. The payments heretofore made to the Fund by the Province are to stand as a credit to the Province for the purpose of meeting, for the time being, the current costs assumed by it.
- 4. The Province guaranteed the payment of benefits payable under the Act or the by-laws, thereby resolving a concern over the actuarial solvency of the Fund arising chiefly from the fact that pensions are payable covering non-contributory as well as contributory periods of service.

A new Act, The School Secretaries' Superannuation Act, established a pension scheme for the secretaries of school divisional boards, county councils and some other employees, on a joint employer-employee contributory basis.

## **TEACHER SHORTAGE**

Despite increased enrolments, and a larger teaching staff, the number of schools operating under correspondence supervisors hit a new low, dropping to 13 by June, 1956. There was still a teacher shortage problem, however, as indeed there is in almost every significant occupation, with the effect being more noticeable at the senior high school level. It was found necessary to extend the teaching range of many certificates and to transfer many teachers from the lower grades when their qualifications warranted.

Two new policies were effected in an attempt to alleviate the situation, funds being provided in 1955-56 though the action was taken in 1956-57. Special summer session bursaries of \$100 were made available to teachers who would enrol in courses for the express purpose of increasing their competence to teach some high school subject or subjects. Bursaries of \$400 plus fees were established for holders of university degrees who would enrol for the regular session teacher training course leading to high school certification.

## **EXPANSION**

The whole of the annual report reveals increase in all aspects of the school system. These items are noted, and may be pursued further in the text of the report.

- 1. The Buildings Branch records completions of school buildings in the report year in the total amount of over \$43,000,000.
- 2. The Institute of Technology and Art reports an evening class enrolment of 1738 students as compared with 1299 the previous year.

- 3. There were 8177 Grade XII examination candidates (one or more subjects) as compared with 7703 the previous year. Grade IX candidates rose from 13,795 to 14,716.
- 4. High school classrooms increased by 137 over the previous year to 1488.

## MISCELLANEOUS

- 1. There continues to be a change in the sort of service rendered by the high school inspectors. While their traditional duties are still carried out there is increasing demand for their services in two respects, (a) to assist local superintendents and groups of teachers in respect of special supervisory and study projects designed to improve instruction in special fields, and (b) to conduct, or participate in, surveys designed to assist school boards in deciding upon major organizational problems affecting school services over a whole division or within a whole school system.
- 2. During the year there was developed a continuing conference to study the purposes, effectiveness and administration of composite high schools. This was participated in not only by Departmental officers, especially high school inspectors, but also by principals and other staff of such schools as well as school board members and city supervisory officers.
- 3. As an offshoot of the continuing work of the joint University-Departmental committee a project called the Matriculation Study was begun, to run over a period of years. Details will be found in the Curriculum Branch report. In part it is an attempt to discover whether there may be better criteria for selecting prospective university students than (or perhaps in conjunction with) the present Grade XII examinations.
- 4. For many years there has not been available a map of Alberta suitable for use in elementary schools. The Department has now undertaken the production and sale, through the School Book Branch, of its own map.
- 5. The centralization of schools continues, this being entirely a matter of local initiative and determination. One result of this is the reduction in the number of small high schools. In 1945, 51% of all high school classrooms in the province were to be found in one or two-room high schools. In 1956 only 27% were to be so found.

Respectfully submitted,

W. H. SWIFT, Deputy Minister.

# Report of the Division of Instruction

W. E. Frame

Chief Superintendent of Schools

The Division of Instruction, as the name implies, is responsible for directing the provincial public school service and maintaining desirable standards of instruction in the classrooms. The following branches function within the division:

The Supervisory and Evaluation Branch;

The Curriculum Branch, which includes the Teacher Service Bureau,

Guidance, Audio-Visual Aids, School Broadcasts, Examinations and the Editorial and Library Service;

The Education of Handicapped Children;

The Board of Teacher Education and Certification;

Teacher Certification and Records:

Co-ordination of Teacher Education.

Reports from these various branches appear hereunder.

## THE SUPERVISORY AND EVALUATION BRANCH

### Staff

H. C. Sweet, B.A., B.Ed., Assistant Chief Superintendent

## **High School Inspection Staff**

- T. C. Byrne, M.A., B.Ed.
- J. W. Chalmers, M.A., Ed.D.
- C. B. Johnson, B.Sc. M.A.
- L. W. Kunelius, B.Sc., M.A.
- G. L. Mowat, M.A., Ed.D.

# **Special Supervisors**

- J. P. Mitchell, B.Sc. -Industrial Arts
- A. Berneice McFarlane, B.Ed. -Home Economics
- A. A. Aldridge, B.A., Ed.M.—Guidance

Elisabeth L. Palate, B.Ed. —Assistant Supervisor of Guidance.

# INSPECTORS OF SCHOOLS AND SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOL DIVISIONS

ROOMS June 30, 1956

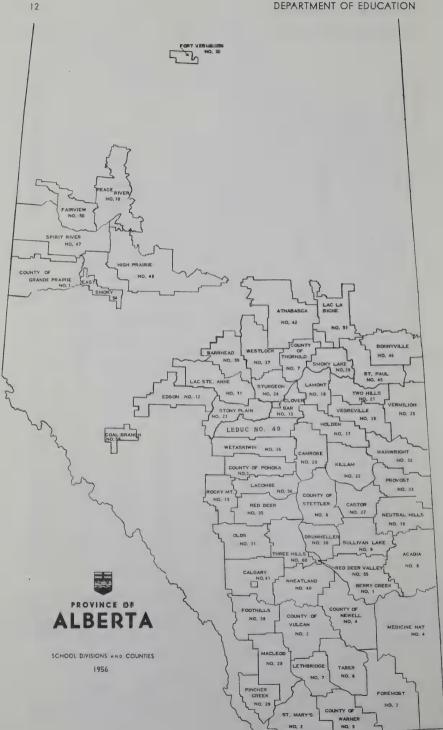
Elementary &

	Intermediate			
	Div.	Non- Div.	High Schools	Total
G. L. Berry, M.A., B.Ed., High Prairie No. 48	85	29	19	133
E. H. Bliss, B.A., B.Ed., Three Hills No. 60	58	12	14	84
J. H. Blocksidge, B.A., B.Ed., Lamont No. 18	75		24	99
T. K. Creighton, M.A., County of Stettler No. 6	56	22	15	93
W. R. Dean, B.A., B.Ed., Drumheller No. 30 and	85	13	23	121
Red Deer Valley No. 55	58		17	75
A. H. Elliott, B.Sc., Acadia No. 8	33	2	10	45
E. M. Erickson, B.A., B.Ed., Wetaskiwin No 36	68	33	14	115
F. B. Facey, M.A., Vegreville No. 19	68	4	18	90
J. H. Finlay, B.Ed., Edson No. 12 and Coal Branch No. 58 M. G. Gault, B.S.A., B.Ed., Athabasca No. 42	85 77	11	23	119
I. Goresky, M.A., M.Ed., County of Thorhild No. 7	54		16	93
H. J. Hall, M.Ed., Rocky Mountain No. 15	66	3	14 10	68 79
L. G. Hall, B.A., B.Ed., Wainwright No. 32	58	12	14	84
J. R. S. Hambly, B.Sc., M.Ed., Camrose No. 20	89	28	36	153
F. Hannochko, B.A., B.Ed., Two Hills No. 21	62	2	23	87
W. G. Hay, M.A., Berry Creek No. 1 and	020	_	20	0.
Sullivan Lake No. 9	43	14	6	63
E. D. Hodgson, M.Ed., County of Grande Prairie No. 1	76		8	84
G. F. Hollinshead, B.Sc., B.Ed., Calgary No. 41	61		13	74
M. Holman, B.Ed., Wheatland No. 40	51	2	13	66
S. W. Hooper, B.Sc., M.A., Peace River No. 10	89	18	13	120
J. C. Jonason, M.A., Ed.D., Clover Bar No. 13	67	****	15	82
R. A. Kimmitt, M.Ed., County of Warner No. 5	66	6	21	93
W. S. Korek, B.Sc., B.Ed., Macleod No. 28	55	28	25	108
H. A. Kostash, B.A., B.Ed., Smoky Lake No. 39	47	****	20	67
A. E. Kunst, B.A., B.Ed., Castor No. 27 and	CA	4	10	0.4
Neutral Hills No. 16	64 57	4 19	16	84
C. M. Laverty, B.A., B.Ed., Foothills No. 38	46	40	25 22	101
R. V. McCullough, A.B., Red Deer No. 35	103	50	39	108 192
E. G. McDonald, B.A., B.Ed., Provost No. 33	74	9	17	100
J. A. McKav. B.Sc., M.A., Pincher Creek No. 29	35	50	21	106
M. MacLeod, M.A., Stony Plain No. 23	93		20	113
H. A. MacNeil, M.Ed., East Smoky No. 54 and				
Grande Prairie Inspectorate	23	45	16	84
O. Massing, B.A., M.Ed., Killam No. 22	63	22	24	109
C. G. Merkley, B.Sc., St. Mary's River No. 2	36	20	32	88
E. C. Miller, B.A., Lethbridge No. 7	113	2"	31	144
N. Myskiw, B.Sc., B.Ed., Lac La Biche No. 51	49	14	8	71
L. D. Nelson, M.Ed., Foremost No. 3	46		7	53
V. R. Nyberg, B.Sc., M.Ed., Provost No. 33	37 63		8 15	45 78
R. C. Ohlsen, B.Ed., Barrhead No. 59	80		17	97
H. A. Pike, B.Ed., Holden No. 17  N. M. Purvis, B.Sc., Taber No. 6	91	4	25	120
C. Pyrch, B.A., B.Ed., Leduc No. 49	120	11	27	158
R. Racette, B.A., St. Paul No. 45	69	25	17	111
H. R. Ross, B.Sc., B.Ed., Lacombe No. 56	93	4	39	136
A. L. Schrag, B.Sc., B.Ed., County of Vulcan No. 2	56		17	73
J. I. Sheppy, M.A., B.Ed., Lac Ste. Anne No. 11	70		10	80
S. D. Simonson, B.Sc., B.Ed., Vermilion No. 25	89	2	20	111
J. F. Swan, B.A., B.Ed., Sturgeon No. 24	76	63	31	170
J. L. Sylvestre, B.Sc., Bonnyville No. 46	87	31	18	136
K. H. Thomson, M.A., Ed.D., Spirit River No. 47	71	3	9	83
L. A. Walker, B.A., B.Paed., Medicine Hat. No. 4	67		4	71
R. M. Ward, B.Ed., Fairview No. 50	87	1	12	100
E. W. White, B.A., County of Ponoka No. 3	87	1 1 27	12	100
G. L. Wilson, B.Sc., Calgary Non-Divisional Districts		127	12	139
	3,677	784	995	5.456
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,01		

The following tables are compiled from statistics supplied by the superintendents. It should be kept in mind that the major cities are not included, since they do not come under the jurisdiction of any particular superintendent. The figures are for the school year ending June 30, 1956.

## DISTRICTS

	In Divisions	Not in Divisions	Total
Number of districts	3,930	113	4,043
Number of districts in which local school was operated	1,171	101	1,272



## CLASSROOMS

CLASSROOMS			
Number of rooms operating during year:  (a) under teachers (including 156 student teachers)  (b) under supervisors	3,949	726 2	4,675 13
INSPECTION AND SUPERVIS		24	13
INSPECTION AND SUPERVIS	NOIN	Not in	
	In Divisions	Divisions but in Inspectorate	Total
Number of rooms not visited during the year	217	121	338
Number of operating rooms on which a full report was not issued Number of rooms visited in a supervisory capacity during the year:	1,141	347	1,488
(a) Once	1,528	575	2,103
(b) Twice	1,259 564	138 24	1,397 588
(c) Three Times (d) Four Times or more Number of visits of half day duration	335	7	342
Number of visits of less than half day duration			2,579
Number of complete reports submitted Number of memo reports to teachers			3.124
Number of visits without reports	***************************************		4,174
Private and Indian Schools		Private	Indian
Number of schools in inspectorates		39	50
Number of rooms operated		91 64	139 112
Number of rooms not visited		9	14
Instruction in grades above the eighth			
Number of one-room schools offering instruction in Gr Number of one-room schools offering instruction in Gr Number of one-room schools offering instruction in Gr Number of one-room schools offering instruction in gra	rade X	••••••	
SUMMARY OF WORK			
Number of days spent in work of supervision	Т	otal Days	Average
(a) Co-operative and group supervision		724.50	13.17
(b) Schools in division, and in inspectorate but not in division		3.398.75	61.79
(c) Schools not in inspectorates	************	229.75	4.18
(d) Indian Schools	***********	59.25 41.25	1.08 .75
Total		4,453.50	80.97
Number of days spent in Investigation or Administrative W	ork	2,417.50	43.95
(a) In divisions(b) In school districts not in divisions		105.00	1.91
Total		2,522.50	45.86
10004		otal Days	Average
- 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4			
Performance of duties as Official Trustee	***********	165.00 233.75	$\frac{3.00}{4.25}$
Examination work for Department		80.25 4,531.00	1.46 82.38
Special work for Department other than above		400.00	7.27
Attending meetings of Divisional boards	S.	1,059.25	19.26
field days	*******	848.00	15.42 1.11
Curriculum work for Department		61.00 262.25	4.77
Total		7,640.50	138.92
Grand Total	1	4,616.50	265.75
TABLE OF MILEAGE			
	_	Total	Average
Miles travelled			
Rail Bus		57,291 17,149	1,041.65 311.80
Total		74,440	1,353.45
Road (a) Own car		452,722	8,231.31
(b) Car mileage not charged to Department		54,901	998.20
(c) Other conveyance		29,802	541.85
Total		537,425	9,771.36
Grand Total		611,865	11,124.81

#### STAFF CHANGES

- Mr. R. J. Scott, whose first appointment as inspector of schools was with the Department of Education in 1929, retired at midsummer from the superintendency of Sturgeon School Division No. 24. He served his country in France in the first Great War and as staff officer in the second. Mr. Scott was succeeded as superintendent in Sturgeon School Division No. 24 by Mr. J. F. Swan. Mr. Swan, who first joined the supervisory staff in 1940, transferred to this position from that of Assistant Director of School Administration. Dr. A. W. Reeves, from the position of inspector of high schools at Edmonton, was appointed Assistant Director of School Administration.
- Dr. G. L. Mowat, inspector of high schools at Calgary until midsummer, then transferred to a similar position at Edmonton.
- Dr. R. E. Rees and Mr. L. W. Kunelius were appointed, in August to be inspectors of high schools. Dr. Rees, previously a member of the supervisory staff, and then of the staffs of the Saskatchewan and Alberta Faculties of Education, after a year as superintendent in the County of Grande Prairie, became inspector of high schools at Red Deer. Mr. L. W. Kunelius, who had been superintendent in Westlock School Division No. 37, became inspector of high schools at Calgary.

In August two members of the staff of superintendents of schools were appointed to be Assistant Professors in the Faculty of Education of the University of Alberta. Mr. S. A. Lindstedt, who had been superintendent in Rocky Mountain School Division No. 15, joined the Faculty Staff at Calgary, and Mr. W. H. Worth, superintendent in Acadia School Division No. 8, at Oyen, joined the Faculty staff at Edmonton.

- Mr. E. G. McDonald transferred at midsummer from the superintendency in Provost School Division No. 33 to that at Westlock.
- Mr. A. H. Elliott, who had been superintendent-at-large, at the first of September relieved Mr. W. H. Worth as Superintendent at Oyen.

In August Mr. H. J. Hall, and Mr. V. R. Nyberg joined the supervisory staff. Mr Hall who had been principal of the high and public schools at Oyen, became superintendent of the Rocky Mountain School Division No 15; Mr. Nyberg, who had been principal of schools, Calmar, became superintendent-at-large. In December, Mr. C. M. Ward, coming from the staff of the L. A. Thurber Composite High School at Red Deer, assumed the duties of superintendent-at-large.

# SUPERINTENDENTS' CONFERENCE

This conference was held in the last week of January, with the sessions of the first day in the Education Building of the University of Alberta and those of the second and third days at the Department of Education. The program was designed by a committee representing the superintendents to meet the expressed wishes of the majority. The principal themes of the addresses and discussions were The Language Arts, Education of Gifted Children, and The Desired Functional Qualities in New School Buildings.

Miss Alice Heenan of Chicago contributed very helpfully and was consultant on Language Problems in the Elementary Grades, and Present Trends in Language Teaching. A panel discussion provided opportunity for three superintendents to present some of the problems in the teaching of language and also some of the procedures which are being found valuable in the areas of oral language, creative expression and usage and grammar studies. Members of the University staff, Dr. H. T. Coutts, Dr. W. H. Johns, and Dr. M. M. Scargill, introduced interesting questions and possibilities concerning Language Problems in School and University. Members of the Faculty of Education staff were contributors and consultants in the group sessions.

The conference heard addresses and reports and held discussions on The Work of the Co-terminous Boundary Commission, the 1955 Canadian Education Association — Kellogg Short Course on School Supervision, and the Progress Made by the Department's Elementary, Junior High School and Senior High School Curriculum Committees. Mr. J. E. Ingram, representing the Saskatchewan School Inspectors' Association, outlined advances in the program of school supervision in his province.

The minutes of the conference and the subjects of addresses and discussion were excellently edited by Superintendent Berry, who produced an interesting pamphlet which has proved very valuable to our educationists.

#### **ZONE MEETINGS**

Group meetings for the Superintendents of each of six geographical zones were held during the year. The zone organization provides an opportunity for the study of common problems. The superintendents and high school inspectors in these groups have carried out projects in special-subject areas, with resultant increased effectiveness in school supervision.

# SURVEY OF EDUCATIONAL CONDITIONS AND PROGRESS AS INDICATED BY REPORTS OF DIVISIONAL SUPERINTENDENTS

(Consolidated by Gerald L. Berry)

Each superintendent of schools has submitted a report on educational conditions and progress in his area. The reports have covered:

- A. General Conditions
- B. Operation of Schools
- C. School Administration
- D. Furniture and Equipment
- E. Audio-Visual Equipment
- F. Special Services
- G. Inspection and Supervison
- H. Liaison with other Departments
- I. Miscellaneous

The information given in these reports has been consolidated here to provide a general summary of the activities of the school divisions and a review of the methods and techniques followed in the class-rooms of the Province.

## A. GENERAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The reports of many of the superintendents of schools, particularly from those areas which have a strictly agricultural economy, express a note of pessimism regarding the economic outlook. This is especially true in the grain growing districts, where delivery quotas, weather conditions, and insect infestations combined to reduce farm income. Reduced income and restricted credit resulted in lower retail sales. A much brighter economic picture is presented by superintendents in areas of diversified farming, where the farmers experience a stable if not prosperous economy. Many farmers find that practically all their surplus grain can be marketed by feeding cattle and swine. Throughout the northern areas, various seed crops such as grass seed, rape seed, flax, and mustard are finding a ready market. During the year malting barley and flax were sold without quota restrictions. Farmers near large centres of population are able to dispose of quantities of fresh farm produce such as milk, dairy products, poultry, and eggs. The irrigation areas in the southern part of the province continue to experience prosperity with their specialized crops. The farmers in marginal areas often have considerable opportunity to supplement their income by seasonal employment in lumber camps and mills or on geographical and oil exploration crews. Many farm women are employed as teachers in local schools. Several reports indicate tendency toward the consolidation of farms into larger units of management.

The use of oil and other manufactured fuels tends to depress the coal mining industry. However, the rather severe winter of 1955-56 resulted in the maintenance of this primary industry at a better level than that of recent years. Only two small mines were reported closed during the year; the miners were employed in neighboring collieries, so no serious hardship or mass movement of families was involved.

The building construction industry continued active throughout the province. It provided a ready market for the local products of the lumber industry, which continued to expand and prosper. Spruce and poplar lumber and poplar plywood are the chief lumber products. A high demand for railroad ties is reported. Pulpwood production continued at a high level around Edson and High Prairie. Of particular interest is the new town of Hinton, based on pulp mill operation, providing a huge payroll and contributing to the improvement of general economic conditions in that area.

Fur farming, generally confined to mink ranching, continued to prosper in the areas near Lesser Slave Lake and Lac La Biche. The industry is becoming specialized in production of peltries with less attention than formerly given to the development of breeding stock. Commercial fishing for whitefish, pike, pickeral, perch and tullibee is an important seasonal industry. Trapping is decreasing in importance as trap lines must be moved further a-field before advancing settlement.

The oil industry with its various subsidiary industries continued to expand. Considerable wealth has been brought to the province as a whole and to some areas in particular. Among the attendant problems has been that of provision of school services for a more or less non-permanent population. As the personnel changes from that of exploration and drilling crews to that of maintenance and production

crews there is often a wide variation in school population. An incidental gain made in many areas has been the improvement of roads which has followed oil exploration development. Considerable employment has been provided by pipe line construction.

There was some decrease in retail sales of farm machinery. Cash purchases have increased as credit has been partially restricted.

The tourist attractions of Alberta have become widely known. In some areas tourist traffic has doubled when compared with that of the previous year.

Tax collections were maintained at a high level. In a few municipalities only did arrears of unpaid taxes show any increase. All school requisitions are being met by the tax-collecting authorities.

In general, strong demand for improved educational services continued throughout the province during the year even though the cost of these services continued to increase.

## B. OPERATION OF SCHOOLS

# (a) Regularity and Completeness of Operation. Comparison with 1954-55

Some criteria for measuring the effectiveness of school operation include:

- 1. The operation of all classrooms under qualified personnel.
- 2. The regular attendance of all pupils at school.
- The continuous, regular, and dependable operation of school vans.
- 4. The improvement of existing services.
- 5. The increase of services or educational opportunities.

Many of the superintendents report a difficult year in so far as regular operation of school bus routes was concerned. The very severe winter with heavy snow resulted in a loss of school time varying from an occasional day in some areas to as many as forty days in others. The most difficult conditions were experienced in the central part of the province. The loss of school time for other reasons was negligible, so the average percentage of attendance for the year was about the same as in recent years.

Most superintendents were optimistic concerning the teacher supply. Only a small number of rooms were operated as supervised correspondence centres, with practically all of these in isolated rural areas. Centralization is continuing at a modest rate, often dependent upon the improvement of the roads to a point which will permit effective school van operation. Several divisions are attempting to provide better transportation services than the minimum required. There is a movement in many places to offer Grade X or Grade XI instruction at school centres near the homes of the pupils. Only a shortage of qualified personnel prevents the offering of a wide range of high school subjects in small high schools. The consensus of opinion among superintendents is that the educational opportunities offered the pupils of the province improved substantially during the year.

## (b) Salary Levels of Teachers.

In general there have been substantial increases in the average salaries of teachers over those of the previous year. The average salary

in school divisions ranged up to \$3600 per year, although the basic minimum salary remained more or less constant around \$2200 per year. The single salary schedule has come into general use throughout the province, although it is modified in several divisions by clauses which provide additional salary for junior and senior high school teachers, and for teachers of such specialized subjects as home economics, industrial arts and commercial electives. Many schedules are making quite attractive offers to career teachers, with salaries of senior personnel reaching rates above \$6000 per annum. One newly negotiated schedule (Lacombe) has a maximum over \$8000 for a principal, with full allowances for training and experience. Allowances for university training are being increased also, with payments up to \$1500 per year to a teacher holding two degrees becoming fairly common.

Supplementary allowances vary from place to place, being often designed to suit local conditions. Several areas provide teacherages at nominal rental and isolation bonuses to make rural positions more attractive. Supervisory allowances for principals range up to \$1500, with \$800 to \$1000 being most common. In addition, at least one division makes provision for expense allowances for principals. Many schedules provide for additional payment to teachers who hold special certificates in particular subjects. Six schedules provide a bonus for teachers who have classrooms with heavy enrolments. Seven divisions provide extra salary ranging from \$100 to \$300 for teachers with dependents. Sick leave with pay is cumulative in many areas, for periods varying from forty to two hundred days per year. One schedule includes a merit clause permitting payment above the rates of the regular schedule for cause, and one schedule provides for sabbatical leave with part pay after twelve years of service.

# (c) Availability of Teachers. Teacher Recruitment.

In general, teachers were available in sufficient number for the elementary school classrooms. A small number of schools, mainly in remote areas, operated as correspondence instruction centres with supervisors in charge. Improved living and working conditions helped to decrease the rate of turnover of teaching staff in many areas, with improved instruction resulting from the continuity of service of the teachers in many classrooms. The teachers who have attended one or more of the summer sessions of the Emergency Teacher Training Program have made a valuable contribution in the schools. Most of the superintendents have found the work of these trainees comparable to that of other inexperienced teachers. The number of married women teachers increased in almost every rural area. Relatively high salary levels have induced a number of teachers past retirement age to return to teaching; the same factor has encouraged numbers of teachers to come to Alberta from other provinces and countries.

The shortage of well-qualified high school teachers increased during the year. Factors contributing to this shortage include the single salary schedule, the rapidly increasing high school enrolment, and the movement of high school teachers from rural to city staffs. In an attempt to provide adequate high school services, school boards have transferred to the senior high school many of the better qualified junior high school teachers, thus creating a shortage at the latter level. Most superintendents report a continuing shortage of personnel qualified in the specialized fields of commercial electives, physical education,

home economics, and industrial arts. There is an increasing demand for qualified young men to take administrative positions as principals of small schools.

The provision of bursaries for teachers-in-training is regarded as a very effective method of teacher recruitment. The bursaries provided by the school divisions and the Department of Education were made available to students who agreed to teach in the division which participated in providing the bursary. The repayment of the bursary is considered complete when the teacher so assisted while training has taught for a period of two years. Many divisional boards are introducing variations of the bursary plan. One division offers its teachers-in-training \$300 for each of four successive years of attendance at the Faculty of Education; another offers \$500 for each of two years to those training in a specialized field or for high-school teaching. Some areas offer loans in addition to bursaries. Several public relations programs are carried out to familiarize pupils with the opportunities offered in the field of education. Many superintendents encourage teacher recruitment in talks to graduating classes, by dissemination of literature, and by career nights. The general public is becoming more aware of the acute need for teachers.

## C. SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

# (a) Changes in Administration During the Year

No major boundary changes were made during the year, although minor adjustments were made in several divisions and counties. A number of new districts have been organized during the year, all of them included in divisions or counties except the separate school districts. In many of these new districts, school service is provided by conveyance of the pupils to other operating schools. Twelve districts, formerly independent, were included in divisions during the year.

The centralization of schools is progressing at a modest rate. The advantages of centralization, which are generally recognized, include the easier provision of staff and the extension of school services offered. Many divisions continue to provide for Grades I to VI in rural schools while providing conveyance for those pupils who are in the higher grades. Seven new centralizations have been effected, but the usual procedure seems to be to transport pupils to already existing centres. Over one hundred rural schools were closed during the year, with the pupils being conveyed to operating schools.

## (b) Effects of Changes in Administration.

All the superintendents recognize the fact that centralization of schools is a most influential factor in the improvement of educational services. The graded school centre offers better instructional equipment, a more extensive and varied program, and improved health and sanitary conditions. These things not only add to the comfort and welfare of the pupils, but also to the attractiveness of the teacher's position. The greater possibilities for provision of guidance services and specialized groupings of pupils for remedial work or enrichment are recognized. Many divisions report that all potential high school students have school van service available to them which provides the opportunity

to all to complete a high school program. Several areas provide boarding or other assistance to high school pupils. Two divisions report that they have abandoned home economics and industrial arts circuits in favor of transporting pupils to a centre. This has an advantage in provision of superior equipment, and, in addition, makes the position more attractive to prospective teachers.

Teachers are more readily available for rooms in graded centralizations than for rural ungraded schools. Similarly, less trouble is experienced in staffing large high schools than in staffing smaller high schools. New centralizations continue to alleviate the teacher shortage, as fewer teachers are needed to offer superior service. One such centralization this year is providing service for eleven rural districts in five classrooms, while another provides service for five districts in two classrooms. Better housing conditions, reduced number of grades in each classroom, and professional companionship all contribute to making these positions more attractive to teachers. Several divisions are giving greater attention to housing conditions as an important factor in the attraction and retention of staff.

Some of the factors that contribute to the retention of pupils in school after they reach the age of fifteen years are: availability of school service which will permit them to remain at home, variety and interest of subjects offered, the cycling of certain subjects in Grades X and XI, and social pressure in the community. Many divisions are making high school service available to all through improved conveyance service. Only the larger high schools are able to offer a varied program with appeal to all groups of the student body. However, most superintendents believe that retention of pupils past age fifteen is improving each year, although this assumption is difficult to establish factually because of the increasing number of pupils in each successive age group which may account for the steadily rising enrolment in the high schools. Among the reasons given by superintendents in explanation of the discontinuance of attendance of pupils before they have completed the high school program are the following: apathy of home and community, inability to finance a program, indifference of certain religious and ethnic groups to more than the minimum educational requirements, employment opportunities for unskilled and untrained labor, and inability of some students to profit fully from the high school program offered locally.

The activities of local boards vary from place to place. In some divisions, they play an important role in interpretation of the school policy to the ratepayers. In other areas they serve an important function as a means of communication between the ratepayers and the divisional boards. They exercise their rights where religious instruction is demanded and in bilingual areas. However, several superintendents report that the local boards are non-existent or inactive in their inspectorates. Parents, generally speaking, are active participants in local Home and School Associations, and appear interested in their local schools, as evidenced by attendance at "open house" days at school and by participation in parent-teacher interviews. Nevertheless, light attendance at annual subdivisional meetings would seem indicative of lessened interest of electors with respect to school policies. The local Home and School Associations seem to be usurping much of the liaison function formerly exercised by local boards. The Home and School Association is recognized as a most valuable agent in the promotion

of a public relations program for education. The activities in the field of education of many local organizations such as the I.O.D.E., Women's Institute, Ladies' Auxiliaries, service clubs and Chambers of Commerce are recognized and appreciated.

# (c) School Buildings

A list of the new buildings completed during the past year is contained in the report of the Director of School Administration. In nearly all areas new buildings are needed, with three divisions reporting programs in excess of \$1,000,000 for the immediate future. One division has embarked on a major project of teacherage construction with an estimated cost of \$70,000.

More of the new buildings have provision for auxiliary rooms in addition to classroom space. These include such areas as principal's office, staff room, students' union room, typing room, central library room, industrial arts and home economics rooms, music room, visual aids room, kitchen, supervised lunch room, play space, gymnasiums, and storage space. Modern plumbing, artificial lighting, temperature and ventilation controls in each room, air filters and humidifiers, and sick rooms all add to the health and comfort of pupils and teachers. Linoleum or composition floors contribute to cleanliness and improve appearance. Careful use of color makes interiors much more attractive. Greater attention is being given to safety features and to the special needs of primary children. Some of the new schools incorporate separate plumbing for each classroom. The convenience and cleanliness of oil or propane as a fuel is thought to offset the increased cost. Most communities are demanding more "extras" in new school buildings in spite of the increased cost involved.

The School Administration Branch is commended for its building plans, its advice to Boards and architects, its interpretation of capital grants regulations, its management of the sale of debentures, and its inspection of buildings under construction to ensure adherence to plans and specifications. The work of this Branch is appreciated by all superintendents.

### (d) Conveyance.

The number of school vans in the province is increasing every year. Obsolete and sub-standard vans are being replaced in nearly all areas, so that practically all are now classified as Grade A or B by the Highway Traffic Board. Periodical inspection by that body maintains bus standards at a high level, while the drivers' schools held throughout the province have a beneficial effect on service. In addition to regulation vans, one horse-drawn vehicle, two bombardiers, and about twenty passenger cars are still in use.

Good time schedules are maintained throughout the province. Indeed, several reports indicate that vans arrive at schools too early rather than too late. On very few routes are children required to ride for more than an hour in either the morning or the afternoon. Generally speaking, the vans are warm and comfortable, with proper attention to the health of pupils. The severe winter and heavy snow resulted in the loss of more van-pupil days than has been the case in recent years

Several minor accidents were reported, only one of which resulted in serious injury to a school child. The safety record is considered very good.

There is excellent liaison with the municipal authorities in connection with improvement of roads traversed by school vans. In many cases, the municipal councils consult the divisional boards when planning their program of road building, maintaining, gravelling, and snow-plowing. Superintendents of counties report excellent cooperation in this regard between the School Committees and the County Councils.

# D. FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

General improvement of furniture and school equipment is reported throughout the province. Most boards have established a policy of placing new furnishings in new classrooms, so that the average quality is thus improved. An adequate supply of pupils' and teachers' desks, cupboards, shelves and instructional aids is noted by all superintendents. Old style desks are gradually disappearing from the schools, being replaced by modern tubular steel desks in most cases. Science laboratory equipment and typewriters are in good supply in the larger centres, but the former is often inadequate in small schools. Where home economics and industrial arts are offered, the necessary equipment is improving only slowly, most boards apparently considering the need here less urgent than in other fields. A few divisions supply comfortable furniture for staff rooms. In some of the new larger schools intercommunication systems have been installed.

The policy with regard to supplying such additional equipment as pianos, radios, record players, projectors and duplicators varies from place to place. Some divisions supply such items in centralized schools, others share the cost with the local community, and others make no provision for such equipment.

Central libraries in divisional offices are proving to be an economical means of supplying all schools with an adequate supply of reference materials and an extensive variety of free reading books. However, it is recognized that basic reference libraries must still be made available in centralized schools.

An increasing number of divisions employ full time shop, repair, and maintainence crews. In many cases, where good men are employed, substantial economies are effected by the building and repair of school furniture.

## E. AUDIO-VISUAL EQUIPMENT

# (a) Extent and Effectiveness of Use of Films and Filmstrips.

Most of the larger schools and a few small ones are equipped with sound-film projectors. Films are obtained on loan from the Audio-Visual Aids Branch of the Department of Education, from the Department of Extention of the University, and from the National Film Board. Circulation difficulties detract from the effective use of films as classroom aids, because they are often not available at the time when they are most needed. Films, to be used most effectively, must be previewed by the teacher, who must then provide for adequate preparation for the class and for suitable follow-up procedures. Until the teachers use

this technique more efficiently, films continue to be regarded as entertainment rather than instruction. Even when proper techniques are not employed, there is some incidental learning which is particularly important for pupils of limited environmental background.

Film strips are a more concrete instructional aid than films, and their use and popularity is increasing rapidly. Some of the factors which enhance their value are: their availability in the school and classroom for teaching and review purposes, the ease of operation of the projector, the small original cost and economy of maintainence, and the attitude of pupils who regard the strips as a definite lesson adjunct. Local film strip libraries are being established in many divisions. It is considered that at the high school level more effective use of the facilities available could be made.

# (b) Use of Radio and School Broadcasts.

Only three small areas of the province report poor radio reception. The majority of pupils elsewhere in the province have access to radios in the classroom, and most of them follow from one to three programs per week. The excellent guidebooks provided by the School Broadcasts Branch have been most effective in improvement of the use of the programs. Generally speaking, the preparation for the broadcasts and the follow-up procedures are much more satisfactory than is the case in connection with the use of sound-films. Where time table difficulties seem difficult to resolve, some schools are making use of tape recorders, which make possible reproduction of the program at a more suitable or convenient time. The most popular programs include "Sing and Play", "It's Fun to Draw", "Current Events", and "Through the Magic Door". The music programs are most enjoyed, providing the core of music training and appreciation in many classrooms. The radio is recognized as an important motivational and instructional aid in art and current events.

## F. SPECIAL SERVICES

## (a) Dormitories.

The number of dormitories operated by school authorities is decreasing year by year as road conditions and conveyance services improve. The dormitories at Consort, Grande Prairie, Hanna, Kitscoty, Medicine Hat, Pincher Creek, Red Deer and Spirit River continued during the year to offer accommodation to high school students. The dormitory rates vary from \$15 to \$40 per month, with the boards undertaking to assist parents financially, or to underwrite the deficit of the dormitory. Where a good staff is available, the dormitories operate smoothly with a minimum of disciplinary or administrative problems. In addition to the school-operated dormitories, several are operated by various church organizations. Some divisions are able to provide conveyance for all high school students, while others pay a boarding allowance in lieu of conveyance.

# (b) Conveyance.

Nearly all school vans in the province are now Class A, factory built school vans, or Class B, converted panel trucks. The number of miscellaneous vehicles, such as converted trucks, horse-drawn vehicles,

passenger cars, station wagons and bombardiers, is being steadily reduced. These are generally used on very short routes only.

With improving road conditions and increasing centralization, the proportion of students conveyed by buses to school shows an increase each year. In several school divisions over half the pupil-population is so conveyed daily to and from school; from one division such conveyance of 76% of the pupils is reported. Some of the routes are quite long, and the amount of time spent on the school buses by pupils who board them at the first stops may be as much as an hour and thirty minutes. Generally, only some of the senior high school students will spend such an amount of time travelling to or from school in the morning or in the afternoon. One division provides special van service for dormitory pupils on Friday evening and Sunday evening.

Greater attention is given to the safety, health, and comfort of the pupils each year. The safety record is excellent with only one serious accident reported during the year. Although several days were lost in the central part of the province because of inclement weather during the winter, the dependability and punctuality of the buses is commendable. Several divisions are trying to provide service better than the minimum required by having routes approach each home. However, at least one division has found that "gate-to-gate" service makes the routes excessively long and expensive, so is reverting to a policy of having the routes established to provide service within a mile of each home.

In divisions where the administrative organization is such that good supervision and good maintainence services are available, divisional ownership of buses is considered to be more economical and to offer superior and more satisfactory service. However, where the economy of public ownership is offset by difficulties in supervision or maintenance, there is a trend toward private ownership. Twenty-four divisions and counties report all or most of their fleets under contract, while only thirteen own all or most of the vans in operation. Other areas use both types of ownership, with some regard to local needs and conditions.

## (c) Health Services.

The most important factor in the improvement of health services in the schools has been the organization of the Health Units. Forty-one divisions and counties now have excellent service from these Units, which provide pre-school clinics, medical examination and immunization of school children, school visitation, and sanitary inspection. Five areas outside the Health Units have the services of a public health nurse. Four school divisions report that they employ doctors, dentists and nurses when urgently needed.

Divisional boards show an increasing awareness of health problems and health needs in schools. In new buildings, attention is given to improved sanitary facilities, artificial lighting and space for health rooms. In many old buildings electricity and modern plumbing have been installed. In practically all schools first aid equipment, sanitary supplies, and sports equipment are provided. The East Smoky, Leduc, Macleod, Olds, Sangudo, and St. Paul divisions encourage a hot lunch

program by making some provision of equipment and assistance. Eight divisions supply vitamin capsules for their pupils during the winter months.

The work of the Provincial Mental Guidance Clinics held in various parts of the province is highly commended. The reports given to the teachers contain valuable suggestions which are effective in direct proportion to the quality of the follow-up procedures used.

Several agencies outside the school, such as the Junior Red Cross and the Alberta Safety Council, work for promotion of better health, safety, and improved health attitudes of school children. There is increasing public consciousness of health needs.

# (d) Rental of Textbooks to Pupils.

There is some division of opinion regarding the merits of a divisional textbook rental plan. Some parents feel that a saving is effected in total cost, while others maintain that this is not the case for pupils who are careful with their books and keep them in good condition for re-sale at the end of the year. The greatest advantage seems to be that every pupil has all necessary books at hand when school opens in the fall. Among the disadvantages cited are: the need for additional storage space, the original financial outlay and possible loss, the fact that no pupil is guaranteed new books or even books in good condition, and the increased clerical work for teachers and administrative officials.

Most of the divisions which have text-book rental plans in effect make the rental charge about one-third of the list price of the books. This leaves them a margin of the school discount which they receive (15%) for administrative expense and loss. This plan is generally acceptable to parents, although there are many objections to paying the same rental for used as for new books. Seven divisions have rental plans in effect for all grades, seven have plans for Grades I to IX, two each for Grades VII to IX, Grades VII to XII, Grades III to IX, and Grades III to XII, and one for Grades IV to IX. There are six cases where the local Home and School Association or the Students' Council operates a rental scheme on a small scale. One division supplies all basic textbooks free of charge to pupils of Grades I to IX, while two divisions and three districts supply free textbooks to all elementary school pupils.

#### (e) School Libraries.

The amounts budgeted for library services are increasing, as boards recognize a greater need for a generous supply of books. The annual expenditure per pupil ranges from one to three dollars where this method of distribution is in effect. Leduc Division reports a budget of \$14,000 for library purposes, and others are approaching \$10,000 for this service. Several divisions support regional and community libraries, either by cash grants or by provision of space and other facilities. In return, these libraries provide free service to all school children.

Divisional libraries may be divided into four patterns. All books in a central library, a central library plus a local school library, a complete library in each school, and a library in each classroom. The

second and third systems are regarded as most satisfactory. The best central libraries include supplementary reading materials for all grades, reference materials of limited use, and professional reading materials. There is a recognized need to have a sufficient supply of commonly used reference materials available in each school. The movement to provide central library and reading rooms in large schools is recommended by those who have tried this system. The central circulating library seems most satisfactory for small schools. Many schools appreciate the facilities of the Department of Extension for augmenting other library sources.

Only a few divisions supply such materials as sets of encyclopaedias, although several boards make grants to local groups who ask for financial assistance to place such books in the schools.

Some divisions provide desk copies of books for teachers from the library budget, but this does not seem to be a common practice.

Many divisions recognize a need for current material in the schools by making provision for subscriptions to periodicals as part of the library service. The more popular school periodicals include: Canadian Nature, Canadian Geographical Journal, World Affairs, The Educator, and Junior Scholastic.

# (f) Assistance rendered by Assistant Superintendents, Supervising Teachers, or Special-subject Supervisors.

The supervisory staff of the Department of Education usually includes one or two superintendents-at-large, who are available to assist superintendents who have very large numbers of classrooms or who for any reason may be taken away from their regular duties.

Several divisional boards recognize the need for supervisory assistance to the superintendent, and make some provision for this by employment of special supervisors or assistants. Three divisions, Bonnyville, High Prairie, and St. Mary's River, employ supervisors of instruction. Their work includes the direction of an extensive testing program, guidance regarding the requisite follow-up procedures, assistance to inexperienced teachers, remedial work, guidance of senior students, supervision of Correspondence School Branch centres, organization of workshops and institutes, and general assistance in classroom visitation. The qualifications for this position include a sound academic background, some training in guidance, successful teaching experience, a cooperative attitude, ability to inspire confidence among teachers, and a magnetic personality.

In the Coal Branch, Edson, Leduc, and Westlock divisions, helping teachers are employed. The helping teacher is able to work with student teachers and other inexperienced teachers, organize remedial reading programs, supervise the testing program, edit a monthly bulletin for teachers, assess reference materials, and provide general assistance to the superintendent. In the Lacombe division a travelling teacher is employed to relieve principals for supervisory duties in their own schools. In the Camrose division, one principal has part-time supervisory duties outside his own school. Music supervisors are providing special services in the Lacombe, Red Deer and Smoky Lake divisions. Principals are becoming increasingly competent in supervision of their respective staffs.

# (g) Education and Care of Abnormal Children

Abnormal children include both especially gifted children and physically or mentally handicapped children. Most of the school divisions are doing very little for these groups, although there is increasing awareness of problems in this area which may lead to some action being taken. There appears to be much more attention and sympathy for the retarded group than for the gifted.

Classrooms for retarded children and opportunity rooms for slow learners are operated at Grande Prairie, Leduc, and Wainwright, and in the major cities. All of these admit pupils from the surrounding areas up to the limits of their capacity. All divisions which are able to use these services pay the tuition fees and usually assist the parents with boarding allowances. There are no classrooms operated in divisions as special acceleration rooms for the bright or gifted pupils, although one or two large centres are experimenting with homogeneous groupings, and several divisions give some attention to accelerated promotions in regular classrooms. Where possible, some special guidance is given to the teachers and parents of such pupils. Some divisions provide special equipment for pupils with defective hearing or vision.

The mobile Provincial Mental Guidance Clinics provide important services in the diagnosis of seriously retarded cases, and in facilitating admissions to the Provincial Training School at Red Deer. The latter is unable to accommodate all the children who could profit from the training given there. The clinics offer excellent guidance services for gifted children, and those superintendents who refer gifted as well as problem children report much better public acceptance of the work of the clinics.

### G. INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION

## (a) Effectiveness of Instruction in the Elementary School.

Generally speaking, the supply of teachers for, and the quality of instruction in the elementary grades is at a satisfactory level. The Emergency Teacher Training Program has produced a number of teacher trainees, who have made it possible to reduce correspondingly the number of supervised centres in the province. If any weakness appears, it would seem to be in the preparation and planning of lesson material. One effect of increasing centralization has been the development of a more professional feeling among teachers, contributing to high morale.

The quality of instruction in language, with the resultant level of achievement in this subject, shows wide variation. Most superintendents and many teachers recognize a need for special work in this field, as indicated by the large number of institutes and projects in language conducted throughout the province. The emphasis in the primary grades is on oral expression, and the instruction here is satisfactory, with the majority of the pupils showing a ready and fluent command of the language. Written communication in Grade IV to VI needs much more attention, as the too close following of workbooks and textbooks results in stilted, rather formal expression. The best teachers develop a functional rather than formal approach to this subject, and some make excellent correlations with the enterprise and other activities. However, pupils need still more practice with

paragraphs, letters, essays, stories, and reports, to give them the command of language and facility in expression which they need. The opportunities for creative work by pupils in these grades should be increased rather than curtailed. Too much emphasis on correctness of mechanical details may smother creativity and reduce fluency. Better lesson preparation with more attention to motivational aspects of teaching should have beneficial effects in this subject area. Children who come from homes where languages other than English are spoken have additional difficulties to overcome.

The instruction in the cultural fields of music and art varies from room to room, depending upon the talent, training, and background of the teacher. In some classrooms, very little instruction in these subjects is provided, while in others a sincere appreciation of music has been developed and good creative art is produced. In the larger schools, results are satisfactory, because of the presence on teaching staffs of some well-qualified teachers of these subjects. Some divisions have travelling music supervisors to assist with this subject, one division has a music appreciation record library, one division has a travelling art exhibit, several divisions had the services of an instructor from the Department of Fine Arts of the University at an institute. There is some very good correlation of music and art, especially of the latter, with the enterprise work. All superintendents comment on the excellent impetus given to good music and art instruction by the School Broadcasts. The supply of materials, instruments, and instructional aids is generally considered adequate for a good program. The number of inspired teachers of fine arts is much too small.

The instruction in reading in the primary grades is considered one of the bright spots in the elementary school. The attention given to this subject in recent years has had beneficial results. Teachers in these grades can perform effectively by following the guides supplied by the publishing houses. The Basic Reading Tests are used as a basis for grouping pupils for instruction. Emphasis is placed on good preparation for the reading program. Unfortunately, the same degree of teaching skill as in the primary grades is not apparent in Grades IV to VI, but improvement is being made here also.

Improvement of the instruction in arithmetic is slow, but perceptible. More teachers are attempting to teach a concept of number as well as mastery of the fundamental processes. More concrete materials are being used with resultant better understanding and achievement by the pupils.

The parallel activities in science and health are not well integrated with the enterprise. Very little experimentation is done, and very few field trips are conducted. Some attention is being given to the more practical aspects of both science and health. Perhaps more specific direction is needed in planning the work in these fields.

Pupil interest continues high in the enterprise, and some teachers show considerable skill in the use of this technique. Where a divisional program of cycling has been developed for the enterprise work, there is greater cohesion and unity in the content of the program, with generally improved results.

Generally speaking, instruction in physical education in the elementary schools is weak, except in the occasional school which has good

equipment and a well-qualified instructor. Instruction in spelling continues to be rather stereotyped, with too little carry-over to related subjects. There is room for improvement of instruction in penmanship, and of standards of handwriting achieved by pupils, in Grades IV to VI.

# (b) Effectiveness of Instruction in Junior High Schools.

The large majority of the teachers in the junior high schools have had good training and considerable experience. Unfortunately, the shortage of high school teachers has had an adverse effect on this supply, because many boards have induced the best qualified personnel to move into the senior high school.

The authorized textbooks in General Science provide inadequate coverage of the course outlines, with the result that those teachers who use the textbook exclusively do not cover the material satisfactorily. The instruction in the larger centralizations where some specialization is possible is good. In such schools, experimental work is done and field trips are organized, with resultant development of an appreciation of the scientific method. Where the lecture method of presentation predominates, there is little pupil participation, flagging interest, and but little attention to generalization or practical application of the course material. Film strips are being used in some areas as an instructional aid with good success. Most of the large schools and some of the smaller ones have adequate equipment for the science program.

Although the integration of social studies and language is far from complete, there is evidence of an increasing tendency to arrange that one teacher should teach both of these subjects to a class using the timetable "block" plan. Many teachers feel greater confidence in handling the two subjects separately, but are willing to correlate them where the obvious opportunity to do so exists. The new textbook in Grade IX Social Studies has been received with approval and enthusiasm. Many teachers have a formal rather than functional approach to instruction in language, with resultant mastery of the elements of grammar but too little competency or fluency in either oral or written expression. There appears to be a definite need for a program of more actual writing, with attention to sentence-structure, paragraph organization, polishing, and re-writing. Adequate attention is given to research and reports, to the use of maps, charts and graphs, and to current events.

There seems to be a "double standard" for spelling in the junior high school, with good work in the formal spelling lesson but insufficient carry-over to other subjects. The pupils do not seem impressed with the need for good spelling, so that many errors are simply the result of carelessness and indifference. The best teachers compile special spelling lists for each subject field and for each individual pupil. Even though this entails a great deal of time and effort, the results are highly satisfactory.

Only very limited attention is given to the basic reading skills at this level. Many teachers think that reading has been mastered in the elementary school, in spite of research which indicates the fallacy of this assumption. On the other hand, some schools have very good remedial reading programs, with good diagnostic tests and attention to a developmental program of improvement of speed and comprehension. More attention is being given to retarded readers by the provision in

libraries of books with a high interest level and a low vocabulary level. The remedial reading textbook is a good one when properly used. The leisure reading program is well developed throughout the province.

Industrial arts and home economics are offered as electives to a large number of Grade IX classes, to a smaller number of Grade VIII classes, and to only a few Grade VII groups. These courses prove popular with both pupils and parents, and will probably be offered more extensively as more qualified teachers become available. However, they are considered relatively expensive in the junior high school. Agriculture is offered in only very few schools, and depends for its success on organized field trips, research, and experimental work.

# (c) Effectiveness of Instruction in the High School.

Except in the small high schools and in the combined junior-senior high schools, the supervisory function of the superintendent is limited. However, he is the chief administrative officer for the schools in his area. The cycling of certain subjects in Grades X and XI has facilitated programming in the small high school, and has been a definite factor in the retention of numbers of pupils in the schools beyond Grade IX. There appears to be a definite trend toward decentralization of large high schools so that more pupils may receive a part of their high school program near their homes. This type of organization, together with increasing high school enrolment, has aggravated the teacher shortage at this level.

There is generally favorable comment regarding the textbooks for literature 10 and 20. Practically all of the smaller schools cycle these subjects. Literature 21 (Survey of English Literature) is not frequently included in the programs of subjects. Teachers find the curriculum guide of considerable assistance.

Biology or Science II is offered as an elective in some schools. It is a popular course where field trips and experimental projects are undertaken, but it can become merely an academic textbook course.

Home economics and technical electives depend for their success to a large degree on the personality, enthusiasm, and efficiency of the teacher. It is observed in many areas that the pupils of smaller high schools are less enthusiastic about these courses if they have had considerable opportunity already to take them in the junior high school. A shortage of qualified teachers curtails the program offered in many centres. The high schools near the Schools of Agriculture at Fairview and Vermilion are able to use their facilities for five months of the year.

Agriculture was offered in only a limited number of schools and appears in some cases to be characterized by limited scope and absence of practical contact with the needs of the community.

# (d) Co-operative and Group Supervision.

Group supervisory activities are becoming increasingly popular. The Principals' Association is a key organization in practically all divisions where feasible. Most of these Associations meet four or five times each year, although some have a regular monthly meeting. A few divisional boards defray a part of the expenses involved. The principal is assuming a more active role in providing guidance and leadership not only to his

own staff, but in various group projects. The more professional the principal is, the more effective he is in performing his supervisory duties. The Principals' Association not only assists in school administration, but give attention to testing programs, report cards, special research projects, promotion policies, and public relations.

Divisional testing programs have proved instrumental in the improvement of instruction. From ten inspectorates it is reported that such programs have been carried out in the elementary schools, from twenty that they have been used in junior high schools, and from thirteen their use in senior high schools.

Diagnostic surveys and remedial projects have been undertaken in many fields. Eleven projects were organized in reading, seven in language, four in enterprise work, three in spelling, and one each in art and arithmetic. Two divisions undertook the development and publication of a handbook summarizing divisional policies. Four divisions in the vicinity of Calgary, with assistance and direction from the University, are doing research to determine the effects on achievement of pupils who ride school vans.

The "Five-School Project", which involves Camrose, Lacombe, Leduc, Ponoka, and Wetaskiwin, is an important experiment in co-operative supervision. Six divisions make arrangements for intervisitation of teachers. All report this project to have special value for the inexperienced teachers.

#### (e) Conventions and Institutes.

All locals of the Alberta Teachers' Association held their annual two-day district conventions. The optimum size for these conventions seems to be an enrolment of about 200 teachers from two or three inspectorates. Smaller conventions are too narrow in outlook and fail to stimulate professional growth, while larger conventions became rather more social and problems of accommodation and attendance become serious. The annual convention should provide inspiration and give all participating teachers a chance to share their problems and experiences. The smaller conventions are able to use workshop procedures to advantage, while the planning of larger conventions depends more substantially on demonstrations, panels, and speakers.

Administrative institutes were held in most divisions early in the fall, with the high school inspector, the superintendent, and the principals in attendance. These institutes were valuable in the organization of the high school programs.

A representative of one of the companies which publish readers in use in our schools acted as a consultant at a number of language institutes held throughout the northern part of the province. This provided a very full day for those who attended, so full, indeed, that practically no time was left for discussion. The lack of teacher participation was the only weakness in this otherwise very valuable presentation.

Most superintendents find the one-day institute, held for a specific purpose, to be a most valuable means for the improvement of instruction. Occasionally, all of the teachers of a school division are brought together for discussion and study of a mutual problem, such as promotion policies or improvement in the language arts. More often only

those teachers interested in a specific problem are involved. Some of the subjects considered during the year included primary methods, primary reading, the enterprise, elementary reading, problems in bilingual schools, junior high school discipline, treatment of the lazy pupil in high schools, and special subject fields.

# (f) Religious Instruction in Schools.

The superintendents do not supervise this work, except to see that the provisions of The School Act with respect to religious exercises are observed. Most schools open with the recitation of the Lord's Prayer and the reading of prescribed selections from the Bible. All separate school boards and a number of other local boards exercise the right to have the last half-hour of the school day reserved for religious instruction. In most separate schools this instruction is given daily, while in most of the others which have religious instruction it is given only once a week. Pupils who do not wish to participate are excused from attendance, usually being provided for in a supervised study period. It is common practice for the local clergy to participate in the instruction, although the class remains under the supervision of the teacher.

# (g) Bi-lingual Schools.

The bi-lingual schools are located in those areas of the province where a concentration of French-speaking people is found. They are defined as those schools in which a primary course in the French language is offered. There are thirty-seven such schools in the province, located in the following inspectorates: High Prairie (11), St. Paul (6), Bonnyville (5), Lac La Biche (4), Sturgeon (4), Westlock (2), Peace River (2), Spirit River (1), Leduc (1), and Two Hills (1). They include approximately 240 classrooms with an enrolment of about 6000 pupils.

In all schools in which the local board of trustees by resolution decides to have a primary course in French taught, French is, for the French-speaking children, one of the authorized subjects of study. The French language may be used as the language of instruction in other subjects during the pupils' first school year, provided that Oral English is from the beginning included as a subject of study. During the child's second year at school the formal teaching of reading in English is begun. From Grades III to IX a period of one hour per day may be used for the teaching of French reading, grammar, dictation, language, composition, and literature. Such schools are required to provide instruction in English in all subjects of the course for those children whose mother tongue is not French. The regular program of studies is used, curtailed only by the shortage of time necessitated by the provision for the French course.

# (h) Discipline and Control.

The maturity and experience of the teacher, a personality that commands respect, sound leadership, adequate preparation and planning, and interesting teaching procedures, all contribute to sound discipline and satisfactory classroom control. The best discipline should develop self-control and a sense of responsibility on the part of the pupils. Teachers generally are accepting their responsibilities in guid-

ance, and show an increasing interest in studying the underlying causes of behaviour. Extra-curricular activitites are often used as a means of improving discipline and raising the morale of students.

In most of the schools, the level of control is satisfactory. Truancy presents a minor problem in a few schools, usually involving only a few pupils who attain age fifteen in the spring term.

The co-operation of principals, teachers, and bus drivers, serves to keep disciplinary troubles on school vans at a minimum. School centralization has presented a serious problem of supervision during the noon hour, but most principals are able to keep the situation under control by careful management. Some authorities are concerned about the number of high school students who appear indifferent to scholarship and are laggard in their studies. Since such students often present a disciplinary problem, some boards have taken action to discourage lack of application by placing limits on the number of years an individual student may spend in the high school grades. Parent-teacher conferences are considered a most satisfactory way of dealing with disciplinary situations.

#### H. LIAISON WITH OTHER DEPARTMENTS

Relations between divisional boards and municipal councils are excellent. In three areas the two bodies have a jointly-owned office building. The tendency is growing for a council member to attend the meetings of the divisional board, or for a board member to attend council meetings, especially when problems of mutual concern such as budget, road construction, or school building program are under discussion. The county superintendents report cordial relationships between the school committees and their respective county councils. Most municipalities are very cooperative in the construction, maintenance, gravelling and snow-plowing of school van routes. In the Improvement Districts the Department of Municipal Affairs is always most helpful.

All superintendents report friendly and cooperative working arrangements with all government bodies. The work of the Department of Health in the schools through such services as those provided by the Provincial Mental Guidance Clinics, the Health Units, the various inspection branches, and the public health nurses, is sincerely appreciated. The district agriculturists and the district home economists of the Department of Agriculture provide valuable leadership to young people in school fair organizations and the 4-H clubs. The facilities of the Schools of Agriculture at Fairview and Vermilion are made available to the local high schools for home economics and shop courses during five months of each year. The personnel of the Department of Lands and Forests, the Department of Highways, and the Department of Economic Affairs, are always cooperative in educational activities.

Valuable assistance to educational authorities is provided by several departments of the Government of Canada. The Family Allowances Branch, Department of Health and Welfare, provides assistance in promoting good school attendance. The R.C.M.P. is always most cooperative when called upon by the superintendents. The Indian Affairs Branch, Department of Citizenship and Immigration, administrates all school services for the Indian children and cooperates fully with local school authorities

## I. MISCELLANEOUS

# (a) Other Significant Developments.

At the end of the year a new inspectorate was organized at Fort Vermilion, which should provide more adequate administrative and supervisory services in that area.

Regional and zone conferences, both of trustees and of superintendents, continue to be a common feature of school administration. The Chief Superintendent of Schools, or other members of the staff of the Department of Education, attend such meetings in an advisory capacity.

A trend is noticed toward the enrolment and attendance of more Indian children in the district schools.

Many divisions are improving teacherages with electrification and modern plumbing in an attempt to attract and retain teachers.

The employment of a supervisory or helping teacher is becoming more common. Some boards are employing a relieving teacher so that teaching principals may be released from regular classroom work to perform other administrative and supervisory duties. The employment of such additional personnel contributes to the improvement of instruction.

## (b) Other Serious Problems.

A transient population is presenting a serious problem in some areas. Provision must be made for the education of the children involved, although the parents concerned, often high wage earners, do not contribute a fair share of school costs.

Concern is expressed regarding the spiralling nature of both capital and operational expenditures. The people as a whole are demanding more and better services. In some areas there is no corresponding increase in income.

# REPORT OF INSPECTORS OF HIGH SCHOOLS

## (Consolidated by J. W. Chalmers)

The following report differs in several respects from its predecessors during the past few years. Tables I to X are parallel to those which appeared in the Department's Annual Report for 1955, but the textual material is confined to two main topics. These are, first, the non-urban high school—its size, accommodation, equipment, staff, and program—and second, the duties of high school inspectors aside from the inspection and supervision of high schools.

## Non-Urban and Small Urban High Schools

## Size.

During the past ten years a significant change has occurred in the size of Alberta's non-urban and small urban high schools. In 1945 the proportion of classrooms that were to be found in high schools of

one or two rooms amounted to 51 percent. For 1950 and 1955 the corresponding percentages were 24 and 26, reaching 27 percent in 1956. During the past year, while the percentage climbed insignificantly from 26 to 27, the number of classrooms in one-room high schools rose abruptly from 60 to 92, while those in two-room institutions fell slightly from 158 to 154.

As the larger schools generally have more pupils per classroom, the percentage of students in one and two-room schools will be significantly smaller than is the percentage of rooms.

These figures suggest that today the typical non-urban high school is one of three or more classrooms. They also show that the small one or two-room high school is by no means a vanishing phenomenon, and under present conditions can be expected to continue to be significant in Alberta for many years.

#### Accommodation.

Today a great deal of care and money is being spent in the construction of adequate high school buildings. The gymnasium or gymnasium-auditorium that was once regarded as a luxury beyond the reach of any but the wealthiest districts is now regarded as an integral part of all but the smallest high school. Science laboratories, industrial arts shops, home economics centres and commercial rooms are similarly receiving adequate attention.

## Equipment.

Generally, as high school accommodation improves, so also does the equipment. Most schools offering science subjects at the Grade XII level are adequately equipped, except perhaps in biology, and here improvement is being noted. Steady improvement is apparent in equipment for physical education and in audio-visual aids. Many schools have purchased bioscopes and many are building up impressive film-strip libraries.

Non-urban high school libraries with few exceptions, however, are very disappointing. They contain few books, ill-chosen and too often in poor repair. Neither leisure-reading books nor subject-matter references are abundant. Services provided by local, community, or extension libraries, including divisional libraries, while often providing valuable supplemental services, do not replace those performed by a satisfactory school library.

#### Staff.

Perhaps the biggest single problem facing the non-urban high-schools during the year was that of obtaining adequately qualified staff. In a few places, classrooms previously operating were closed and in other cases, needed classrooms were not opened because of the lack of such teachers. In many schools, teachers were granted permission to teach above the grade level specified in their teaching certificates. The number of Alberta high school teachers with university degrees increased by only one, from 1050 to 1051, over that of the previous year, despite the fact that the total staff in public and separate high schools climbed by 151. These figures indicate a lowering of the

qualifications of high school teachers, a situation which particularly affects non-urban schools, as the best qualified teachers tend, on the average, to migrate to urban systems.

With the rapidly expanding high school population forecast by the Department's 1955 submission to the Gordon Royal Commission on Canada's Economic Prospects, it is apparent that the problem of securing adequately qualified staff for Alberta high schools will continue to be very serious for many years to come.

## **Program**

A perusal of Tables VII - X indicates that non-urban schools offer a predominantly academic program leading to university matriculation. The language other than English included in this program most often is French. A few schools continue to offer Latin, although the number is less than half what it was in 1940-50. On the other hand, in that year, only one such school offered first or second year German as compared to nine and four schools respectively for the year presently under review.

The academic courses are supplemented by a large number of general electives. In Grade X, these are mainly Mathematics II, a general course, Science II (biology), Bookkeeping 10 and Business Fundamentals 10, both introductory courses, and Music 10, Art 10 and Drama 10. In Grade XI, these three subjects almost disappear, probably because special teaching qualifications are required for Music 20, Art 20 and Drama 20, while they are not demanded at the Grade X level. The popular general electives are Literature 21 (Survey of English Literature), Law 20, Psychology 20, and Sociology 20. At the Grade XII level, the only general elective offered in a substantial number of schools is Economics 30. In non-urban schools, most Grade XII students are taking a matriculation program or are supplementing Grade XII academic subjects by general electives from a lower grade level to qualify for a High School Diploma.

It is interesting to note that in an agricultural province like Alberta, neither the general courses in Agriculture 10 or 21 nor the technical course, Agriculture 20, are taught in any significant number of schools, nor does this number appear to be increasing.

In the commercial field, a large number of schools offer Typewriting 10, which is often taken by academic and general students, as are Typewriting 20 and Bookkeeping 20. Only a few non-urban schools — perhaps about fifteen — can be considered as giving a two-year commercial program, while the number operating at the third year or Grade XII level is very small.

In the fields of home economics and industrial arts, similar situations prevail: a large number of schools offering courses at the Grade X level (Home Economics 10, Foods and Nutrition 10, Fabrics and Dress 10, Woodwork 10, General Mechanics 15 and 16), a much smaller number teaching the Grade XI electives, and none giving the Grade XII courses.

## **Non-Supervisory Duties of High School Inspectors**

In their capacities as inspectors and supervisors of high schools, staff members carry on many activities besides visiting teachers in their classrooms and reporting on their work. They hold meetings each fall with all principals under their jurisdiction to discuss school programs and other pertinent matters. They approve the program of each school for which they are responsible, sometimes only after considerable correspondence. They participate in meetings of schools staffs, principals' associations and high school teachers' institutes. They also speak to teachers at conventions. During the year, some or all of the high school inspectors were involved in two special projects: a Five-School Project, which included a variety of activities by five Central Alberta high schools of 100-250 students each, and a Composite School project, involving eight large urban high schools.

Non-supervisory activities, however, were almost as extensive. All high school inspectors are members of the High School Curriculum Committee, one serving as vice-chairman of the General Curriculum Committee. Each high school inspector is chairman or secretary or member of one or more special subject curriculum sub-committees, e.g. English, French, social studies, mathematics, etc.

High school inspectors also have responsibilities in connection with departmental examinations. One inspector is a member of the High School Entrance Examinations Board; another serves on the High School and University Matriculation Examinations Board. Assistance is rendered the Examinations Branch in the supervision of the marking of examinations, in the revision of examination papers, and frequently in their setting.

The chairman, the secretary, and one other member of the Provincial Advisory Committee to the C.E.A.-Kellogg Project were members of the high school inspectional staff. The chairman was also on the policy committee for the 1956 Leadership course for School Principals offered by the University of Alberta. One high school inspector attended the three-week C.E.A.-Kellogg Short Course as a participant.

A number of special surveys and investigations of an administrative nature involved the services of some of the high school inspectors. These dealt with such matters as adequacy of and need for school buildings, proposed or desirable centralization of school facilities, etc.

One member of the staff prepared the Department's contribution to the provincial government's submission to the Royal Commission on Canada's Economic Prospects.

TABLE I

AVERAGE TIME SPENT IN DIFFERENT TYPES OF DUTIES BY INSPECTORS OF HIGH SCHOOLS

	Average No. of Days
Inspection	
Investigations and Meetings Travelling	
Reports and Correspondence	. 49.5
Clerical Office Work re High School Programs	
Special Duties	. 11.2
Committee Meetings	
Post-graduate Study Conventions	
Curriculum revision and construction	13.3

#### TABLE II

#### MILES TRAVELLED BY HIGH SCHOOL INSPECTORS

By own car	43,179
By public transportation	18,250
By other means (riding with colleagues, etc.)	14,005
	75,434

#### TABLE III

NUMBER.	OF	HIGH	SCHOOL	CLASSROOMS,	1946-1956
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Year	I and the second	lo. of Rooms
		939
1946		1.008
1947		1.042
1948		
1949		1,096
1950		1,112
1951-52		1,208
1952-53		1,185
1953-54		1.232
1954-55		1.351
*1955-56		1,488

<sup>\*</sup>Not including 166 industrial arts, home economics and agriculture teachers.

TABLE IV

NUMBER OF OPERATING HIGH SCHOOL CLASSROOMS, 1954-55 AND 1955-56

	School 1954-55	
Calgary, Edmonton, Medicine Hat, Lethbridge, Red Deer     Camrose, Drumheller, Wetaskiwin	418 *	<b>469</b> 34
3. Other Centres, high schools of— (a) one room (b) two rooms (c) three rooms (d) four or more rooms Private secondary schools	60 158 192 401 122	92 154 222 409 108
	1,351	1,488

<sup>\*</sup>Formerly included in No. 3

TABLE V

HIGH SCHO	OOL TEACHERS	WITH I	BACHELOR'S	OR HIGH		
Year					No.	of Teachers
1948-49						658
1949-50						751
1950-51						782
1951-52						854
1952-53						919
1953-54						972
1954-55						1.050
1955-56						1.051

#### TABLE VI

## QUALIFICATIONS OF HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS, 1955-56

	Large Urban	Small Urban	Non- Urban	Total
Master's or higher degree and Alberta Certificate	88	2	41	131
Bachelor's degree and Alberta Teaching Certificate Other qualification without certificate	333 51	25 7	562 207	920 265
	472	34	810	1,316

<sup>(</sup>The above table does not include private secondary schools. Large urban refers to Calgary, Edmonton, Lethbridge, Medicine Hat, Red Deer. Small urban refers to Camrose, Drumheller, Wetaskiwin.)

TABLE VII

CHOICE OF ACADEMIC ELECTIVES, NON-URBAN SCHOOLS, 1954-55 AND 1955-56

Mathematics 10	297	
Mathematics 20 Mathematics 30 French 20 French 30 Latin 20 Latin 30 German 20 German 30 *Science 10 *Science 20 Chemistry 30 Physics 30 Biology 32 *Many schools offer these courses only in alternate years.	219 217 235 156 13 6 11 1 275 121 203 161 171	321 306 217 252 192 11 7 9 4 148 301 228 158 186

TABLE VIII

CHOICE OF GENERAL ELECTIVES, NON-URBAN SCHOOLS, 1954-55 AND 1955-56

Subject	No. of 1954-55	Schools 1955-56
Mathematics 11	43	52
Mathematics 12	3	1
Mathematics 21	45	43
Mathematics 22	1	1
Mathematics 31	_	51
Mathematics 32	6	1
Science 11	116	113
Bookkeeping 10 (Record Keeping)	95	101
Agriculture 10	30	31
Agriculture 21	3	1
Music 10	65	95 -
Music 20	11	9
Art 10	98	85
Art 20	5	4
Dramatics 10	69	80
Dramatics 20	3	6
Business Fundamentals 10	84	99
Needlework 10	10	4
Literature 21	47	62
Language 21	15	15
Physical Education 20	12	9
Law 20	36	31
Psychology 20	100	95
Sociology 20	69	69
Economics 30	29	23
French 11	16	29
French 21	9	11
French 31	****	6

TABLE IX

CHOICE OF ELECTIVES IN NON-URBAN SCHOOLS IN SPECIALIZED COMMERCIAL COURSES, 1954-55 AND 1955-56

Subject		Schools 1955-56
Shorthand 10 Shorthand 20 Typewriting 10 Typewriting 20 Typewriting 30 Bookkeeping 20 Bookkeeping 30 Office Practice 20 Office Practice 30 Secretarial Training 30	25 15 162 39 11 35 5 10 1	27 14 202 43 11 30 7 13 1

TABLE X

CHOICE OF ELECTIVES IN NON-URBAN SCHOOLS IN PRACTICAL EDUCATION COURSES, 1954-55 AND 1955-56

Cubiant	No. of	Schools 1955-56
Subject Home Economics 10 Home Economics 20 Foods and Nutrition 10	53 14 39	82 30 45
Foods and Nutrition 20 Fabrics and Dress 10 Fabrics and Dress 20 Woodwork 10	16 92 25 62	10 84 40 56
Woodwork 20 Woodwork 21 Metalwork 10	2 46 5	1 28 4
Metalwork 20 Electricity 10 Electricity 20 Automotives 10	7 1 10	7 0 7
Automotives 20 *Arts and Crafts 10 General Mechanics 15 General Mechanics 16 General Mechanics 17 Agriculture 20	1 11 71 39 10 5	1 12 93 78 14 1

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Home Economics Crafts.

## NIGHT SCHOOLS

The centres at which the classes in Basic English and Citizenship were conducted, under school board auspices, included Barrhead, Beverly, Calgary Public Schools, Calgary Separate Schools, Camrose, Coleman, Edmonton Public Schools, Lacombe, Lethbridge Public Schools, Lethbridge Separate Schools, Mayerthorpe, Medicine Hat and Peace River. The number of classes in these schools was 53, with 1,132 students enrolled. In addition, 350 students were enrolled in the classes which were carried on voluntarily by organizations or individual teachers. These classes received the same books as the others without charge, but no grants. 40 students were provided with books and helps for home study.

A course-outline in Basic English and Citizenship was provided by the Department of Education when the classes were begun at the first of October. An examination, based on this course and of degree of difficulty appropriate for students who would have completed a third winter of night-school study, was written on March 15th, by 153 students. 103 of the candidates were awarded the Certificate of Proficiency in Basic English and Citizenship, by the Department of Education. The others were given a statement of their standing, indicating their progress toward Certificate standing. No fee was charged for the examination.

Night school classes in academic subjects of the Grade XII course were carried on at Western Canada High School, Calgary, Victoria Composite High School, Edmonton, and at Alberta College, Edmonton. The enrolment of students in these classes was 225. At Edmonton there were classes in Conversational French, Spanish and Penmanship. There were also classes in Public Speaking at Edmonton and Calgary.

Courses in Commercial subjects were taught to 361 students in evening classes at Barrhead, Calgary, Drumheller, Edmonton, Lacombe, Lethbridge, Ponoka, Red Deer, Taber, West Jasper Place and Wetaskiwin.

The evening classes in Homemaking and Industrial Arts were well attended. There were 62 classes in units of Fabrics and Dress, Foods and Nutrition, Needlework, Arts and Crafts, Industrial Arts, Auto-

motives, Drafting and Mechanical Drawing, Electricity, Machine Shop, Welding and Woodwork. 1,095 students were enrolled in these classes at Alliance, Barrhead, Bentley, Calgary, Carstairs, Claresholm, Coalhurst, Edmonton, Grande Prairie, Lacombe, Lethbridge, Medicine Hat, Nobleford, Ponoka, Provost and Taber.

#### PRIVATE SCHOOLS

Eighteen superintendents report that there were, during the school year, one or more private schools in operation in their areas. Each of these schools was operated with the approval of the Minister of Education.

In the private elementary and junior high schools there were 106 classrooms, with an enrolment of 2,339 pupils. In the private secondary schools, there were 109 classrooms with an enrolment of 1,840 pupils. The private schools may be grouped as follows:

Private schools in Hutterite colonies Mission schools, attended by non-Indian children Denominational Private schools, other than mission schools Non-denominational private schools, including schools	13
in unorganized territory Private secondary schools, all operated by church organizations	10 17 — 69

In the private schools the Alberta courses of studies are followed. These schools are supervised in the same manner as divisional schools. The majority of the teachers hold Alberta Teachers' Certificates. Those who do not hold complete Alberta certificate standing undertake to qualify for such certificates through attendance at the summer or winter sessions of the University of Alberta. Many of the private schools provide residential accommodation for pupils and staff. They provide for many pupils from isolated families and communities that lack adequate educational opportunities within closer reach of home.

#### **EDUCATION OF HANDICAPPED CHILDREN**

The welfare of the handicapped children in Alberta continued to receive the earnest attention of those charged with the responsibility of providing facilities for their education. Though suffering various disabilities to sensory organs or otherwise, the handicapped child possesses abilities and potentialities that can, with adequate guidance and education, make him a useful member of society. Often, he may also attain, as does the more fortunate normal child, such worthy objectives as "self-realization, proper human relationships, economic sufficiency, and civic responsibility".

Construction of the new Alberta School for the Deaf began in the spring of 1955. The first group of twenty-six pupils became resident and their instruction was begun in the new school in the following November. With the exception of this group of pupils, during the school year 1955-56 the Government, through the Department of Education, provided as in previous years for the education of the Alberta deaf and blind children in schools in other provinces which provided the needed facilities. The following table gives the numbers of the children attending these residential schools:

PUPILS ATTENDING SCHOOLS OUTSIDE OF ALBERTA, 1955-56	
Ontario School for the Blind, Brantford Saskatchewan School for the Deaf, Saskatoon Mackay School for the Deaf, Montreal Institutions des Sourds-Muets. Montreal	25 34 7
British Columbia School for the Deaf and Blind, Vancouver	4
Nova Scotia School for the Deaf, Halifax (pupil both deaf and blind)	1
Total	86

The total amount expended on behalf of the deaf and blind children during the fiscal year ending March 31, 1956 was \$100,949.93.

The Department of Education pays a grant to assist school districts or school divisions with the operation of classes for special groups of slow-learning children or for those who have serious disabilities in sight or hearing. The rate of this annual grant is \$2,000 for each classroom.

The following table gives information about these classes for the year.

	SPECIAL CLASSES IN ALBERTA, 1955-56	
School Board	Nature of Class	Average Enrolment
Calgary Public	Subnormal, 6 opportunity classes Sight-Saving, 1 class Hard-of-Hearing, 1 class Cerebral Palsy Clinic, 1 class New Canadians, 2 classes	. 9 . 12.6 . 16.5 . 27.9
Edmonton Public	Subnormal, 7 opportunity classes Sight-Saving, 1 class Hard-of-Hearing, 1 class Cerebral Palsy Clinic, 2 classes New Canadians, 1 class	. 12.2 . 10.7 . 21
Lethbridge Public Calgary Separate Edmonton Separate Medicine Hat Public	Subnormal, 3 opportunity classes Subnormal, 1 opportunity class Subnormal, 2 opportunity classes Subnormal, 2 opportunity classes	56.1 12.7 24.2
Jasper Place Public Strawberry School Division (Leduc)	Subnormal, 1 opportunity class	
Wainwright School Division Westlock School	Subnormal, 1 opportunity class	
Division	1 opportunity class	

In Edmonton, Calgary, Lethbridge, Medicine Hat and Grande Prairie, during the year, the Associations for Retarded Children provided training services, with the school Boards making financial provision for the salaries of the teachers, with grants paid by the Department of Education to meet half of the Board's expenditures for this purpose.

In several of the larger hospitals educational services are provided for children who have to be patients for any considerable time. Grants up to \$1000 per teacher were made available for the instruction provided in the hospitals. In any hospital those children who were patients over an extended period may have instruction free of charge, through the provision of lessons and the correction of exercises by the Correspondence School Branch of the Department of Education. In the Junior Red Cross Hospital for Crippled Children in Calgary, individual and group instruction was provided by a staff of four full-time and one partime teachers for 101 children during the year. In the Aberhart Memorial Hospital, in Edmonton, two teachers were engaged in teaching the children who were patients. One teacher carried on teaching similarly in the Central Alberta Sanatorium at Keith. The Junior Hospital League School was conducted in the University of Alberta Hospital at

Edmonton with one teacher in charge. Instruction for convalescent children was given by a teacher who carried on this work in the General, Misericordia and St. Joseph's Hospitals in Edmonton. Speech therapy and day school services were provided by the Edmonton and Calgary School Boards in the Cerebral Palsy Clinics, with grants from \$1,460 to \$1,560 for each class from the Department of Education.

#### REPORT OF THE SUPERVISOR OF INDUSTRIAL ARTS

(J. P. Mitchell)

This year has been characterized by expansion, there being an increase of 21% in the number of students taking high school shop courses and an increase of 16% taking junior high school shop courses, as compared with the numbers for the previous year. Thirty more instructors are now engaged in this special curriculum area.

This expansion and increase is the more remarkable when the general shortage of teachers is considered. It continues to be necessary to extend teaching privileges to those whose qualifications, under normal circumstances, would not warrant such extension. However, despite the difficulties attendant upon this condition, instruction is generally of a satisfactory standard with a noticeable concern being evinced for improved standards of students' project work.

Appreciation of the value of industrial arts courses is reflected in the increased concern on the part of school authorities to provide adequate accommodation and equipment. There are, of course, still centres where the program is necessarily limited by inadequacies in this respect but with the policy of renovation or replacement becoming more common these are slowly disappearing. With regard to accommodation the need for greater storage space for materials and student projects is increasing. This problem becomes more marked as the high school program expands since the larger items and more practical type of project work done by the high school students require a great deal more storage area than that for the junior high school.

New centres were opened in Calgary Public (Viscount Bennett School), Camilla, Edmonton Public (Eastwood, Strathcona Composite, and Sherbrook Schools), Edmonton Separate (St. John's and St. Mary's Schools), Lethbridge (Gilbert Paterson School), and Stettler.

In addition new accommodation was provided at: Athabasca, Calgary Separate (Sacred Heart School), Carstairs, Edson, Kingman, Lethbridge and Medicine Hat Junior High School. The following reopened: Big Valley, Donalda, Spedden and Stirling.

The shop curriculum is meeting with general approval and appears to have inherent the qualities of breadth of experience and flexibility of course structure so essential for a successful industrial arts program. Many excellent new books recently published in this field are providing valuable instructional and library assistance in this field.

The greatest single problem remains the inadequate supply of qualified teachers. The following are considered as hopeful indications that improvement may be expected in this regard: (1) There was an increased enrolment in the first year of the B.Ed. (Industrial Arts) teacher-

education program. (2) The improved accommodation and adequate equipment being provided in many centres. Naturally instructors prefer centres which provide good working conditions and which facilitate the type and calibre of shop program which reflect favorably upon the instruction. The improving shop facilities should do much to attract eligible students into this special instructional area. (3) The recognition on salary schedules of the value of special training and qualifications in an increasing number of centres. In some measure this compensates these instructors for the lack of opportunity to accept administrative positions and continue their shop instructional work. (4) The noticeable trend to centralized full-time shop positions. Over and above the fact that the expenditure for accommodation and equipment make this economically sound, shop instructors understandably prefer such an arrangement.

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#### REPORT OF THE SUPERVISOR OF HOME ECONOMICS

(A. Berneice McFarlane)

#### Instruction

The year 1955-56 has been a particularly busy one with consultation and organization visits to the inexperienced or partly qualified teachers occupying an important place in the activities of the Supervisor. It has been necessary to hire teachers with limited or with no special training in home economics in many of the smaller schools. If this situation continues, it would appear that the teacher training program in the Faculty of Education should be made more comprehensive and include some training in home economics teaching methods for all women students. In addition, consideration should be given to offering a basic summer school course which would include instruction in both of the main phases — cooking and sewing and in methods of teaching.

Instruction on the whole is given in a sincere and effective manner. Continuing emphasis has been placed on contacts with all the teachers through the circulation of newsletters embodying information regarding instruction, regulations, sources of supplies, new publications and films; through attendance at teachers' conventions; through a one day home economics teachers' workshop conference in Calgary in April.

#### **Extension of Services**

There has been some very encouraging improvement in accommodation and equipment. In several divisions this has been achieved by the adoption of a plan for bringing classes of students from smaller centers to a central school in the division or county.

New accommodation was provided at Athabasca, in the Sacred Heart School at Calgary, in the Medicine Hat senior and junior high schools, and in the Providence Private School, Midnapore.

New centers were opened in the Viscount Bennett junior high school in Calgary, (two rooms); at Donalda; in the Allendale, Highlands, Sherbrook and St. John's Junior High Schools and in St. Mary's Girls' and Strathcona Composite High Schools in Edmonton; at Irvine; at Lethbridge in the Gilbert Paterson Junior High School; and in the Waverly Junior High School at Stettler. Home economics rooms were re-opened at Spedden and Stirling.

#### **School Dormitories**

The extension of van services continues to affect enrolment in many dormitories and was a contributing factor in closing some. The eight in operation continue to offer a worth-while service. This year Wapiti Lodge in Grande Prairie was operated under the auspices of the United Church.

	STATISTICS RELATING TO SUPERVISOR'S ACTIVITIES	
	Administrative visits to schools Supervisory visits to dormitories Conferences and Committee Meetings	51 70 6 18
	STATISTICS RELATING TO SCHOOL OPERATION	
	No. of Home Economics rooms in Alberta in Whitehorse in Yellowknife No. of Circuits No. of Centers on Circuit No. of Instructors in Alberta in Whitehorse in Yellowknife No. of Dormitories (Six of the Home Economics rooms in Alberta were in Indian schools)	225 1 1 24 60 193 1 1 8
ENROL	MENT	
	In special classes In Grade VII In Grade VIII In Grade IX In High School	27 4,199 5,045 4,677 6,377
CORRES	SPONDENCE COURSES	
	Needlework	158 129
	Total	20,612

## REPORT OF THE CURRICULUM BRANCH

(M. L. Watts, Director)

#### Staff

The division of duties among the various members of the staff was set forth in some detail in the Annual Report for 1955 and will not be repeated here.

Mr. L. G. Frith who formerly taught at Eastwood Junior High School, Edmonton, succeeded Mr. J. C Yates as Supervisor of the Examinations Branch in August, 1955, Mr Yates having resigned to join the staff of the Provincial Institute of Technology and Art in Calgary. Mr. W. E. Finbow, Editor-Librarian, resigned in March, 1956. To facilitate a reorganization of editorial and library duties Mrs. I. Fawkes was appointed Editor and Mrs. J. G. Coté part-time Librarian. Mrs. Fawkes came from the staff of the Correspondence School Branch and Mrs. Coté had previously worked as Divisional Librarian for the Clover Bar School Division. The title of Mr. Edwardh's position was changed to Assistant Director of Curriculum in charge of Elementary Education in order to indicate more accurately the nature of the greater part of his work; the functions of the Teacher Service Bureau continued to be carried on as formerly.

# I. MAJOR CURRICULUM COMMITTEES AND EXAMINATION BOARDS

## A. General Curriculum Committee

At their meetings in December, 1955, and June, 1956, the members of the General Curriculum Committee reviewed reports from the other curriculum committees and showed continuing interest in the work of the Articulation Committee, especially that in connection with the Matriculation Study Subcommittee. This subcommittee, chaired jointly by Mr. Evenson, Associate Director of Curriculum, and Dr. D. E. Smith of the University, is concerned chiefly with investigation of the criteria by which university candidates may be selected. An account of its study during 1955-56 is given by Mr. Evenson in the section of this report headed "Research Office". The Committee also received a report on the facilities for educational research in Alberta and urged that such facilities within the Department of Education be expanded.

Curriculum Newsletter No. 5, "Reading in the Elementary School", was approved at the meeting in December and published in February. The content of Curriculum Newsletter No. 6, "High Schools in Alberta", was studied and accepted at the June meeting with publication scheduled for August, 1956.

Although no action resulted, the members spent considerable time on the subject of character education and the place of religious instruction in the schools.

## B. SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL CURRICULUM COMMITTEE

The Senior High School Curriculum Committee met on November 14 and 15, 1955, and April 19 and 20, 1956. The members spent a considerable portion of their time reviewing and appraising the revision of the high school program which had been proceeding under their direction since 1947.

As a background for their observations the following phases of the revision were noted.

#### I. OBJECTIVES OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

A special Subcommittee on Objectives was set up in May, 1948; its report was approved by the High School Curriculum Committee in November, 1949, and published January 1, 1950, under the title "Curriculum Guide for Alberta Secondary Schools".

## 2. Structure of the Program

## (a) Matriculation Requirements

In October, 1948, the High School Curriculum Committee asked that the entrance requirements of the University of Alberta be reviewed. Following support of this request by the General Curriculum Committee, the Articulation Committee, which had been established by President Newton in 1945 with a membership of three persons from the University and three from the Department, was enlarged to consist of seven representatives from the University and seven from the General Curriculum Committee of the Department. The expanded committee held its first meeting on April 5, 1950. In April, 1951, a statement setting forth revised matriculation requirements was issued jointly by the President of the University and the Minister of Education.

## (b) Diploma Requirements.

A special subcommittee designated the Programming Subcommittee was set up by the High School Curriculum Committee in November, 1950, to make recommendations with respect to the pattern of the high school program and the requirements for the high school diploma. Its report was approved at the meeting of April, 1951. Although some modifications were subsequently made, the basic structure was determined at this time.

## 3. Subject Revision

The decisions noted above provide a firm foundation for the subject revision subcommittees that had been proceeding tentatively and gave direction to the subcommittees yet to be appointed. The following table shows the date of appointment of each major subcommittee and the dates on which their recommended authorizations came into effect for specified courses. Each subcommittee also prepared a curriculum guide setting forth suggested content and methodology.

Subcommittee and Date Appointed	Date Basic Tex	cts Introduced	Course
Mathematics November 1947	"B	Iath. for Canadians, Book 2'' usiness Arithmetic'' Iath. for Canadians, Book 3''	Math. 10 Math. 11 Math. 20 Math. 21
	Sept. '53—''A	Iath, for the Consumer' n Advanced Course in Algebra'	Math. 30
	Sept. '55—''T	rigonometry and Analytical Geometry'	Math. 31
Science	Sept. '52—''P	hysical Sciences for Canadian	Science 10
November 1947	Sept. '53—''P	Schools'' 'hysical Sciences for Canadian Schools''	Science 20
	"E	Biology in Daily Life'	Science 11 and 32
	Sept. '55—''E	Clementary Physics'' Chemistry for Secondary Schools''	Physics 30 Chemistry 30
English April 1950	Sept. '54—''E	English for Today, 10" English for Today, 11" An English Handbook"	Language 10 Language 20 Language 10, 20 and 30
	"'/ Sept. '55—''T	Creative Living, 4" Creative Living, 5" Adventures in English Literature" Chought and Expression" hakespearian plays retained in Literature 20 and English 30)	Literature 10 Literature 20 Literature 21 English 30
Social Studies November 1950	Sept. '52—''1	Ancient and Medieval World' s alternate to "Ancient and Medieval History")	Social Studies 10
	Sent '53-"S	Story of Nations"	Social Studies 20
	(a	s alternate to ''Modern History'') Canada in the Modern World''	Social Studies 30
Foreign Languages April 1951	Sept. '54—''I	Nos Voisins Français'' Latin for Secondary Schools'' Nos Voisins Français'' Lectures Pratiques'' Latin for Secondary Schools'' First Latin Reader'' Second Latin Reader''	French 20 Latin 20 French 30 French 30 Latin 30 Latin 20 Latin 30
		First Latin Reader" Second Latin Reader" Parlez-Vous Français?" Parlez-Vous Français?" Premieres Lectures Culturelles' Lectures Pour Debutants'' Auteurs Français' Lectures Français'	French 11 French 21 French 31 French 31 French 31 Bookkeeping 10
Commercial Electives November 1947	1	General Record Keeping'' Basic Course in Pitman Shorthand''	Shorthand 10
Movember 1941	- ''(	Gregg Shorthand Manual Simplified'' Gregg Shorthand Manual Simplified: Functional Method''	Shorthand 10 Shorthand 10
	(7	The above are alternates.) Word List of Gregg Shorthand	
		Simplified	Shorthand 10
	(T	Students' Shorthand Dictionary and Phrase Book, Pitman'' The above are alternates.)	Shorthand 10
	66,	Gregg Dictation Simplified"	Shorthand 20
		20th Century Typewriting Elementary Course'	Typing 10, 20
		20th Century Typewriting Complete Course''	Typing 30
	Sept. '54—'' Sept. '54—''	Record Keeping for Everyone'' A Complete Course in Office  Practice''	Bookkeeping 10 Office Practice 10, 20
	66	Pitman Shorthand Dictation and Transcription' Canadian Law'	Shorthand 20 Law 20
Health and Personal Development November 1949	Sept. '52—"	Personal Problems'' How to Study''	Health and P.D. 10 Health and P.D. 10

The work of the subject revision subcommittees had, in the opinion of the High School Curriculum Committee, resulted in improved courses and better texts. The emphasis on the unit method especially in social studies, English and science met with approval.

The structure of the program had been designed to permit postponement of specialization until Grade XI, at which time an effort was to be made to guide students into those courses in which they would have reasonable expectation of success. The requirement of "B" standing in the appropriate Grade X subjects for admission into Mathematics 20, Science 20 and the foreign languages of Grade XI, and the administration of an aptitude test in Grade X to be used for guidance purposes assisted in carrying out the purpose of the design. However, since the responsibility for placing students in the proper courses had been put on the shoulders of the local principal some members said the burden had become too heavy because of parental pressure and suggested that the departmental regulations should be made more definite and more assistance given by departmental officials to local staffs in solving their problems.

Although the oganization permitted capable administrators to guide students into suitable elective courses in Grades XI and XII the problem of providing courses in the constants, English and Social Studies, that would meet the needs of both the matriculating and non-matriculating students remained unsolved in some schools. A two-track program in these subjects and/or different examinations at the Grade XII level was considered as a possible solution. However, the view prevailed that the basic principles of the present program are sound: the courses in English and Social Studies required of all students provide a common core program that acts as a unifying influence, important to our democratic way of life; since the curriculum guides offer a flexible program, problems of differentiation in instruction should be solved at the local level.

Although in some schools the needs of the gifted children were submerged by the demands of large heterogeneous classes, many capable teachers were able to utilize the flexibility of the program to challenge their capacities. Further, in the larger schools there were opportunities for enrichment for these students in such courses of the program as Language 21, Literature 21, French 11, French 21, Mathematics 31, Art 20 and Dramatics 20. It was noted, too, that those students who wish to do so may take two foreign languages without delaying their graduation.

The increased time devoted to English Language received general approval. The two-track program in French, however, had had a mixed reception. Though French 20 and French 30 had been planned for those who must meet university admission requirements and French 11 and French 21 for those of superior ability with special interest in French, some members were of the opinion that in certain schools French 11 was being used in distorted form to give additional training to students who otherwise would find the French 30 examination too difficult. It was recommended that the distribution of marks on the French 30 examination should be based on the performance of those students who had taken only French 20 and French 30.

The growth and strengthening of the guidance services and the improved articulation of the high school program with that of the Apprenticeship Board and that of the Institute of Technology and Art were also matters of satisfaction.

A review of the changes in the high school regulations revealed also the following important changes which had taken place during the course of the revision, all of them adding to the flexibility of the program and increasing the authority of the local superintendent and principal.

- (a) The general grade catagories were removed from the Grade IX diploma in 1951 and the regulations restricting the courses students could take in Grade X were removed in 1951. Student placement in Grade X is now handled by the principal.
- (b) The attendance requirement of 160 days, governing the awarding of credits in Grades X, XI and XII, was eliminated in 1953. Local school systems now have their own attendance requirements governing promotion and non-promotion.
- (c) The regulation requiring that a student must not register in a program carrying a credit value of more than 35 was modified in 1948 to permit a credit load of 37 or 38 in exceptional cases and was finally removed in 1951 so that where a principal deems it advisable a student may carry full program of 40 credits.
- (d) To ease the problem of timetabling and to enable the principal to take full advantage of specially qualified teachers a number of subjects have been given a variable credit rating.
- (e) The defining of credits in terms of the number of instruction periods per week was abolished in 1952 and re-stated in minutes per week in the hope that principals would depart from the rigid timetable consisting of eight periods a day, each of thirty-five minutes in length. Principals who wish may schedule their classes in longer periods or in combinations of short and long periods.
- (f) Special regulations were drawn up to assist the principal of the small high school in the scheduling of his program. The chief of these set forth a table of minimum instruction time per subject and permitted the cycling of certain courses.

It was noted that the revision of the fine arts courses had just begun and that the physical education program would be strengthened by the appearance in the fall of 1956 of a new teachers' reference written by Alberta authors. Minor adjustments were still required in the mathematics program. In science, although the Grade XII texts were being well received there had been exposed some difficulties of articulation with the previous courses and it was suggested that the science courses in Grades VII to XII be reviewed to improve the sequence of topics and content. Progress reports from the chairmen of the subcommittees dealing with the above matters and from the chairman of the subcommittee revising Health and Personal Development 10 were discussed and directions given for the continuance of their work.

## C. JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL CURRICULUM COMMITTEE

The Junior High School Curriculum Committee met on October 21, 1955, and March 23, 1956. At the fall meeting the members devoted some time to appraising the revised program. They recalled that they had approved in principle the statement of objectives in secondary education in November, 1948, giving final approval in October, 1949, and had also approved in principle the general structure of the junior high school program in April, 1949, giving final approval in April, 1950.

They examined the following table showing the dates on which their major subcommittees had been appointed and the dates on which the recommended authorizations had come into effect.

Subcommittee and Date Appointed	Date Basic Texts Introduced	Course
Mathematics February 1947	Sept. '49— 'Mathematics We Use, Book 1'  'Mathematics We Use, Book 2'  Sept. '50— 'Mathematics for Canadians'	Grade VII Grade VIII Grade IX
Science October 1947	Sept. '51— Mathematics for Canadians  Sept. '51— "Exploring Modern Science'"  "Enjoying Modern Science'"  "Using Modern Science"	Grade VII Grade VIII Grade IX
Health and P.D. November 1948	Sept. '52—''You're Growing Up'' ''About Growing Up'' ''For Healthful Living'' ''Into Your Teens'' ''Being Teen-Agers'' ''Good Health for Better Living'' ''4-Square Planning for Your Career'' ''Study Your Way Through School'' ''Personality and School'' Sept. '54—''Building Health''	Grade VII Grade VII Grade VIII Grade VIII Grade VIII Grade VIII Grade IX Grade IX Grade IX Grade IX
Literature April 1949	Sept. '51— "Prose and Poetry Journeys" "Prose and Poetry Adventures" "Prose and Poetry for Enjoyment"	Grade VII Grade VIII Grade IX
Language April 1949	Sept. '51— "Words and Ideas, 1" Sept. '52— "Words and Ideas, 2" Sept. '53— "Words and Ideas, 3"	Grade VII Grade VIII Grade IX
Social Studies April 1949	Sept. '51—''The Great Adventure'' ''The Story of Canada'' ''Ganada and Her Neighbors'' Sept. '52—''Commonwealth of Nations'' ''New World Geography for Canadian Schools''	Grade VII Grade VII Grade VII Grade VIII Grade VIII
Handbook October 1949	Sept. '55— ''Canada in the Western World'' Sept. '50— ''Interim'' (Multilithed) Sept. '51— First Printed Handbook Sept. '52— Revised Handbook Sept. '55— Final Handbook	Grade IX

It was agreed that the curriculum guides prepared by the revision committees were superior to previous outlines and that the authorized texts were better, although some criticism was voiced of the Grade IX science text. It was noted with satisfaction that the use of secondary references had grown considerably, that the guidance services had been greatly expanded, and that block scheduling had contributed to a desirable flexibility in the program. Although the courses in Health and Personal Development and English Language had not been favorably received at first, as teachers became more familiar with them they had gained acceptance and their values had come to be appreciated. On the other hand, it was felt that in too many schools the exploratory subjects were not on a truly elective basis and the articulation between Grade VII social studies and the enterprise of Grade VI was weak.

The committee directed that the science program be reviewed with special attention to be given to articulation with the elementary school program and the senior high school program and to the suitability of the present text in Grade IX. A progress report was received from the Subcommittee on Community Economics on the revised program scheduled for introduction in tentative form in the fall of 1956. The chairman of the Subcommittee on Health and Personal Development reported that the curriculum guides had been given thorough revision during the past two years and will be ready for publication in August 1956; no changes were made in the references except in the Grade IX course, for which a new personal development text, "Youth and To-

morrow" by Clarke and Woodsworth, was authorized for use commencing September, 1956. The committee approved the authorization of "Singing Teen-Agers" by L. B. Pitts, as a primary reference for music in Grade IX. Satisfaction was expressed with the fact that arrangements had finally been completed for the publication of a teachers' reference in physical education, "Physical Education for Junior and Senior High School" by Van Vliet. The members heard reports on the trial use of materials in remedial and developmental reading in several classes in Calgary and Edmonton and directed that the work be continued and expanded during the next year.

#### D. ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CURRICULUM COMMITTEE

The fall and spring meetings of the Elementary School Curriculum Committee were held on November 18 and on May 4 respectively.

The chairman of the Science Subcommittee reported that the trial use of the interim science outline was proceeding favorably and that evaluations from about five hundred classrooms would be given detailed study by the subcommittee at its June meeting, at which time the reports on the science readers would also be appraised. The Committee approved the recommendation that three series of science readers be selected for multiple authorization in Grades I to VI, the specific titles to be presented for approval at its next meeting.

The chairman of the Language Subcommittee set forth the general principles of an elementary school language program which the subcommittee planned to embody in a tentative curriculum guide to be evaluated by a group of selected teachers during the school year 1956-57. The Committee directed that the subcommittee proceed with its plans.

The report of the Reading Subcommittee was approved. Five new series of readers had been evaluated in fifty classrooms during the past year and plans were made to evaluate five additional series during 1956-57 with a view to reaching a firm decision for the replacement of one of the authorized series in September, 1957.

The Report Card Subcommittee indicated the revisions which had been made on the Division I, Division II and Division III report cards. The changes in the evaluation of personal growth were approved by the Elementary Curriculum Committee. The results of the promotions questionnaire which had been sent to Home and School Associations indicated satisfaction with the present method of reporting which emphasizes both academic achievement and personal development.

The Assistant Director of Curriculum reported that with the help of the Technical Division of the Department of Lands and Forests a map of Alberta had been completed and would be available to schools in September. He reported also on the revision of six teacher resource units for enterprise which had been completed under his direction. The maps and the resource units will be sold by the School Book Branch.

#### E. AUDIO-VISUAL COMMITTEE

The twelfth annual meeting of the Provincial Audio-Visual Committee was held on Friday, March 16, 1956. The work of the Audio-Visual Aids Branch over the past year was reviewed for the Committee in the Supervisor's report; various aspects of this were discussed at the meeting.

Two articles on visual aids had appeared in the A. T. A. Magazine in the preceding year, "What Do You Know About the Audio-Visual Aids Branch?" by Mr. Edwin McKenzie, a member of the Committee, and "Ponoka Filmstrip Library", by Mr. H. L. Larson, Principal of Ponoka School. It was suggested that other teachers who had done outstanding work with audio-visual aids in the classroom should be encouraged to contribute further articles.

In accordance with a motion of the previous meeting the Audio-Visual Aids Branch had purchased a Rateometer and an Eye-span Trainer for the purpose of demonstrating and testing their usefulness in the improvement of reading. Limited experiments conducted at Parkallen School, Edmonton, showed a remarkable increase in the rate of reading on the part of the students participating. The Branch had also purchased a "Timex" tachistoscopic projector which can perform for groups of students much the same function as the Eye-span Trainer does for individuals. The Committee directed that efforts be made to conduct further experiments in the use of this new equipment. The Supervisor reported that the use of films by Home and School Associations had increased markedly during the past year, those most in demand being: "Skippy and the 3 R's", "What Greater Gift", "Appointment with Youth", "Act your Age".

The present Quota System for films and the Shared Payment Plan for Damaged Films were again reviewed thoroughly and it was decided that they should continue to operate as at present. The members noted with satisfaction that the Branch had been able to improve the requisitioning system by moving the deadline dates two weeks closer to their respective delivery periods, thus permitting schools to send in their orders one month before the delivery period instead of six weeks.

## F. RADIO COMMITTEE

On Friday, February 24, the Provincial Radio Committee held its fourteenth annual meeting. The Supervisor and Script Editor presented their reports for the consideration of the Committee and recommendations were made after thorough discussion.

It was suggested that greater emphasis be given to teacher training in using school broadcasts. In addition to the work being done in the audio-visual course it was recommended that some form of instruction in school broadcasts be given to teachers-in-training in both Calgary and Edmonton.

After discussing the problem of radio reception in classrooms Mr. Hagerman of CKUA offered to submit a report to the Supervisor containing plans for a central radio system for medium-sized schools,

the system to include a superior radio receiver and large classroom speakers to ensure better reception.

Special attention was given to the problem of evaluating school broadcasts. The regular method of distributing evaluation forms has been continued. In addition thirty special evaluators selected by the Branch report frequently to the Supervisor concerning the value of the programs in their classrooms. Broadcasts have also been carefully evaluated by two subcommittees in Calgary and Edmonton in the fields of music and social studies respectively. The Radio Committee approved of the methods being used by the Branch in evaluating school broadcasts.

A discussion of the closer correlation of school broadcasts to the curriculum resulted in approval of the present procedures, particularly the section of the Teacher Guide explaining this relationship.

The committee also considered the program plans of the School Broadcasts Branch for the 1956-57 season. In general the plans for most series were endorsed. Suggestions were made for special broadcasts in enterprise, vocations and current events.

Consideration was also given to coverage and it was learned that while CFAC in Calgary had dropped the afternoon network broadcasts, CFCN, also in Calgary, had agreed to carry the Alberta provincial series.

# G. HIGH SCHOOL AND UNIVERSITY MATRICULATION EXAMINATIONS BOARD

The Board met on July 25, 1955, and October 24, 1955.

Most of the business at the two meetings was regular in nature, careful attention being given to the construction of examination papers and problems resulting from the increased number of examination candidates. At the meeting of October 24, the members studied a Report on Promotion Practices in Grades X and XI in the city, town and rural schools of the province and suggested that the study be extended.

## H. HIGH SCHOOL ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Meetings of this Board were held on October 3, 1955, and March 1, 1956.

In addition to dealing with the regular business, the Board decided that the report of Grade IX examination results to Superintendents and School Boards should include stanine ratings as well as the usual letter gradings. Whereas the regular method of grading places the student in one of five grades (H, A, B, C, D) for each examination subject, the stanine method places the student in one of nine groups. The percentage (approximate) of scores in each stanine is as follows:

Star	aine	Percentage
0		7
7		12
5		20
3		19
2		4
		100

In other words, the lowest 4 percent of raw scores are included in the first stanine; the next 7 percent in the second stanine; the next 12 percent in the third stanine, etc. The stanine rating gives a more precise appraisal of student attainment. For example, a "B" grading extends over stanines 4, 5 and 6; stanine "4" indicates a low "B", stanine "5" an average "B", and stanine "6" a high "B".

The Entrance Board also decided to add an aptitude test to the Grade IX examinations in order to provide Grade X teachers and counsellors with additional information for use in the placement of commencing high school students, and recommended that revision committees similar to those used for Grade XII be established for Grade IX examinations.

#### II. BRANCH OPERATIONS

#### A. Teacher Service Bureau

## M. O. Edwardh, Assistant Director of Curriculum.

As the work of this Bureau has become much heavier during the past three years, certain changes were made to facilitate performing these duties. The distribution of the publications is now done by the Forms Branch under the direction of the Supervisor. The work of the Editor-Librarian has been divided. The Department now has an Editor and a part-time Librarian. The Librarian in addition to being responsible for the Departmental library, will assist in the evaluation of free reading books for the elementary school. The title of Supervisor has been changed to Assistant Director of Curriculum in charge of Elementary Education to indicate more definitely the work of this office. However, the Bureau and the services rendered will be continued.

The work can be summarized under four headings:

- (1) Subcommittees of the Elementary School Curriculum Committees
- (2) In-Service work and Institutes
- (3) Preparation and Editing of Publications
- (4) Information Service

#### 1. Subcommittees

Eight subcommittees were at work during the year. Twenty-two days were spent by the Assistant Director working either with the committees or with the chairmen or certain members. In addition, the organizational work for the extensive evaluations which were being carried on was done by this office.

## 2. In-Service Work and Institutes

This work forms a valuable liaison with the superintendents and with teachers and serves the purpose of a sounding board for the thinking of the subcommittees. During the year the Assistant Director of Curriculum participated in: in-service training projects in Science at Lacombe, Barrhead, Stony Plain and Edmonton; reading projects at Peace River, Athabasca and Thorhild; enterprise projects at Strathmore and Brooks.

#### 3. Publications

The editing and the arranging for the printing of all curriculum publications is done by the Editor under the direction of the Assistant Director. Twenty-six publications were handled in this way.

## Titles Follow:

- (a) Elementary school:
  - 1. Bulletin 2b Science (reprint)
  - 2. Bulletin 4 Physical Education (reprint)
- (b) Junior High School:
  - 1. Community Economics (1955)

  - 2. Agriculture, Grade IX (reprint)
    3. Junior High School Handbook (reprint)
  - 4. Social Studies Language (reprint)
  - 5. Music (reprint)
  - 6. General Science (reprint)
  - 7. Industrial Arts (reprint)
  - 8. Health and Personal Development (1956)
- (c) Senior High School:
  - 1. General Mechanics (1955)
  - 2. Electricity (reprint)
  - 3. Arts and Crafts (reprint)
  - 4. Science 11 and 32 (reprint)

  - 5. Science 10 (reprint)6. Science 20 (reprint)
  - 7. Woodwork (reprint)
  - 8. Mathematics (1956)
  - 9. Senior High School Handbook (1956-57)
- (d) Miscellaneous:
  - 1. Curriculum Newsletter No. 4
  - 2. Report Cards, Junior High School
  - 3. Report Cards, Division I and II
  - 4. Curriculum Newsletter No. 5
  - 5. Classroom Aids for Teachers
  - 6. Occupational Trends and Employment Opportunities (1956)
  - 7. Curriculum Branch Memoranda (1956)

As indicated earlier in this report, bulk distribution of curriculum guides is now done by the Forms Branch. Particular and limited distributions such as agricultural information, Curriculum Newsletters, Curriculum Branch Memoranda are done by the Bureau.

#### 4. Information Service

Each year many requests for information are received from teachers, superintendents and students. The following table indicates how they were dealt with:

Materials sent	670
Information by letter	45
Requests referred elsewhere	80
Reply, no material or information	40

## B. Guidance Branch - A. A. Aldridge, Supervisor.

#### 1. Extension Work

(a) With Teachers: Teachers' meetings in which members of the Guidance Branch shared during the course of the year totalled 97 of various types, including institutes, conventions, principals' associations and staff meetings. By such means nearly 1,000 teachers were contacted. The emphasis in these meetings was on the teaching of the Health and Personal Development course though there was a significant increase in the number of meetings concerned with the application of guidance services to the school such as the application of counselling, the use of standardized tests, the need for adequate records.

The third annual conference of counsellors took place at Red Deer during the first two days of Easter week. Details as to planning and implementation of these plans was the responsibility of the counsellors' executive, under the direction of Mr. G. C. French, President, Crescent Heights High School, Calgary. The executive for the ensuing year consists of: President: Father Walter Fitzgerald, Edmonton Roman Catholic Separate School System; Vice-President: J. W. Moseley, Strathcona High School, Edmonton; Secretary-Treasurer: Miss I. Soper, Strathcona Composite High School, Edmonton; Advisory Board: W. Morris, Alexandra Junior High School, Medicine Hat; L. Pollock, Composite High School, Red Deer; A. J. B. Hough, Student Advisory Services, University of Alberta. One hundred and twenty-four teacher-counsellors are now serving in Alberta high schools.

Guidance services in Calgary high schools, both public and separate, were inspected in February and an analysis of these services made.

As to activities in special education, visits were made to some of the opportunity classes in the province and meetings of special teachers attended in both Edmonton and Calgary. At a sectional meeting of the convention of Edmonton and Jasper Place teachers the Supervisor participated in a panel on education of the gifted student. The Assistant Supervisor served as a member of the executive of the Northern Alberta Chapter of the International Council for Exceptional Children, which had a very satisfactory year. Both officials attended the annual convention of the International Northern Great Plains Conference on Special Education and Rehabilitation held in Winnipeg. A provincial committee is presently at work to develop a teachers' manual and curriculum for opportunity classes of educationally subnormal children.

- (b) With Laymen: Talks were given to adult groups, and in some cases members of the branch acted as consultants in workshop sessions and study groups. Altogether, 20 groups were assisted of which 10 were Home and School groups.
- (c) With Students: The number of interviews increased significantly with about 250 students and adults being idividually interviewed. Career events continued to be of significance with 9,000 students taking part in 50 such events in which 137 high schools were represented. In addition, all the Edmonton high schools organized career programs. An analysis of such events made the previous year shows both student and teacher opinion strongly in support. Two brief follow-up studies were carried out to determine if possible the amount

of assistance students received from the events. These were instituted by post-school institutions. From the results of these studies it was evident that a significant number of students received information which assisted them in making their decisions as to what occupation they would select following graduation. Such a service to schools is possible only through the kindness and co-operation of business and industrial agencies and training institutions that make available without cost to the school the services of speakers.

The value of counselling services is apparently being recognized on a wider scale throughout the high schools. In addition to the counsellors referred to earlier in this report, many schools are setting aside a certain number of periods each week for principals and staff members to advise students not only on vocational matters but also on problems arising out of their studies. A considerable portion of this time is being devoted to the discussion of questions related to educational progress. It is becoming more evident that business and industrial firms generally will look to the school to counsel students adequately so that the latter will be encouraged to select training or employment situations in which they can make the best contribution.

Libraries of occupational information are being used much more effectively, not only in individual counselling but as a feature of group counselling by displays of occupational families. Whenever the opportunity presented itself members of the Guidance Branch discussed vocational opportunities with high school classes as a supplement to the work that is being done by the local staffs.

An important feature of the work with teachers and students relates to the use of standardized tests and the development of testing programs. To illustrate, the members of the Guidance Branch assisted the guidance department of the Edmonton Separate School System with individual testing to indentify a group of gifted children at the Grade II level.

## 2. Publications

During the past year the following publications were issued or re-issued:

- (a) The bulletin, "Occupational Trends and Employment Opportunities", was completely revised to include additional occupations and to bring the others up to date in terms of trends, salaries offered, and general opportunities available. This bulletin gives a fairly complete analysis of the Alberta situation and is in constant use by students and teachers.
- (b) Four issues of the Guidance Newsletter were published.
- (c) Guidance reprints were issued for the first time as a means of bringing to the attention of teachers significant developments in education and the business world where these are applicable to the guidance field.
- (d) A significant amount of time was required in assisting teachercommittees in the re-writing of the junior high school curriculum guide in Health and Personal Development, and in the preparation of a resource book to accompany it.

## 3. Health and Personal Development Courses.

The work of revision for the junior high school course begun a year ago was completed by the two subcommittees and will be available for use in September, 1956. These committees held twelve meetings during the year, some of which were devoted to the Grade X program. The latter will be tried out in a limited number of schools during the ensuing school year, along with a proposed primary reference in health.

- 4. In August, the Supervisor served for a two-week period as director of an International Study Center sponsored by the Junior Red Cross at Kingston, Ontario. The student body of about 100 was composed in the main of selected delegates from the United States and Canada but representation also included delegates from Greece, Japan, Ecuador, Uruguay, Chile, Yugoslavia and Jamaica. This was the first such gathering of high school students held in Canada.
- 5. Membership was maintained in the Canadian Mental Health Association, the Personnel Association of Edmonton, the International Council for Exceptional Children, the John Howard Society, and in the following professional associations: American Personnel and Guidance Association, Alberta School Counsellor Association, American School Counsellor Association, National Vocational Guidance Association, National Council on Family Relations, and the Canadian Education Association.

## C. Audio-Visual Aids Branch-D. S. Hamilton, Supervisor.

## 1. Library

- (a) Selection of new materials:

  During 1955-56 the Film Evaluation Committee held 42 meetings and screened 260 16mm. films.
  - (b) Contents of the library as at June 30, 1956

	No. of Titles	Multiple Prints	Total No. of Prints
Sound films Silent films	1,097 273	2,549 221	3,644 495 3,055
Filmstrips Slide Sets	2,067	988	3,000

Among the above 16mm. films are a number which have been placed in the library on indefinite loan. The majority of these are from the National Film Board. The remainder are from businesses or companies except some from associations and government bodies which have been listed under "Others".

	Sound	Shellt
National Film Board	240	41
Business sponsors:		
(Canadian National Railway, Swift Canadian, Kimberly-Clark		
Products, Socony-Vacuum Oil, Canadian General Electric, General		
Motors, Nabob Foods, B.C. Tree Fruits, Canadian Pacific		
Railway, B. F. Goodrich Rubber, Aluminum Company of Canada, Shell Oil, Hamilton Steel, Reklamefondet For Den Norske Her-		
metikkindustri, J. I. Case, Tea Bureau, Maple Leaf Milling, Sugar		
Information, Imperial Oil, Hudson's Bay, Sunkist Growers, Gregg		
Shorthand, Canadian Johns-Manville, International Harvester,		
Chrysler Corporation, Prudential Insurance, Dominion Rubber Co.,		
Dominion Woollens and Worsteds, Plywood Manufacturing, Mannix		
Ltd., Metropolitan Life Insurance, Canadian Chamber of Com-		
merce, Canadian Industries, Canadian Sugar Factories, General		
Foods Ltd., McGavin's Bakeries, Trans-Canada Airlines, Canadian		
Institute of Plumbing and Heating, Inter-provincial Pipeline, Northwestern Utilities, Moyers School Supplies, Hamilton Chamber		
of Commerce)	189	
	100	
Others:		
(Alberta Tuberculosis Association, Royal Danish Legation, Belgian Legation, Alberta Teachers' Association, Prince Edward Island		
Photo Department, Dutch Embassy)	16	
rioto Department, Dutch Embassy)	10	

#### 2. Circulation and Service of the Branch

## (a) Number of Items Shipped September 1, 1955 to June 30, 1956

In order to reduce clerical work the monthly figures for filmstrip and slide set circulation have not been recorded and consequently are not available for the following table. As the service in 16 mm. films constitutes a major part of the work of the Branch, the figures are presented for these for each month of the school year.

September, 1955 October November December January, 1956 February March April May June	Films 2,316 3,379 4,081 2,848 3,248 4,072 4,495 3,488 3,270 2,955	Filmstrips	Slide Sets	Total
	34,152	15.847	297	50,296

## (b) Total circulations for Each of the Last Eleven Years.

	16mm. Films	35mm. Filmstrips
1945-46 1946-47 1947-48 1948-49 1949-50 1950-51 1951-52 1952-53 1953-54 1954-55	4,365 8,375 12,662 19,778 24,111 25,298 29,476 34,561 32,509 32,250 32,321	1945-46     1,762       1946-47     3,402       1947-48     5,399       1948-49     8,415       1949-50     8,233       1950-51     8,237       1951-52     11,033       1952-53     13,519       1953-54     10,939       1954-55     13,309       1955-56     15,847

## (c) Shared Payment Plan for Damaged Films

Amount paid into the Plan 1955-56	\$1,603.50
Amount billed against participants	809.00
Amount billed against non-participants	157.50
Other damage reported but unbilled	471.00

## (d) Withdrawals from the library

The following indicates the number of 16 mm. sound films which have been withdrawn because of deterioration in condition since 1946-47.

1946-47 1947-48	1	1951-52 1952-53 1953-54	4
1948-49	4	1000001	
1949-50	11	1954-55	12
1950-51	7	1955-56	16

## (e) Film circuits served by the Branch.

#### Circuits

School Division or Area

Dickerson-Markerville Oyen-Chinook (Home Economics films) Warspite-Spedden (music films) Bellevue-Hillcrest Calgary Separate Schools Calgary Public Schools Red Deer School Division No. 35 Acadia Valley School Division No. 8 Smoky Lake School Division No. 39 Pincher Creek School Division No. 29 Calgary Separate School Board Calgary Public School Board

The character of the film circuits has gradually been changing. In earlier years, since there were fewer projectors, films often travelled on a circuit with a projector. There is now a tendency for particular

types of films to be booked for a circuit — e.g., music and home economics films, as shown above, travel with a specialist teacher who teaches at two or more schools in a division. In the last three circuits above, most of the schools involved have projectors but find some advantage in pooling their orders for films and circulating them among themselves.

## 3. Supervision and Guidance in the Use of Film Materials

## (a) Publications

Catalogs have been kept up to date. The Catalog of Filmstrips has been thoroughly revised. The new catalog now issued makes it possible for the teacher to turn to a particular page listing materials for any grade and unit in the Junior and Senior High School Social Studies or Elementary Enterprise Activities. Other parts have been reclassified to make possible more direct reference by the teacher.

One new NOTES TO USERS has been issued:

No. 38-"How to Use Audio-Visual Materials Effectively"

(by Mr. A. W. Van de Meer of Pennsylvania State University)
No. 30—"How to Make and Use a Flannelgraph" has been revised and improved.

The first issue of a current information sheet, under the name of VISUAL AIDS BULLETIN, has been sent out. This gives information regarding catalogs, some inexpensive materials, approved free filmstrips, equipment, reading devices, picture sets, special deals offered by distributors of filmstrips, quota system, etc. This sheet was formerly called "Notes to Users — General Distribution".

#### (b) Film Guides

The stock of film guides has been increased. There are film guides for more than 80 percent of the sound films. Although sales have not increased over last year, this project is still considered of value. Schools which want a stock of film guides for use prior to receiving the film can purchase them. In the summer months a film guide is placed in every film can to which it applies to be shipped out with the film.

## (c) Classroom Visitations and Meetings

Because of absence from the Branch due to illness the Supervisor's activities along this line were greatly restricted.

## D. School Broadcasts Branch-R. A. Morton, Supervisor.

#### 1. Utilization of Broadcasts

#### (a) Distribution of Guides

The demand for teacher and student guides for school broadcasts has continued to increase. The following table shows the increase during the past four years.

DISTRIE	TABLE I	: F GUIDES		
	1955-56	1954-55	1953-54	1952-53
Teacher Guide	6,200	5.500	5.700	4.750
Sing and Play		39,000	32,000	25,000
Music Makers	35,100	32,000	29.500	25.500
Speech Explorers	27,000	27,000	26,000	23,000
Let's Sing Together	15,400	20,000	16,000	13,900

<sup>\*&#</sup>x27;'Alberta Album'' is a new series in which pictures of Alberta industries were used to accompany the broadcasts. The demand (20,769) far exceeded the supply (6,000 approx.)

# (b) Number of radios in classrooms

The following table was compiled from information made available by divisional superintendents and school authorities in cities and towns.

TABLE II
AUDIO EQUIPMENT IN SCHOOLS

AUDIO	EQUIPMENT IN	SCHOOLS		Central
Themestonete	Radio Receivers	Record Players	Tape Recorders	Sound Systems
Inspectorate 1. Berry Creek	25	5	1	
2. St. Mary's River	20	20	2 2 2 2 2	3
3. Foremost	11	5 19	2	****
4. Medicine Hat	59 16	19	2	6
6. Taber	17	22	1 2	****
8 Acadia	24	8	2	****
9. Sillivan Lake	32 20	3 15	1 5	1
10. Peace River 11. Lac Ste. Anne	24	14	3 5	
12. Edson	29	5		- <u></u>
13. Clover Bar	31 35	11 7	2 3	ï
15. Rocky Mountain House	35 17	6	3	
16. Neutral Hills	60	17		
	40	8	2	3
19. Vegreville	41 30	4 20	3	****
20. Camrose	56	8	8 5 7	****
22. Killam 23. Stony Plain 24. Sturgeon 25. Vermilion 27. Castor	35	5	7	2
23. Stony Plain	39	16 19	2	2 4
24. Sturgeon	50 58	30	1	
27. Castor	23	6	3	
28. Macieou	35	22	3	1
29. Pincher Creek	26	20 5	****	
30. Drumheller 31. Olds	53	8	****	 1
00 177 1	60	$\frac{\tilde{2}}{7}$		1
33. Provost	21		2 3 2	
35. Red Deer	91 55	9 24	3	 1
36. Wetaskiwin		23	4	-
28 Footbills	48	13	****	•
39. Smoky Lake	24	5 20	3	1
40. Wheatland41. Calgary	21 18	20 18	1	2
41. Calgary	27	2	1	
AS Ct Doul	35	5	1	
46. Bonnyville	$\frac{20}{21}$	12 21	3	1
47. Spirit River48. High Prairie	108	17	1	1
49. Leduc	87	19	4	
50. Fairview	23	8	1	****
51. Lac La Biche	40	14 2	2	****
52. Fort Vermilion 54. East Smoky 55. Red Deer Valley 56. Lacombe	10	2	****	****
55. Red Deer Valley	17			
56. Lacombe	26 8	11	3	2
58. Coal Branch 59. Barrhead	0	7	1	7
60 Three Hills	48	9	2 2	
County 1-Grande Prairie	57	28	2	2
County 1—Grande Prairie  County 2—Vulcan  County 3—Ponoka	76 56	4	ï	****
County 4—Newell	22	15	2	1
County 4—Newell County 5—Warner	7	15		1
County 6—Stettler County 7—Thorhild	28 34	12 11	1 4	1
Edmonton	. 34	11	*2	****
Public	. 132	178	39	20
Separate	. 155	52	7	3
Calgary Public	. 121	204	12	32
		47		4
SeparateMedicine Hat	. 21	21	5	3
Lethhridge		00	~	
Public	24 . 12	20 3	5 1	7 5
Drumheller	0	2		
Camrose	24	5	2	
Jasper Place	20	7		
PublicSeparate	28	34		****
Red Deer			****	****
Public		5	4	1
Separate	6	1	1	
Total	2,713	1,256	186	119

## (c) Network

All broadcasts for Alberta schools were heard over radio stations CKUA in Edmonton and CHAT, Medicine Hat. The Alberta tape-recorded series (usually heard in the mornings) was broadcast over CKYL, Peace River, CFCW, Camrose and CFCN, Calgary. The regular network school broadcasts heard at two o'clock each afternoon were carried on the following stations: CBX and CBXA, Edmonton, CFGP, Grande Prairie and CJOC, Lethbridge, CHAT, Medicine Hat, as well as CKUA in Edmonton.

## 2. Programs available

## (a) Scope of Programs

Table III shows the number of program units (varying from 10 to 30 minutes) available for each grade level according to subject matter. Each series of programs may be used for two or more grades.

TABLE III

SCOPE OF ALBERTA SCHOOL BROADCASTS FOR SCHOOL YEAR 1955-56

Name of Series			Num	ber of	progra	ams fo	or each	grade		
1 alexandra										High
Provincial Series	Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	School
Current Events							19	19	19	19
Sing and Play	21	21	21							
Stories and Rhymes (BBC)	3	3	3					****		
Through the Magic Door	20	20	20	20	10	10				****
Social Studies				10 13	10 13	10 13	9	9	9	****
Speech Explorers		****	****	20	20	20				
Adventures with Books			****	10	10	10		****		-2
Adventures with Books		****					9	9	9	
-	44	44	44	73	53	53	37	37	37	19
Western Regional Series										
Health Highways				5	5	5				
News From the West			****	15	15	15	****	Married Street		
Western Gateways					5	5	5		****	****
Discoveries In Words		****	*			5	5	5	5	****
Canada and the							-	-	-	
Commonwealth	****	****	****	3	3	3	5	5	5	****
Creative Writing		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Listening Is Fun							13	13	13	
Let's Sing Together							12	12	12	
		12	12	35	40	45	52	47	47	
National Series										
What's In the News?						14	14	14	14	14
Great Canadian Journeys		****	****	6	6 5	6 5	5	****		****
Canadian Bookshelf				****			3	3	3	****
Canadian Achievements					5	5	5	5		****
Commonwealth Roundup					5	5	5			****
Macbeth										5
Gilbert and Sullivan		****		****				****	4	4
				6	21	35	32	27	21	23
Total	44	56	56	114	114	133	121	111	105	42

Table IV shows the number of air periods available from three separate sources.

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#### TABLE IV

NUMBER	OF AIR	PERIO	DS			
5 mins.	10 mins.	15 mins.	20 mins.	25 mins.	30 mins.	Total
 *24	****	98		24	13	159
 	15		15	****	52 10	82 48
	14	10	14	****	10	-10

<sup>\*</sup>Program News for Parents.

Provincial Series Western Regional Series National Series

## (b) Production of Programs

Broadcasts for Alberta schools are produced in a number of centres. The provincial series of programs which were distributed by tape recording to five Alberta stations were produced by Radio Station CKUA in Edmonton. All network productions were the responsibility of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and originated in Edmonton, Lethbridge, Vancouver, Regina, Winnipeq and Toronto.

## 3. Western Regional Committee on School Broadcasting

The Western Regional Committee met in Winnipeg, December 7 and 9 and again in Toronto, February 6.

In addition to planning regional shared broadcasts for the coming season the committee discussed a number of other important matters related to school broadcasting. One of these concerned the relationship of the Departments of Education with the CBC and ACCRA, the radio artists' union. Because the CBC is the contracting agency with ACCRA the Departments of Education have no control over agreements made as they pertain to school broadcasting. The Committee met the executive-secretary of ACCRA in Toronto in February and were assured that every consideration is given to school broadcasting when contracts are made.

# 4. National Advisory Council

The annual meeting of the National Advisory Council on School Broadcasting was held in Toronto, February 8, 9 and 10. The Council advised the School Broadcast Department of the CBC in their plans for the 1956-57 season. In addition the Council discussed the preliminary report on school broadcasting by the Canadian Teachers' Federation. The survey was undertaken by the CTF at the suggestion of the National Advisory Council on School Broadcasting in 1950. A Radio Research Project Committee was set up in August, 1951. During the next year and a half the committee met frequently to decide procedures and develop questionnaires. Under the direction of Dr. J. Douglas Ayers, Research Director of the CTF, 6,500 questionnaires were prepared and sent out during the school term 1953-54. The thirty-two recommendations of the report were made after thorough study of completed questionnaires from 1,270 principals and 2,500 classroom teachers.

The National Advisory Council also considered plans for the School Television Experiment in the spring of 1956.

In Alberta the telecasts were transmitted from private TV stations in Lethbridge, Calgary and Edmonton. The experiment was divided into sixteen program units heard during the three week period following April 23. Sixty-five schools were selected in Alberta by the School Broadcasts Branch after consultation with local school authorities. One hundred and sixty teachers and approximately five thousand boys and girls participated in

the experiment in this province. TV sets were loaned by dealers who were members of the Retail Merchants' Association of Alberta.

## E. Examinations Branch

The year 1955-56 has again been a year of continued growth in all phases of the work of the Examinations Branch. The increase in the number of candidates, the organization and direction of the summer examination work with, in the main, inexperienced help, the obtaining of qualified sub-examiners and the handling of examination results, present problems of considerable magnitude.

This year, for the first time in Grade XII, the machine room was responsible for the recording of the scores and recording the marks for sending out result statements to the students. The first year of this or any program is always the most difficult. It is too early to evaluate fully these new procedures. To check each result statement before it went out to the student was a difficult and painstaking task. It is a tribute to the hard-working staff that a minimum number of errors was recorded.

## 1. Dates on which result statements were mailed

	1955	1956
Grade XII examinations Grade XII non-examinations Grade IX examinations Grade X - XI non-examinations	July 28 July 29 August 12 July 13	July 30-31 July 30-31 August 13-14 July 11

## 2. Grade XII Examinations, June

The distribution of answer papers according to subjects was as follows:

	1955	1956
English 30	5,763 5,712	6,216 6,124
Social Studies 30	3,716	3,764
Chemistry 30 Physics 30 Physics 30	4,030 2,670	4,311 2,506
Biology 32 Latin 30	3,256 455	3,504 407
French 30 German 30	3,333 146	3,474 186

3. The following table shows the distribution of candidates by gradings in the various subjects:

	secur	of Cand. ing ''B'' higher	No. of securing	Cand.	No. of below	Cand.	Tota	ıl
Subject English 30 Social Studies 30 Mathematics 30 Chemistry 30 Physics 30 Biology 32 Latin 30 French 30 German 30  Number of candidates f	1955 3.378 3,432 2,267 2,426 1,585 1,949 297 2,153 123	1956 3,732 3,679 2,272 2,602 1,546 2,095 2,250 163	1955 1,560 1,449 870 1,010 688 797 99 727 12	1956 1,578 1,541 921 1,064 576 893 89 773 10 1952 6,287	1955 825 831 579 594 397 510 59 453 11 1953 6,417	1956 906 904 571 645 384 516 51 451 13 1954 6,793	1955 5,763 5,712 3,716 4,030 2,670 3,256 455 3,333 146 1955 7,703	1956 6,216 6,124 3,764 4,311 2,506 3,504 407 3,474 186 1956 8,177
Appeals on Grade XII J Number of stud Number of pap Number of app	une Explents where re-	aminations no appealed read	1			. 804	1956 417 622 95	-,

## 4. Grade XII Supplemental Examinations, August 1955

Distribution of candidates according to subjects:

Subject	No. of Candidates
English 30	1,013
Social Studies 30	849
Mathematics 30	
Chemistry 30	
Physics 30	
Biology 32	453
Latin 30	75
French 30	520
German 30	22

# Distribution of Candidates by gradings according to subjects:

Subject	No. of Cand. with "B" or higher	No. of Cand. with "C"	No. of Cand. below "C"	Total
English 30	345	394	274	1,013
Social Studies 30	456	270	123	849
Mathematics 30	387	220	148	755
Chemistry 30	241	304	238	783
Physics 30	231	205	108	544
Biology 32	248	137	68	453
Latin 30	30	34	11	75
French 30	194	197	129	520
German 30	15	4	3	22

#### 5. Music Evaluations

Evaluation was made of 785 music documents during 1955-56 as compared with 706 in 1954-55.

# 6. Evaluation of school documents from other provinces

These numbered 928 in 1955-56 as compared with 1,079 in 1954-55.

## 7. Certificates of credits for non-examination subjects issued

	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
Grade XII	4,510 6,127	4,495 7,424	5,432 7,916	5,445 <b>10.22</b> 0	5,907 <b>10,888</b>
Grade X	8,532	9,398	9,952	12,782	12,642

## 8. Grade IX Examinations, 1956

The following table shows the distribution of gradings among 14,716 candidates writing the Grade IX examinations:

#### FREQUENCY COUNT FOR GRADE IX EXAMINATIONS

Category	Cities, Towns and Villages		Rurals Correspond- ence		1011110			Total Pro	for vince
Honors Pass Pass Failure	No. 727 11,644 1,297	% 5.31 85.20 9.49	No. 11 760 127	% 1.22 84.63 14.14	No. 2 128 20	% 1.33 85.33 13.33	No. 740 12,532 1,444	% 5.03 85.16 9.81	
	13,668	100.00	898	99.99	150	99.99	14,716	100.00	

In addition 167 students were considered as special cases.

# TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF CANDIDATES AND WRITING CENTERS FOR GRADE IX EXAMINATIONS

	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
No. of Candidates	10,920	11,535	11,890	12,652	13,795	14,716
ing special centers)	905	885	790	751	704	688

TABLE SHOWING GRADE IX CATEGORY GRADINGS PER SUBJECT

Category	Reading Test	English Lit.	Soc. St. Lang. Pt. (Lang.)	B Lang.	St. Pt. A .S.)	Math.	Science
	%	%	%		%	%	%
HBD	9.40 26.95 34.13 19.06 10.46	9.82 24.84 36.36 18.74 10.23	10.05 25.13 34.87 20.10 9.85	26 34 20	0.87 6.07 6.10 0.06 0.89	10.17 25.45 34.30 19.90 10.18	9.46 24.83 36.03 19.98 9.70
		GRA	DE IX GRA	DINGS			
		1954		1955		1956	
		No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Fail		690 10,774 1,188	5.45 85.16 9.30	719 11,575 1,501	5.21 83.91 10.88	740 12,532 1,444	5.03 85.16 9.81
		12,652	100.00	13,795	100.00	14,716	100.00

## F. Research Office—A. B. Evenson, Associate Director of Curriculum.

This section of the Examinations Branch concerns itself with provincial testing programs, special surveys and studies. The staff consists of only two full-time employees. However, with the assistance of the government machine room a great amount of research and fact-finding is done which is proving increasingly important to the work of the Department.

The major part of the past year has been spent on a matriculation study which was launched early in the year. The Articulation Committee, which is composed of representatives of the University and the Department's General Curriculum Committee, decided that such special study should be undertaken and the following committee was set up on December 8, 1954:

- A. B. Evenson, Associate Director of Curriculum,
  Department of Education
- D. E. Smith, Professor, Department of Psychology,
- Co-chairmen
- University of Alberta

  S. E. Clarke, Professor, Faculty of Education, University of Alberta
- H. R. Hawes, Assistant to the Registrar, University of Alberta
- M. J. V. Downey, Director of Secondary Education and Guidance, Edmonton Public School Board
- G. L. Mowat, High School Inspector

The following frame of reference was given to the above committee:

- I. To test the validity of Grade IX examinations and other tests as a measure of success in (a) senior high school and (b) university;
- 2. To test the validity of Grade XII examinations as a measure of success in university;
- 3. To test the validity of success in non-academic subjects as a measure of success in university;
- 4. To study the experience of other universities in testing other types of matriculation regulations.

These terms of reference were designed to serve as a guide to the committee's study but were not intended to limit its activities in the broad effort to examine present matriculation criteria and to test their effectiveness. Generally, it was felt that the committee should be concerned with

any information or data relating to selection of candidates for higher education.

Meetings of the Matriculation Study Committee were held on the following dates: December 28, 1954, March 11, 1955, November 7, 1955, January 20, 1956, and March 19, 1956. Working within its frame of reference the Committee planned a program which is intended to find answers to questions such as the following:

- I. Are the present methods used for the selection of university candidates the best to meet present needs?
  - 2. Are high school standards changing?
- 3. Could selective factors other than the achievement on Grade XII examinations be used to advantage? (Aptitude, school record, principal's recommendation, etc.)

Before an extensive study could be made it was necessary to collect a great deal of data on Alberta students. This was done by having selected samples of Grade XII students write special aptitude and achievement tests and also by having the students and principals complete carefully prepared questionnaires. For this study the following tests were administered:

# 1. School and College Ability Test, Level 1

This test is produced by the Educational Testing Services, Princeton, N.J., which is one of the foremost organizations in the world for testing and research.

# 2. College Entrance Examinations Board Tests

These tests are produced annually by the College Entrance Examinations Board which is a creation of the secondary schools and the universities, brought into existence many years ago to deal with the problems that arise at the point of college entrance. About two hundred of the leading educational institutions of higher learning in the United States hold membership on this Board. The College Board tests are written by a large portion of the high school graduates of the United States as a requirement for entrance into certain universities. In addition, many students in countries other than the United States are required to write a number of these tests if they wish to enter American colleges. For the purpose it is intended to serve, this organization is the only one of its kind in the world.

The number of candidates in Alberta schools participating in this testing program is indicated by the following table:

Name of Test	No. of Candidates
School and College Ability Test, Level 1	6,477
(a) Scholastic Aptitude (b) English (c) Biology (d) Chemistry (e) Physics	5,803 1,272 1,252 1,265 1,226
(f) Intermediate Mathematics (g) Advanced Mathematics (h) French Reading	1,236 880 1,203

The above tests are now being scored and it is expected that the analysis of test results and other data will continue for perhaps the next

two years. It is hoped by the committees concerned that the findings will throw light on many perplexing problems. Especially it is hoped that more valid criteria can be established for the selection of university students.

The direction and handling of this study is a major undertaking. All the work of distributing materials and collecting and compiling data is being handled by the Research Office.

In addition to the Matriculation Study, the Research Office has carried out the following assignments:

- 1. Processing of Grade IX and Grade XII examinations results.
- 2. Analyzing Grade IX Reading and Mental Ability scores and issuing a report to all provincial high schools.
- 3. Making an analysis of promotion practices in Grades X and XI, for the school year 1954-55. The findings will form the basis of further research and study on this problem.
- 4. Directing the administration of special aptitude tests to 9,870 Grade X students. These tests were written throughout the province on March 26, 1956. A special report will be compiled and furnished to all high schools for the use of counselors.
- 5. Giving advice and assistance on testing and research problems on request to superintendents and teachers.

All the above assignments require a great deal of organizing and planning, the actual work for each one necessarily spreading over several months.

## REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR

(D. R. Cameron)

The functions and duties of the office of the Registrar have to do with appraising, certificating and recording the qualifications and class-room experience of Alberta teachers. In detail, these activities centre on the issuance of certificates; the administration and application of regulations governing the certification of teachers; the evaluation of credentials submitted by applicant teachers from outside Alberta; the assessment of foreign secondary school documents; the maintenance of detailed records on the academic and professional standing and experience of each Alberta teacher, and the arrangements for teacher-exchange positions.

The operations of the office are based on an extensive system of records. According to a recent survey, during the period 1905-1955, the total number of interim and permanent general teachers' certificates issued was about 72,000. Making allowances for many reissued qualifications and the numbers of teachers who were granted more than one certificate, it is estimated that there are more than 36,000 individual files for persons who have taught in Alberta during the past 50 years.

The Registrar is secretary to the Board of Reference and the Board of Teacher Education and Certification. By Government appointment, he also serves as chairman of five professional examining or appraisal boards. A brief report on these functions and duties follows.

In June, 1956, Miss E. Nancy Thompson, B.A., M.A., formerly on the staff of the Correspondence School Branch, was appointed Assistant Registrar. Her engagement in this newly-created position will enable the office to cope more effectively with the increasing numbers of requests for evaluations, the growing volume of applications for certification and the needs of the rapidly expanding teaching force of Alberta.

#### General Certification

Immediately below, Table I summarizes the various classes of general teaching certificates issued over a twelve month period. The data are divided into section (a) for interim certificates and section (b) for permanent certificates.

In Table I the figures under column I afford information on certificates issued to teachers trained in Alberta, whereas the certificates under columns 2, 3 and 4 analyze the general certificates granted to teachers from other Canadian provinces and other countries. When the term married is used, it refers to a female teacher who has had her certificate validated following marriage. The word reissued refers to certificates issued to teachers who qualified for certificates of higher class than those originally issued to them.

TABLE I

TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES ISSUED DURING THE PERIOD

JULY 1st, 1955 - JUNE 30th, 1956

		1	1			
	Col. I	Col. 2	Col. 3	Col. 4		
Certificate Classes and Origins	Alberta	Other Provinces	British Commonwealth	Other Countries	Sub-Total	Total
(a) Interim Certificates						
Professional:						l I
Alberta	122		1			i
(including 80 reissued: 20 married)	122					
British Columbia		1				
Jaskarchewan		16				
Ontario New Brunswick		3				}
Nova Scotia		3				
England			2			
United States				3	151	
Alberta	133					
(including 24 reissued; 16 married)	133					
(including 24 reissued; 16 married) British Columbia		3		]		}
Saskatchewan		16				
Ontario		8				1
England		,	4			
Scotland			i i			
Pakistan			1		110	
United States				1	168	
Alberta	124					
(including 52 reissued: 20 married)						
Saskatchewan		14				
Manitoba Ontario		3		1		
England			13			
Scotland			2			
Australia			1		158	
Alberta	572					
(including 132 reissued: 126 married)						
British ColumbiaSaskatchewan		9				
Manitoba		75 15				
Ontario		II				
Quebec Nova Scotia		12				
Nova Scotia		4	10			
EnglandIreland			12			
Australia			1	, }	712	
nterim Second:						
Alberta	1				- 1	
(1 married)	952	196	37	5	1190	
	702					
b) Permanent Certificates						
rofessional:						
Alberta	319			1	319	
(including 164 reissued; 23 married)	317				317	
itandard S:						
Alberta	221				221	
(including 87 reissued; 69 married)						
Alberta	325				325	
(including III reissued: 96 married)						
unior E: Alberta	E40				F 40	
(including 119 reissued; 82 married)	548				548	
econd Class:						
Alberta	47				47	
(including 43 married)	14/0				1410	0.1-
	1460				1460	2650

#### Notes on Table 1:

- The 30 per cent decrease in the total number of general certificates issued this year, as compared with the total figure for last year, is attributable to the fact that almost the full force of the changes in certification regulations, under Order-in-Council 728-54, was felt during 1954-55. The teachers who trained prior to 1954 and who are eligible for the Junior E Certificate, in the main, now hold this qualification.
- 2. The figures under column 1 include 769 certificates issued to teachers who completed requirements for raising their level of certification.
- 3. There were 496 married female teachers who completed validation procedures and received up-to-date certificates.
- 4. Excluding reissued certificates, the total number of persons issued initial, interim certification was 719.
- A total of 238 applicant teachers from other provinces and countries were successful in meeting our certification standards and took up residence in Alberta to teach.

## Letters of Authority

On the recommendation of a superintendent of schools, a Letter of Authority which grants teaching privileges during a given school year, in a specific school district, may be issued by the Minister of Education to persons with suitable academic and professional or technical qualifications. The Letters are issued in situations where school boards are unable to secure the services of fully certified teachers.

During the period July 1, 1955 to June 30, 1956, there were 486 Letters of Authority issued.

## Special Certification

Special certificates were issued as follows in Table II for the teaching of Art, Music, Dramatics, Physical Education, Industrial Arts, Bookkeeping, Typewriting, Stenography, commercial subjects and primary courses. Teachers with appropriate general certification may qualify for these special certificates by completing prescribed courses at the Faculty of Education, University of Alberta, or other approved institutions.

# TABLE II SPECIALISTS' CERTIFICATES ISSUED JULY 1st, 1955 - JUNE 30th, 1956

Advanced Certificate Senior Certificate Junior Certificate Administration Certificate Primary Certificate Advanced (Unit Shop) Certificate	3
Total	477

Many school boards are finding difficulty in obtaining fully qualified teachers of Commercial, Industrial Arts and Home Economics courses, for the junior and senior high school grades. In Table III, a partial analysis of the general statistics in Table II reveals that the following certificates were issued in these special subject fields.

TABLE III

SPECIALISTS' CERTIFICATES ISSUED IN COMMERCIAL SUBJECTS, HOME ECONOMICS

AND INDUSTRIAL ARTS

Commercial Certificates Junior Bookkeeping Junior Typewriting Junior Stenography Senior Bookkeeping	18 48 20 10	Home Economics Certificates Junior Senior Advanced	50
Senior TypewritingSenior Stenography	18	Total	78
Total	127	JuniorSenior	12
		AdvancedAdvanced (Unit Shop)	5
		Total	30

## Qualifications held by Active Teachers

Based on reports from school boards, most of which were received and checked by the Office of the Registrar before the end of December 1955, the statistics in Table IV provide information on the classes of certificates and the numbers of teachers holding these certificates, who were under contract during approximately the first half of the school year 1955-56.

TABLE IV
CERTIFICATES HELD BY TEACHERS UNDER CONTRACT 1955-56

Names of Certificates	Number of Teachers Holding Certificates
A. Professional Certificate (Grades I-XII)	1,600
Standard E (Grades I-IX)	835
Letter of Authority  B. "High School (Grades VII-XII)	486
*Academic (Grades I-XII) *First Class (Grades I-XII)	56
*Elementary and Intermediate (Grades I-X)  Second Class (Grades I-IX)	1,132
C. Qualification Statement (Grades I-IX)	
Total	8,542

#### Notes on Table IV:

- 1. The certificates preceded by the asterisk in section "B" may be exchanged for equivalent current certificates in section "A".
- 2. The qualification Statements in "C" are not teacher's certificates, strictly defined, but rather student-teaching authority issued to persons who successfully completed the first and the second terms of training in the Faculty of Education under the provisions of The Emergency Teacher Training Act, 1954.

An analysis of more than 8,000 records for teachers employed during the school year reveals that 31 per cent of the total teaching force is male and 29 per cent single female. It is also interesting, as a mark of the times, to note that 40 per cent of the persons in charge of our classrooms are female teachers who are, or who have been, married. Clearly, Alberta is much indebted to the married women who are serving in both home and school.

## Teachers with Degrees

Of the 8,542 teachers reporting to the office of the Registrar 23.9 per cent had degrees. Table V provides information on the types of University degrees held by members of the profession. In the case of a teacher with two degrees, only the higher degree is included.

# TABLE V NUMBER OF TEACHERS WITH DEGREES 1955-56

Degrees Held	Number of Teachers Holding Degrees
Bachelor of Education Bachelor of Arts Bachelor of Science Bachelor of Science, H.Ec. Bachelor of Education, Ind. Arts Bachelor of Education, Phys. Ed. Master of Arts Master of Arts Master of Science, M.Ec.	- 1,150 - 401 - 160 - 35 - 21 - 14 - 16 - 122 - 68
Others: B.Ag., B.L.S., B.D., B.Paed., LL.B., Ed.D., Ph.D	2,043

#### Teacher Movement

Alberta continues to benefit by the flow of teachers from other places. It is a fair estimate that, during 1955-56, we acquired two qualified teachers from outside for every teacher we lost to another jurisdiction.

The statistics in Table VI show that a total of 238 persons from other places established residence in this province and, upon submission of satisfactory evidence of academic and professional education, were issued interim Alberta teaching certificates.

## TABLE VI \*APPLICANTS FROM OUTSIDE WHO QUALIFIED FOR ALBERTA CERTIFICATION 1955-56

	umber of ertificates 196
England, Scotland, Wales, Ireland The United States of America Other Countries	35 4 3
Total	238

Note: Table VI does not include the substantial number of teachers from other provinces and countries who qualified only for Letters of Authority.

## Teacher Exchange

The Department of Education co-operates with the Canadian Education Association in promoting teacher exchange as a means of improving the competence and professional knowledge of teachers and of promoting national and international understanding. The preliminary handling and processing of applications are administered by the office of the Registrar. In turn, the C.E.A. acts as an agency for arranging exchanges between the Canadian provinces, between Canada and the United States, and between Canada and the United Kingdom. Additional information on the purpose, conditions of eligibility, and application procedure is to be found in the Annual Report of the Department of Education, 1955.

A total of twenty-seven inquiries was received during 1955-56. There were twelve applications endorsed by the Deputy Minister of Education.

Among these approved applications, only seven applicants secured exchange positions in the United Kingdom. For the remaining five, suitable exchange positions were not available.

## Secondary School Evaluations

The number of requests made by high school students from other countries for evaluations of secondary standing continues to increase. Assessments, in terms of Alberta credits, of documents issued by authorities outside Canada are required for various reasons: some applicants are eager to continue high school education in this province, others want to apply for entrance to university, and still others desire to gain admission to professional associations. A good many applicants have need to present proof of educational qualifications to employers.

The figures in Table VII show that 387 official evaluations of high school standing were completed during the past year, and give some information regarding the countries from which the applicants came.

TABLE VII
HIGH SCHOOL EVALUATIONS FOR STUDENTS FROM OUTSIDE CANADA 1955-56

Place	Number of Evaluations
riace	Evaluations
United States of America  Germany Holland England Austria Scotland Denmark Northern Ireland Australia	130 64 52 35 9 8 8
British West Indies	5
China	4 4 50
Total	387

#### Board of Reference

Under certain conditions, a case of dispute between a school board and a teacher, with respect to the termination or cancellation of contract, may be referred to the Board of Reference for arbitration and a ruling which is binding and conclusive on both sides. Either party to a contractual disagreement of this kind may make application to the Minister of Education for a hearing before the Board. The Board of Reference comprises three district court judges appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council. The Minister has discretionary power, however, to refer an application to a designated member of the Board.

During recent years there have been few applications. In June, 1956, three appeals were made by teachers, but these cases were withdrawn and no hearings were held when the school trustees and the teachers concerned reached an agreement.

Doubtless the number of applications has been reduced by the effect of the recent amendment to The School Act which stipulates that, where a contract has been in effect for less than twelve months, no appeal shall be made for a Board of Reference hearing.

#### Board of Teacher Education and Certification

The Board of Teacher Education and Certification serves in an advisory capacity to the Minister of Education on matters pertaining to the training and certification of teachers. On the Board are fourteen members: five each from the University of Alberta and the Department of Education, three from the Alberta Teachers' Association, and one from the Alberta School Trustees' Association. The Chairman is Mr. W. E. Frame, Chief Superintendent of Schools.

Full meetings of all members were held on November 21, 1955; January 18, 1956, and May 29, 1956. A number of meetings of standing committees and special committees of the Board were also convened. Some of the major questions and problems considered by the Board during the year were: new training courses in the Faculty of Education, optional courses in the Bachelor of Education program, internship for teachers-in-training, amendments to the regulations governing the certification of teachers, standards for special certificates, and the admission requirements for the Junior E program.

## REPORT OF THE CO-ORDINATOR OF TEACHER EDUCATION

(S. A. Earl)

## Teacher Training Programs

At present the Co-ordinator of Teacher Education is responsible for four fields of activity, namely: (a) teacher recruitment, (b) bursary programs, (c) in-service education, and (d) teacher education (as liaison officer between the Department of Education and the Faculty of Education).

This report pertains mainly to statistics relative to teacher training programs, enrolments in the Faculty of Education in the various programs, and a summary of financial assistance provided for teachers-in-training.

All teacher training is done by the Faculty of Education, University of Alberta, which has branches in Edmonton and Calgary. The minimum period of training for a teacher's certificate is one year.

The one-year course leading to a Junior Elementary Certificate and the two-year courses leading to either the Standard E Certificate or the Standard S Certificate are offered in both Edmonton and Calgary. After a third year of training, the student can qualify for a Professional Certificate, while a fourth year leads to a Bachelor of Education degree.

With the exception of the Industrial Arts program, the Calgary school does not offer courses beyond the second year. In Edmonton, teacher training at the level of the third and fourth years, as well as post-graduate work for the fifth and sixth years, is available. Provision is made in certain instances for students to proceed to a doctorate degree in philosophy of education. Plans are being developed for the expansion of this program.

The enrolments in the Faculty of Education for the Fall Term, 1955 are given below in Tables I, II and III.

	TABLE	1		
SHOWING	ENROLMENT,		OF	EDUCATION,

UNIVERSITY YEAR 1955	5-56	CATION,	
Branch Edmonton Calgary		Women 468 188	Total 795 303
Grand Totals	442	656	1,098
TABLE II			
Showing Enrolment, University Year, 1959	5-56, By Colle	ge Years	
Years of Training First Year Second Year Third Year Fourth Year Graduates 4th, 5th, 6th years	- 154 - 94 - 75	206 47 20 24 6 303	Total 586 201 114 99 98 1,098
TABLE III			
Enrolment in One-Year (Junior E) Program	n. University	ear, 1955-56	
Branch Edmonton Calgary		Women 171 119	Total 240 157

## Government Assistance to Teachers in Training

Since the Fall of 1946, the Government has offered assistance to teachers-in-training. During 1955-56 the following forms of financial help were available to prospective elementary school teachers:

107

290

397

 Payment of tuition fees for students in the one-year program, and also for students who enrolled in either the Junior E (one-year) program or the Standard E (two-year) program,

#### and

 Government bursaries of two hundred dollars each granted for the first year of training leading to either a Junior Elementary or a Standard Elementary Certificate,

or

3. Bursaries usually of three hundred dollars each, in which school boards participate jointly with the Government for the first year of training in the Junior E or the Standard E program. In return for the above forms of assistance, it is expected that the student, when certificated, will teach for at least two years in the Alberta school system.

## Government Assistance in the Form of Bursaries and Remission of Fees

A total of 505 teachers-in-training benifited by the remission of fees in the amount of \$80,875. There were 170 teachers-in-training who received government bursaries totaling \$34,000, and 245 teachers-in-training who received school board bursaries in which the Government shared to the extent of \$36,750. Tuition fees amounting to \$8,580 were paid on behalf of 156 students who enrolled in the Emergency Teacher Training Program during the summer of 1955. A sum of approximately \$200 was contributed to the Faculty of Education by the Government to provide textbooks and references required to teach the courses comprising the

summer program for student-teachers. Tuition fees were not paid for student-teachers who expected to teach in Indian schools or private schools. The total expenditure made by the Government for bursaries and remission of fees was \$160,205.

# TABLE IV FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PAID TO TEACHERS-IN-TRAINING, 1955-56

Α.	Remission of Fees for 505 teachers-in-training 325 students at Faculty in Edmonton	\$ 52,975 27,900
	Total expenditure	\$ 80,875
В.	Government Bursaries (\$200 each)  88 students at Faculty in Edmonton 82 students at Faculty in Calgary	17,600 16,400
	Total expenditure	\$ 34,000
C.	School Board Bursaries (Government share at \$150 per bursary) 167 students at Faculty in Edmonton 78 students at Faculty in Calgary	\$ 25,050 11,700
	Total expenditure	\$ 36,750
D.	Tuition fees for 156 Student-Teachers	\$ 8,580
	TOTAL AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE	\$160,205

Some of the students who enrol in either the Junior Elementary (one-year) or the Standard Elementary programs do not apply for any form of financial assistance.

Table V shows the total annual expenditure by the Government to teachers-in-training since the inception of the bursary program in 1946.

#### TABLE V

GOVERNMENT	ASSISTANCE IN THE	FORM OF	BURSARIES AN	ID REMISSION	OF FEES
School Year	1946-47	1952-53	1953-54	1954-55	1955-56
Evnenditure	\$ 31 174	\$103.322	\$113.106	\$150.730	\$160.205

## **Emergency Teacher Training Program**

The Emergency Teacher Training Act, 1954, empowers the Minister of Education to provide an emergency teacher-training program for the purpose of qualifying student-teachers. Student-teachers may be employed in teaching in the schools for limited periods and may remain qualified as student-teachers upon compliance with the terms and conditions set out in regulations which the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council is authorized to make.

The successful completion of one six weeks' summer school entitles a student-teacher to teach for a period of one year. After teaching for one year, and with a superintendent's recommendation, the student-teacher may enrol in the second summer school. Again teaching privileges may be granted for one year only. With a second year of teaching experience, together with a recommendation from a superintendent of schools, the student-teacher may enter the third summer session. Successful completion of three summer schools and two years of teaching experience will be considered as the equivalent of the Junior Elementary (one-year) training program.

During the summer of 1955 two groups of students enrolled in the Emergency Teacher Training Program; (a) those who returned for the second summer session, and (b) those who enrolled for the first session of the program.

			1955
2.	Number of applications for first session  Number of applications approved, first session  Number of applicants who registered  Tribution by Sex:		146 110 89
D.13	(a) Male students	30 59	
		89	
Dis	tribution by Age:		
	(a) Students under 21 years (b) Adults (21 years or over)	53 36 89	
		-07	
4. 5.	Number receiving statements of qualification		78
7.	of the E.T.T.P.  Number who enrolled in the second session of the E.T.T.P. in 1955  Number who successfully completed the program of the second session  Total number of student-teachers employed during the school year 1955-5		64

## REPORT OF THE SCHOOL BOOK BRANCH

(W. F. Logan, Manager)

The year just past has recorded a continuation of the progress and expansion of the School Book Branch. Since its modest origin in 1914, the Branch has evolved to be one of the largest distributors of educational books in the Dominion of Canada. The limits of this development are not yet in sight and all indications point to an incessant growth in terms of volume turn-over and development of service to the educational system of Alberta.

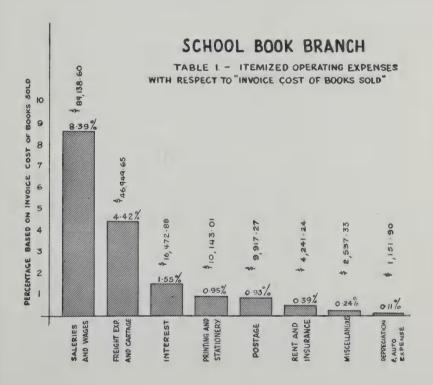
The constant aim of the staff of the Branch is to ensure that the School Book Branch excels in its services to the educational systems of the province. It is, therefore, with gratification that the management reports this year as one of the most successful in its record of operation.

## Function and Service of the School Book Branch

The School Book Branch is charged with the responsibility of securing and distributing text books, reference and library books to students and teachers in all Alberta educational institutions offering studies lower than the level of the university. It is the objective of the Branch to provide the schoolbook requirements of the Alberta schools promptly, efficiently and economically.

The Branch is in a particularly favored position to provide this service for the following reasons:

- (a) It is a not a revenue producing agency. On the other hand, the School Book Branch must be self-maintaining. It is the policy of the Government that the sale of school books shall not be a profit-making business. However, all overhead costs of operation must be derived from the receipts of the business. Consequently, a small mark-up is set on the publishers' net quotations, to offset such expenses as salaries of the staff, rent, insurance, interest on Government capital advance, transportation, and sundry expenses. Table No. I shows the distribution of operating expenses with respect to 'Invoice Cost of Books Sold'.
- (b) Schoolbook prices are standardized throughout the province, enabling students far removed from the source of book supply to secure books at the same prices as offered in the large cities and towns.
- (c) The School Book Branch functions as a large repository of authorized text and reference books, making them readily available. The majority of the books are ordered about seven or eight months prior to school opening.
- (d) Lowest transportation costs are paid on large consignments of books brought in by the Branch. Text books and workbooks are secured in car load lots. Transportation costs, based on invoice cost of books sold, have dropped during the past four years, from 7.8% in 1952 to 4.42% in 1956.
- (e) Publishers are influenced to improve the quality of their books without increase in prices.
- (f) Many special library and reference books, which are not regularly stocked, may be secured on special order. Although the main business is centered around titles recommended by the Department of Education, school authorities may procure any book which is in print, through the School Book Branch.



## Financial Report

The Provincial Auditor's report for the fiscal year April 1st, 1955 to March 31st, 1956 shows the business to be in a sound financial position. A few pertinent statistics for the period follow:

- (a) The total sales of all books amounted to \$1,290,739.13. This sum represents an increase of \$93,352.62 over the same period last year, and is the largest cash volume of sales in the history of the Branch.
- (b) At the beginning of the fiscal year April 1st, 1955, the value of stock inventory was \$454,142.00. Additional purchases were made during the year in the amount of \$895,860.78. Stock inventory, at the end of the fiscal year March 31st, 1956, was \$288,359.55.

#### Cost of Books

The prices of books still continue to increase. Wages, materials and all other production and manufacturing costs are reported higher by the publishers. However, in spite of these increases, the School Book Branch, upon the recommendation of the Minister, has maintained the same prices on all texts, references and workbooks during the current school year 1955-56, as prevailed during the past school year, which meant a considerable saving to the school population.

#### Distribution of School Books

In the main, the agencies of distribution are as follows:

- (a) Divisional and district school boards purchase at the most advantageous rates of discount and transportation. A discount of 15% is granted on all orders which are over \$10.00 in terms of retail value. The School Book Branch prepays all transportation charges. These economies directly benefit the students and taxpayer when the books are redistributed by the boards.
- (b) Approximately 168 dealers perform valuable service by keeping a local stock of text books on hand. They also receive a 15% discount and transportation charges are prepaid on all orders amounting to \$3.00 or more.
- (c) A highly organized mail order service at the School Book Branch is available. Most of the business is done by this method. During the rush period, the staff required to handle this phase of the business was quadrupled.

## School Opening "Rush" Period

The School Book Branch employed the following measures to cope with the school opening "rush" period in September:

(a) School systems and dealers were encouraged in June to place their "opening" orders early. The response was favorable, since divisions and dealers ordered stock much earlier than in previous years. The Branch was exceptionally busy during the first three weeks of August. Compared to the same period last year, purchases by school divisions and individuals increased by 9.2% during the months of July and August, 1955; dealer purchases increased by approximately 2% during this same comparative period.

- (b) In the main, back orders were completed prior to August 15th. All orders received before school opening were filled and dispatched before the end of August.
- (c) To aid in hastening delivery of the flood of orders coming in during the "rush" period, the office staff was doubled and the shipping room staff was quadrupled.
- (d) Approximately two weeks of overtime work was required to keep pace with the incoming mail orders.
- (e) A skeleton staff was on hand Saturday mornings, during the month of September and the first two weeks in October, to serve the teachers and dealers.

#### Sales Promotion Activities

Effort has been made the year round to inform students, teachers, school boards, and dealers of the great variety of excellent books obtainable from the School Book Branch. The following means were used:

- (a) Extensive distribution of price lists, requisition forms, catalogues, and circulars. Revised requisition forms were sent to all teachers, secretary-treasurers of school divisions and districts, and superintendents of schools, early in May; annotated free reading catalogues were distributed in October. In four library catalogues are listed 1,730 free reading titles, and 592 titles (texts, references, workbooks and readers) are listed in the price list and requisition form.
- (b) Book displays were presented at the University of Alberta for a Reading Display for Summer School Students, the Grande Prairie Teachers' Convention, the Medicine Hat Teachers' Convention, and the Convention of the Alberta Federation of Home and School Associations.
- (c) In addition to an extensive advertising campaign by mail, the Branch maintains an attractive library reading room for the use of teachers.

#### Free School Text Branch

The management of the School Book Branch is also responsible for the distribution of free readers supplied by the Free School Text Branch. A total appropriation of \$90,000.00 was provided by the Government. This made it possible to distribute free readers in Grades I to 6, on a pro rata dollar and cents basis, to approximately I29,000 students at 70 cents per student.

#### Text Book Rental Plan

The Department of Education approved the Text Book Rental Plan to be operated in five more school systems. These systems are: Edson School Division No. 12, Macleod School Division No. 28, Leduc School Division No. 49, Bow River School District No. 1059, and Jasper School District No. 3063.

There are now twenty-five school systems operating under the rental scheme, affecting approximately 28,300 students.

The Rental Plan was first introduced in Alberta during the school term 1952-53, as a means to reduce the cost of text books and, also, to make

school books available for school opening. Rental rates are approximately one-third of the list price of the books. School systems operating under the plan order their schoolbooks very early in July, thus eliminating the late arrival of text books for school opening.

Results from a questionnaire, completed by secretary-treasurers whose divisions have operated the plan now for four years, prove the scheme has reduced the cost of text books to students and, in the main, solved the problem of late arrival and shortage of school books.

#### REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL BRANCH

(G. F. Bruce, Director)

The work of this branch was carried out without any major change in policy. Thousands of children, youths and adults gained further education with the assistance of the service offered by the correspondence school.

#### **Enrolments**

The total registration for the school year 1955-56 as of June 30 was 8,096. This shows an increase of over 11 per cent. The slight decline in elementary and junior high school grades was more than offset by a marked increase in the enrolment of senior high school students. A comparative statement of enrolments for each section over the past four years follows:

#### ENROLMENTS FOR THE FOUR YEARS 1952 - 1956

	1952-53	1953-54	1954-55	1955-56
Elementary (Grades I-VI) Junior High (Grades VII-IX) Senior High (Grades X-XII)	3,454 1,233 3,820	2,841 1,337 3,942	1,427 997 4,864	1,312 916 5,868
	8,507	8,120	7,288	8.096

It is to be noted that although the registrations for Grades I-IX appear to be settling back to normal, those for senior high school courses have increased by nearly 50 per cent in the four year period. It is significant that the increase in 1955-56 over 1954-55 was more than 20 per cent.

## Supervised Centers

There was a further decline in the number of supervised centers in operation in the province. It is gratifying to know that almost all schools in the province were manned by qualified teachers.

## STATISTICS CONCERNING SUPERVISED CENTERS 1952 - 1956

	1952-53	1953-54	1954-55	1955-56
Number of Centers Enrolled	213	163	46	36
Number of Centers Cancelled	117	96	23	23
until June 30	96	67	23	13

## Library Services

During the school year 8,156 library and reference books were lent to correspondence pupils and students resident in Alberta. Of these 4,475 were sent to pupils of Grades I-VI; I,025 to students of Grades VII-IX and 2,656 to students of Grades X-XII. Three hundred and ninety-four were lost or discarded.

## Visiting Teacher

In the spring of 1956 a teacher was appointed to visit correspondence pupils in far outlying areas. Her visiting commenced in June during which month she visited more than 20 homes. These visits were deeply appreciated and many points about correspondence instruction were clarified. Much better understanding of the Branch's efforts is certain to bring better results.

## **ELEMENTARY SECTION (Grades I-VI)**

(Miss Ruth E. Lomas, Supervisor)

The total enrolment of 1,312 may be divided as follows:

In supervised centers	At homes in Alberta	In Institutions	N.W.T.	In Other Provinces	In Other Countries
454	797	16	25	9	- 11

#### **Achievements**

Lateness of enrolment, indifference of some parents and inability on the part of a few pupils reduce the percentage of completions. In addition those pupils who studied in supervised centers until the time when their school was taken over by a teacher, markedly reduced the number of completions. The report on pupils registered is as follows:

Promotions and recommendations	411
Promotions left to the discretion of Superintendent	5
Non-completions	269
Cancellations	624

#### Staff

At the time of peak enrolment, in February 1956, twenty teachers were employed full time and one teacher for half days only.

Two instructors obtained leaves of absence during the summer to improve themselves through travel to Europe. Two others, having reached the age for retirement, terminated their services. Their interest in the work of their pupils was always quite keen: their services will be missed by the staff and pupils.

One teacher was released from her regular duties as instructor in the office in order to take up new duties as visiting teacher. She spent the month of June in the Fairview School Division visiting pupils in that area.

#### New Courses

Lessons I - II of the Grade II and Grade III courses were re-written and ready for distribution September I, 1956. Reports and words of commendation for the new set up of the lessons of Grade I led to the adoption of a similar form. Each of the new courses, when completed, will also consist of thirty-three lessons.

#### Miscellaneous

Three News Sheets were published and sent to the pupils during the year. A large section of each consisted of samples of work done by the pupils.

A successful attempt was made to establish closer relationships between the children and the correspondence teachers by:

- (a) the preparation of attractive note paper used by teachers for personal letters to pupils;
- (b) more frequent visits to the homes of medically incapacitated pupils resident in Edmonton:
- (c) the establishment of Stamp, Nature and Writers' Clubs. Many pupils have taken keen interest in one of these extra-curricular activities.

## JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL SECTION (Grades VII - IX)

(Miss Mary Dunnigan, Supervisor)

A decrease in enrolment occurred in Grades VII and VIII, but the number of registrations in Grade IX remained the same as in the previous year. The following table shows the enrolments by grades for the past four years.

#### ENROLMENTS BY GRADES FOR THE FOUR YEARS 1952-1956

		1952-53	1953-54	1954-55	1955-56
Grade	VII	410	467	255	200
Grade		379	371	250	224
Grade	1X	444	499	492	492
		1,233	1,337	997	916

The largest group of students of Grade IX consisted of students who did not attend school. New Canadians and other young adults continue to enrol in numbers for partial or full courses. The students enrolled are classified below:

#### CLASSIFICATION OF STUDENTS

In	In	At	Incarcer-	In	In	Outside	Adults
School	Centers	Home	ated	Hospital	N.W.T.	Province	
147	63	323	64	87	17	8	207

#### **Achievements**

During the school year 150 students of Grades VII and VIII were promoted or recommended; seventy-one cancelled their courses. Sixty of these were given assistance by the Branch until a qualified teacher took charge of the school. Of the 492 enrolled in Grade IX for a full or partial program, 204 successfully completed their courses. Two students obtained honor standing. In all grades 303 cancelled their courses:—78 in Grade VII, 93 in Grade VIII and 132 in Grade IX. The greatest number of these failed to give a reason for their decision.

#### Staff

The maximum staff during the year was eighteen, eleven of whom were temporary employees. One instructor was transferred to the Senior High School Section. Miss Ethel C. Hopkins, who had very capably served as section supervisor for more than ten years retired on June 30. Miss Mary Dunnigan, B.A., was appointed to be her successor.

#### New Courses

A course in Home Economics was written during the year. This gives Grade IX students an opportunity to make a choice from among four exploratory subjects. Two projects in the Grade VII and VIII Community Economics courses were rewritten.

#### Text Book Loan Plan

Arrangements have been made to lend the necessary text books to students of Grades VII and VIII living in unorganized territory and to those who for health reasons find it impossible to attend school. This is an extension of the service inaugurated in September 1954 for Grades I-VI, and which has proven itself to be very helpful to these underprivileged groups.

## SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL SECTION (Grades X - XII)

(Mrs. Harriet A. Flint, Supervisor)

The enrolment showed a considerable increase over that of the previous year. Five thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight students enrolled for 8,716 courses. This is an increase in the number of registrants of about 20 per cent over 1954-55 and of almost 50 per cent over that of 1953-54. The ratio of cancellations and enrolments was slightly higher. Many adult students, having registered, submitted few if any lessons but used our lesson material when preparing to write examinations.

## ENROLMENTS AND CANCELLATIONS FOR THE FOUR YEARS 1952 - 1956

Year	Enrolments	Cancellations	Net Enrolments
1952-53	 3,820	870	3,010
1953-54	 3,942	512	3,430
1954-55	4.864	525	4.339
1955-56	5.868	713	5.155

## Non-Examination Subjects

At the end of the school year of 1955-56, 3,293 students had been enrolled in 4,804 non-examination subjects. Of these, 980 had studied exclusively by correspondence and 2,313 had supplemented their classroom programs. Of the first group 46 were teachers, 146 others held high school diplomas and 143 others studied under adult privileges.

## **Examination Subjects**

At the end of the school year 2,627 students consisting of 501 adults and teachers, and 2,126 students of school age were registered in Grade XII examination subjects; 1,426 departmental examinations were written

either in June, August or as terminal tests during the school year. The increase in the number of examinations written over that of last year was 227.

Results show that correspondence students who conscientiously work on their courses write the examinations with marked success. Unfortunately, many attempted examinations without having submitted half of the lessons in their courses. These considerably lowered the percentage of satisfactory standings. Approximately 8 per cent of candidates obtained 'H standing; 22 per cent A standing; 36 per cent B standing and 20 per cent C standing. The percentage of those who earned H, A or B standing was slightly above the provincial average. The 100 per cent mark in one subject was obtained by a correspondence student.

#### Staff

The maximum number of instructors employed during the school year was 49 of whom 26 were members of the permanent staff. Four were employed on a half-time basis. Before the end of the year two of the permanent teachers resigned, one to return to the classroom, the other to accept a new position in the Department.

One teacher took a graduate course during the winter and completed a second course at summer school. Two others attended summer school to improve their academic and professional standing. The physics teacher attended the workshop sessions in Physics 30 arranged by the Department.

#### COURSES

Because the text on which the correspondence course is based was no longer available, Sociology was not offered to new registrants. A new course in Literature 21 was written during the year: a considerable number of revisions were made in Mathematics 10, Biology 11 and Biology 32.

## Items of Special Interest

In the province-wide creative writing contest sponsored jointly by the Provincial Chapter of the I.O.D.E. and the Department of Extension of the University of Alberta, seven correspondence students won recognition. In the poetry division Grades VIII-X, one student won first prize, two tied for the second prize, a fourth won third prize, and a fifth, a polio victim, received honorable mention. In the short story division at the same grade level a Grade X student won third prize. In the Grades XI and XII group of the short story division a Grade XII student won top honors and the scholarship to the Banff School of Fine Arts.

The enrolment for the year included 24 patients of tuberculosis sanatoria, 4 patients of the Junior Red Cross 'Hospital, 7 inmates of mental institutions, 6 in a detention home and 28 polio patients. Forty-five students were under medical care at home.

A total of 30 inmates of penal institutions studied by correspondence. Of these, 2 did outstanding work and a few made average success.

Twenty-five members of the armed services were registered. Two R.C.M.P. constables located in the Northwest Territories were also registered.

For special reasons 164 students temporarily resident outside the province were registered for courses. Some were resident in Africa, South America, Scotland, England and the United States of America. Others lived in Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, British Columbia, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon.

This year two sisters, living at a lumber camp in unorganized territory, completed the requirements for a High School Diploma. Both girls have been with the Correspondence School Branch since Grade I and have never attended any school.

#### GRADE XII SUMMER SCHOOL-1955

G. F. Bruce, Director

The Summer School was in session from July 4 to August 12. One hundred and eighty-nine students were enrolled: forty-five of these were teachers. The enrolments for the past four years were:

1952	 165
1953	 165
1954	 159
1955	 189

The staff consisted of a principal, eight teachers, a librarian and a secretary. Classes were held in the mornings and supervised study periods were prescribed for the afternoons.

Ninety-six students prepared to write two subjects: ninety-three prepared to write one subject. Examination results were very good. The following table shows the percentage of passes with "B" or better standing and with "C" or better standing for the past four years.

# Percentage Standing of Students Who Earned at Least "B" or "C" Standing on Supplemental Examinations

Year	"B" or better	"C" or better
1952	81	97
1953	80	94
1954	83	96
1955	80	96

The staff rendered excellent service, and the students' deportment left little to be desired. The school continues to render a very important service to many students who lack a few credits or marks toward meeting high school diploma or university matriculation requirements.

## REPORT OF PROVINCIAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND ART,

## Calgary

(E. W. Wood, Principal)

#### I. General

The Institute offers terminal day, evening, and correspondence courses. There are four divisions of the day courses, namely:

- Junior Engineering courses of two or three years' duration which
  provide students with the necessary potential to fill positions in industry as junior engineers. In some cases they may ultimately attain
  professional status.
- Technical courses of one or two years' duration which prepare students to fill industrial positions as technicians, and as prospective supervisors.
- 3. Cultural courses of two, three, or four years' duration in fine art, commercial art, craft work, and industrial ceramics.
- 4. Trade courses, which are offered principally for apprentices in the designated trades under The Apprenticeship Act.

In recent years the demand by industry for graduates of Institute courses has far exceeded the supply. In some courses, notably drafting and electronics, four times as many graduates could have been placed if they had been available. In two courses the entire classes were engaged by single firms.

The number of applicants for some of the courses exceeds the space available. This has resulted in careful screening of the applicants, generally on the basis of academic attainment in their high school courses. Coupled with this upgrading there has been, in some courses, a demand by industry for technicians with more advanced training, particularly in mathematics. Institute courses are therefore being continually revised upward in line with the rapidly advancing technologies.

Four additional Advisory Committees were organized during the year under review for the following courses: Industrial Laboratory Technology, Construction Technology, Architectural Drafting Technology, and Drafting Technology. This makes a total of five Advisory Committees now organized. In the light of the experience with them to date, it must be stated that they have provided excellent guidance and advice regarding the subject

matter to be taught, and valuable liaison with industry. Acknowledgment is here made of the assistance which has been so generously and freely given by the members of these committees.

The new Science Wing was made available for use by classes in October 1955. It was officially opened in February 1956 by Mr. J. E. Oberholtzer, Deputy Minister, Department of Industries and Labour. During the year, plans have been completed for the erection of the new East Block to provide accommodation for the Departments of Art, Drafting, Food Service Training, and Radio and Electronics. Much needed space will also be provided in this building for various student activities. It is hoped that construction of the building will commence this fall. Consideration has also been given to the preparation of a Master Plan for the campus, and plans are being prepared for the erection of an additional shops building for apprentice training, and for an extension to the "B" Building.

Indications of the growing interest in the work of the Institute by business firms and organizations is reflected in an increase in the number of scholarships which are now available to students. On Awards Day which was conducted at the Institute on Wednesday, November 2nd, 1955, scholarships and prizes totalling \$3,506.00 in value were presented to students by the donors. Mr. R. S. Woodford, President of the Calgary Chamber of Commerce was the guest speaker.

Closing Exercises were conducted at the Institute for the first time on Thursday, April 26th, 1956. The guest speaker for the occasion was Dr. J. Gordon Jones, O.B.E.

In province-wide and nation-wide competitions, students of the Art Department secured successes as follows: 4 Alberta Visual Arts Board Scholarships totalling \$450.00; a Swedish government award of \$1,000 for study at the Swedish state school of arts and crafts at Stockholm; the majority of the first prizes at the Calgary Stampede art exhibition.

The National Employment Service established an office on the Institute campus and their representative, Mr. J. Baker, was most active and helpful in arranging employer-student interviews. He placed students in both part-time work, summer work, and permanent work. A very valuable service was thus rendered to the Institute, to students, and to employers.

Among the year's special visitors to the Institute was Dr. R. E. Heartz, President of the Engineering Institute of Canada. He was favourably impressed with what he saw at the Institute.

#### 2. Enrolment

The enrolment in Day, Evening and Correspondence courses for the past five years is given below:

Year	Day	Evening	Correspond- ence	Total
1951-5 <b>2</b>	1,203 1,873 2,153	943 1,071 1,244	460 445 545	2,696 3,389 3,942
1954-55	2,035 2,241	1,302	682 838	4,019

The distribution of the enrolment, by courses, during 1955-56 was as follows:

	Day			_		
Courses	Insti- tute	Appren- tices	Evening	Corres- pondence	Total	
Aeronautical Engineering	16				16	
Agricultural Mechanics (Plus Tractor)	65				65	
All Crait Maintenance Engineering	60				60	
Architectural Dratting	22		24		46	
Art	70		136		206	
Art (Saturday Morning)			216		216	
Automatic Transmission			17		17	
Automotive Service Engineering	46	7.53			46	
Auto Body RepairBlueprint Reading		157			157	
Building Construction and Architectural Drafting	9		49		49	
Building Technology	6				6	
(ar ()wners' (:ourse	0		61		61	
Carpenters Special (N.W.T.)	15				15	
Carpentry		108			108	
Carpentry			65		65	
Ceramics			24		24	
Clothing and Design	17				17	
Clothing (Special Short Courses)	48				48	
Commercial Wireless Operating	21				21	
Concrete Technology			12		12	
Cooking			36		36	
Diesel	15		31		46	
Drafting Technology	19		===		19	
Dressmaking			251		251	
Electricity	39				39	
Electricity (Elementary)	~		32		32	
Electricity (Advanced)		352	30		30 352	
Estimating for Builders			22		22	
Food Service Training	15		22		15	
General Drafting			50		50	
Geology (General)			39		39	
Geology (Petroleum)			75		75	
Industrial Arts	30				30	
Industrial Laboratory Technology	42				42	
Lineman's Theory			18		18	
Machine Shop	13		26		39	
Mathematics-Elementary Calculus			17		17	
Mechanical Drafting	10	755		,	10	
Motor Mechanic	~ ~ -	650			650	
Motor Tune-Up			17		17	
Personal Grooming			44		44	
Photogrammetry			18	96	18 96	
Practical Mathematics			50		50	
Radio Code			16		16	
Radio and Electronics	67		10		67	
Refrigeration	10		25		35	
Speech Training	10		48	9- 40 40	48	
Steam				742	742	
Steam Engineering (Elementary)			17		17	
Survey Drafting (Elementary)	10.00		62		62	
Survey Drafting (Advanced)			22		22	
Survey and Drafting	50				50	
Sheet Metal Drafting			19		19	
Sheet Metal		134			134	
Tailoring			36		36	
Television Receivers			32		32	
Weaving	125		7		210	
Welding	135		75		210	
Woodwork			52		52	
	840	1,401	1,771	838	4,850	

## 3. Staff

A full-time staff of 96 persons and a part-time staff of 27 persons were engaged in carrying on the day and correspondence courses. In addition, a part-time staff of 72 persons was engaged for the evening courses.

Under the provisions of the Apprenticeship Training Agreement the Institute is reimbursed for a portion of the salaries of those instructors who are engaged in the training of apprentices. For the fiscal year 1955-56, this reimbursement amounted to \$83,276.48. Some of these instructors are loaned during the summer months to the Department of Industries and

Labour, where they serve as "Fieldmen" supervising the "on-the-job" training of apprentices in the various designated trades.

A teacher-training course was offered at the Institute during the month of September for new and junior instructors. Mr. R. B. Van Metre, an instructor in the Sheet Metal Department, attended a six weeks' teacher-training course at the University of Toronto. This course was paid for and sponsored by the Department of Labour, Ottawa, for instructors from across Canada who are engaged in the technical training of apprentices.

Mr. F. G. Young, Head of the English and Mathematics Department, retired on pension June 30th, after 31 years' service.

Seven instructors resigned to take up other positions. Attention is drawn to the fact that it is becoming increasingly difficult to replace retiring instructors and to secure additional new instructors for positions as lecturers.

## 4. Day Classes

As in the previous year, the demand for some courses exceeded the space available for training. Selection of applicants was made on the basis of academic qualifications and the order in which applications were received. All applications were visaed and screened prior to the registration dates for the various courses. The enrolment figures given in Section 2 of this report give no indication of the number of fully qualified applicants who were refused admission. The majority of students were Albertans. Every province in Canada, however, was represented in the student body.

After registration, all first year students were given a mathematics survey test. Students who failed the test were required this year for the first time to take a remedial mathematics course after regular class hours. The course was offered one hour per day, two days per week, for eight weeks. Twenty-one students took this additional training. The results of the final examination compared with the marks obtained in the survey test indicated that the course was very worthwhile.

A series of three special courses, of ten weeks' duration, in dress-making, tailoring, and slip-covers and drapes, were offered for the first time and were a great success. Each course terminated with its own fashion show and exhibition of work. The fashion show following termination of the eight month Clothing and Design course was also a great success.

## 5. Evening Classes

The registration for evening classes exceeded those of the previous year by 33.5%. This was made possible by operating some of the courses on a three-hours-per-evening, one-evening-a-week basis. This arrangement, for non-lecture type courses, is very popular with both students and staff. The increasing enrolment is creating a problem in securing a sufficient number of suitably qualified instructors. This may be a critical factor in limiting future expansion of the evening class program.

In the information given hereunder, bracketed figures are those for the year previous:

Total enrolment	1,738	(1,299)
Total student hours	87,562	(66,509)
Average percentage attendance		( 78%)
Number of courses given	45	( 36)
Number of classes	78	( 58)
Number of staff employed	78 72	( 64)
Certificates issued	753	( 593)
Percentage of adults obtaining certificates	49.4%	(54%)
Percentage of total cost covered by fees	101	( 54%)

It should be noted that this year the complete program was operated at a small profit to the Government.

The following new courses were offered: Mathematics (Elementary Calculus), Elementary Steam Engineering, Personal Grooming, and Speech Training.

The staff consisted of 42 regular day class instructors—including two storekeepers—and 30 outside instructors.

## 6. Correspondence Instruction

The Institute's Department of Correspondence Instruction offers courses in Stationary Steam Power Plant Engineering and Practical Mathematics. In addition, this Department does the offset-printing for the preparation of examination papers and instructional material for all the other Departments of the Institute.

The following figures indicate the increase during the year in the number of registrations for courses and in the number of lessons corrected. The correction service which continued to be offered following discontinuance of instruction in the coal mining courses has now been completed. The coal mining courses will now be sold on a "materials only" basis.

CORRESPONDENCE DEPARTMENT PROVINCIAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND ART July 1st, 1955 to June 30th, 1956

	Lesson	Lessons Corrected	cted	Mailed	Mailed New Lessons	suc	퍤.	Enrolments		Fees		Courses	ses
	9961-1961	9961-9961	"nl %	9961-1981	9961-9961	"y lnc.	1954-1955	9961-9961	"onl %	1954-1955	9961-9961	9961-1961	9961-9961
First Class Steam	274	357	30%	599	477	20%	24	34	41%	096 \$	\$1,360	m	4
Second Class Steam Third Class Steam Fourth Class Steam	1,497	1,680 1,149	68% 12% 19%	1,335 2,240 1,438	1,707 2,833 2,226	28% 28% 54%	66 143 143	88 180 238	33% 26% 65%	1,650 2,145 1,430	2,700 2,380	12 19 28	30 30
Mining	94	37	60% Dec.	184	76	59% Dec.		No e	l Irolment I	enrolments accepted		_	2
Practical Mathematics	2,253	2,413	1%	3,687	5,340	45%	59	96	97%	230	096	2	4
TOTALS	5,579	6,482	%91	9,483	12,659	33%	435	929	46%	\$6,775	009'6\$	99	71

The increases indicated in the above figures have necessitated an increase in staff of one Assistant Multigraph Operator. An additional full-time instructor is being sought. An increase in office space must soon be provided.

The work of revising the correspondence course lectures is continuous so that they may be in line with modern practice and with the continually changing and improving power plant boilers, equipment, and machinery. The Practical Mathematics course which was originally designed for mining students is now being revised to up-grade it to a level which is slightly above Mathematics 22 (Technical Mathematics) of the high school course.

## 7. Publicity

As in the previous year, the work of publicizing the Institute resolved itself into: (a) regular weekly news releases for the press and radio, (b) providing speakers at "Career Days" in Alberta high schools, (d) providing speakers for service club luncheons and dinners, and high school graduation exercises, (e) the annual Open House, (f) paid advertising in various newspapers and journals, (g) poster advertising in public buildings and trolley coaches, and (h) Television releases on Institute activities.

Mr. C. Groves resigned from the Government service in December and the public relations work was taken over by Mr. J. C. Yates.

During the year 47 high schools were visited and approximately 1,860 students were addressed.

It is estimated from the distribution of Open House pamphlets that 7,290 people visited the Institute during the annual Open House held on February 8th, 9th, and 10th. The success of this activity is a tribute to the organizing ability of the members of the Open House Committee.

#### 8. Student Activities

Heretofore, during each school year, there have been elected three groups of executive officers for the Students' Association for the Fall, Winter, and Spring terms respectively. This arrangement enabled more students to benefit from the experiences which the offices provide. For a number of reasons, however, a change was made in the Constitution to permit the election of two executives each year. This new arrangement was implemented this year and appears at this early date to have been a success.

Under the new arrangement the winter term executive holds office from November until March, and the spring term executive holds office from April until October. The latter consists essentially of students who will be returning for another year. The principal advantage of the new arrangement ensures that an executive is in office when classes open in the fall and thus student activities can be organized immediately. Under the former constitution no activities were organized until an executive had been elected.

During the last few years there has been a growing tendency for the members of the Students' Association to have Association business and affairs run by the Executive Officers.

The organizing of departmental clubs continued to develop during the year. The members of the various clubs organize their own meetings and

social activities. From time to time they undertake to sponsor a dance for all members of the Students' Association.

The athletic activities were pursued with enthusiasm as in other years. The house leagues in basketball, volleyball, and hockey were very active. In the inter-collegiate leagues, Institute teams excelled in basketball and hockey. Lack of suitable gymnasium space necessitated the renting, from time to time, of the new gymnasium at Crescent Heights High School.

The dramatic group suffered a severe set back in the resignation of the sponsor, Mr. C. Groves, from the Institute staff.

The annual Banquet and Dance was, as usual, a great success.

## 9. Apprentice Training

There was an increase of 36% over the previous year in the number of apprentices who reported for training. The number of apprentices in the various trades who received training during the year was as follows: Auto Body 157, Carpentry 108, Electrical 352, Motor Mechanic 650, and Sheet Metal 134.

A total of 32 instructors was employed in the training program. Of these, 19 instructors devoted their full time to apprentice training and 13 instructors devoted part of their time to apprentice classes.

#### 10. Conclusion

The rapid expansion of Canadian industry is gradually awakening the nation to the following conditions:

- 1. There now exists a grave shortage of engineers and technicians.
- Many engineers are being used for routine tasks which are of a submarginal nature, professionally.
- 3. Engineers could be conserved by providing technicians, who have had shorter but more specialized courses of training, to perform the routine tasks which hold little interest and challenge for engineers.
- There is a growing and very great need for an increasing number of young people who have completed courses of the type offered in technical institutes.

A brief, outlining the great need for technicians, was presented to the Royal Commission on Canada's Economic Prospects.

The technologies are founded upon mathematics and physics, and everything should be done to acquaint students in the junior and senior high schools with the fact that if they plan to pursue courses of the technical institute type they should learn all they can in the high schools in mathematics, physics, and English.

Acknowledgment is here made of the loyal support of the members of the administration and staff of the Institute, and of the kindly help and advice of the Deputy Minister of Education.

## ACTIVITIES IN ALBERTA SCHOOLS



Lip-Reading and Speech, Alberta School for the Deaf



Reading







## REPORT OF ALBERTA SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF, Edmonton

(L. A. Broughton, Principal)

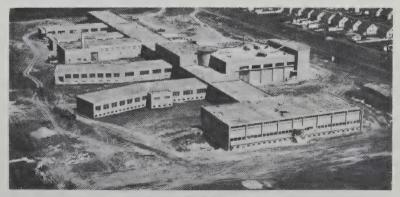
Alberta's new residential school for deaf children began taking shape and form May 5th, 1955. By November 1st sufficient completion of the Junior Wing enabled twenty-six pupils to become the first enrolees. They were an overflow group for whom accommodation could not be found in schools for the deaf elsewhere. Ranging in ages from 10 to 15, they were placed in Grades II to V, inclusive. Three qualified teachers of the deaf and one qualified supervising teacher assumed responsibility for instruction in academic work. Temporary quarters for kitchen, dormitories, laundry, officer and other quarters were set up. A small staff of houseparents, kitchen, laundry, janitorial and nursing personnel provided for the living-in life of the children.

Instruction of pupils in the basic skills, with emphasis on language, proceeded with highly gratifying results. Although facilities for recreation were few, the pupils under the direction of the Junior Red Cross, made extremely satisfactory progress in their weekly swimming program at the YWCA pool. Arts and crafts, skating, hockey, flying kites, parlor games and minor sports occupied their time also. A few camping and field trips provided pleasant outings.

Mention must be made of a very welcome donation to the school of a movie camera and essential equipment given by the Edmonton Chapter of the Association for the Deaf. It will be for classroom use and for recording school activities in picture form.

Construction and completion of the one-storey, 889 foot long building, has continued with expectation that it will be occupied by all the eligible deaf children of the province in the fall term of 1956.

For the major proportion of deaf boys and girls accommodation was found, as previously, in residential schools of other provinces and as far east as Montreal. The first class quality of instruction and the commendable good will and co-operation shown by all personnel in those schools contributed favorably toward the education and development of the Alberta children.



THE ALBERTA SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

#### CANADIAN VOCATIONAL TRAINING BRANCH

(R. E. BYRON, Regional Director)

## Federal-Provincial Aspects

The Vocational Training Co-ordination Act of 1942 authorized the federal government to enter into agreements with the provinces for the purpose of encouraging vocational training which might be considered to be in the national interest. The Minister of the appropriate department of the province by authority of the Executive Council concludes each agreement on behalf of the province. The federal government reimburses 50 per cent of certain expenditures which are detailed in the "schedules" of each agreement. Following are the agreements and dates of expiration:

1. The Vocational Training Agreement—March 31, 1957.

Schedule K—Training of Service Tradesmen.

Schedule L-Veterans' Rehabilitation Training.

Schedule M—Unemployed Workers' Training.

Schedule O-Youth Training.

Subschedule C-Training in Dairying.

Subschedule D—Occupational Training.

Subschedule H Section I—Grants to University Students.

Subschedule H Section 2—Grants to Student Nurses.

Schedule Q—Training of Foremen and Supervisors.

Schedule R—Training of Disabled Persons.

- 2. The Apprenticeship Agreement—March 31, 1964.
- 3. The Vocational Schools' Assistance Agreement—March 31, 1957.
- 4. The Vocational Correspondence Courses Agreement—March 31, 1957.
- 5. The Citizenship Instruction Agreement—(no expiration date).

Liaison between the provincial and federal governments is maintained by the Regional Director who is appointed by the provincial government. The federal government approves this appointment and reimburses approximately 50 per cent of his salary in return for duties rendered on behalf of the federal government in connection with the administration of the agreements. The Regional Director is the member of the Vocational Training Advisory Council of the federal Department of Labour, and of boards and committees of various provincial departments which have vocational training responsibilities.

In addition to school operations this Branch supervises expenditures and accounting associated with The Education of Servicemen's Children Act, The Students' Assistance Act, and The Apprenticeship Act.

## Training Facilities

The Canadian Vocational Training Centre in Calgary is the headquarters of the District Supervisor of Southern Alberta. He is responsible for the supervision of the school and of individual trainees who may be placed in private or publicly owned schools, or with employers for trainingon-the-job. He investigates and reports on all applications for training under the various schedules.

Classes are organized for apprentices who are referred for training in groups according to trade and particular year of each trade by the Apprenticeship Branch of the Department of Industries and Labour. Classes are conducted in bricklaying, painting and decorating, plastering, plumbing, steamfitting, and welding. Wheeled-vehicle mechanics are also trained here for the Canadian Army, all costs being borne by the federal government.

The Canadian Vocational Training Commercial School in Edmonton is concerned with the training of unemployed or disabled persons. A staff of two instructs in all phases of commercial training. Instruction is given on a tutorial basis, and admissions are arranged at any time, there being no fixed intake dates. This aspect of the school operation is most important to unemployed or disabled persons who of necessity must enter training immediately upon approval.

The School for Nursing Aides in Calgary is operated in co-operation with the Department of Health. The Supervisor of the School is employed by the Department of Health, and she also acts as Registrar-Consultant for Certified Nursing Aides, maintaining a roster of school graduates by means of an annual license.

A class of thirty trainees is admitted every five weeks, and the school operates on a twelve month basis. The course is of forty weeks' duration consisting of nineteen weeks of basic training in the school, including all theoretical aspects of instruction, followed by two ten-week periods of experience in two different types of hospitals. In the period of practical experience, each trainee is rotated through large and small hospitals, and within each hospital organization through such phases as pediatrics, geriatrics, maternity, surgery, T.B., and psychiatric. Following practical experience all trainees return to the school for a one-week period of review and final examinations.

An annual ceremony of certification is held in Calgary, to which the majority of the girls who have qualified during the year return for formal certification.

A travelling instructress supervises field training in the affiliated hospitals, ensuring that the school curriculum keeps abreast of nursing developments, ensuring that hospitals provide adequate experiences of the right kind in each area of nursing aide duty, and ensuring that personal and training problems of trainees are satisfactorily resolved.

A description of training facilities would not be complete without mention of the fact that trainees may be placed in any provincial school such as the Institute of Technology and Art, or in the Schools of Agriculture, or in any of the private trade schools of commercial, barbering, hair-dressing, or dressmaking.

The most important service for handicapped persons is training-onthe-job. Handicapped persons usually cannot be employed in the occupations for which the normal training programs are available. It may be said that infinite variety of training is available to them through placement with the prospective employer, who undertakes to train a person for a particular job opportunity. Training-on-the-job contracts provide for a wage subsidy to encourage the employer to take the time and trouble to instruct the trainee in the particular job.

## **Training Activities**

Training activities will be described below in conjunction with pertinent statistics, under the heading of the various agreements and schedules.

## 1. The Vocational Training Agreement.

(a) Schedule M provides for the training of unemployed persons. The federal government, recognizing that unemployment is of national concern, reimburses 50 per cent of training costs. Persons eligible are those over the age of sixteen, who lack the means to provide training or re-training for employment, and who are unemployed. According to provincial ruling, a person must have been employed for a reasonable period, a circumstance that renders ineligible persons who have recently left school. All applications must be approved by National Employment Service, constituting certification that no suitable employment is available for the particular applicant, and that following the training recommended, reasonable prospect of employment exists. Training under this schedule is limited to types available in regularly operated schools and classes.

Transportation to the city in which the school is located, and tuition are provided without charge. Living allowances during training are paid on a scale commensurate with the family responsibilities of the trainee.

#### Numbers Trained:

Nursing Aides	299 64
Barbering	5
Hairdressing  Pipeline Welders	76

For the second successive year, training in the downhand technique as used on pipelines was provided for qualified welders. The rapid expansion of the pipeline industry created a critical labour shortage in this field such that unless skilled workers could be imported from other provinces or from abroad, the petroleum industry as a whole would suffer. Space was provided in a provincial government warehouse in Calgary, equipment was loaned by contracting companies and by machine tool supply houses, and scrap pipe was donated by owning companies. A quantity of welding rod was donated by a large manufacturer of welding rod. The building was unheated, a factor reflected quite seriously in the effectiveness of training. Despite this limitation it is felt that the school made a substantial contribution to the skilled labour supply, and the owning and contracting companies have requested that a similar school be operated next year.

Of the total number of nursing aides trained during the year, 186 were classified as unemployed persons under Schedule M with 50 percent federal reimbursement of costs. The balance were trained under a federal health project, the greater portion of costs being paid by the Federal Department of Health and Welfare. The latter group did not qualify for training under the schedule.

(b) Under Schedule O., Youth Training, occupational training activities are carried on as provided for by Sub-schedules C., D and H.

Subschedule C provides for the training of dairy workers through a diploma course offered at the University of Alberta. Since classes for the previous year operated after March 31, an expenditure is indicated for this activity although the course is offered only in alternate years.

Subschedule D activities in occupational training consisted of courses in Rural Electrification and in Farm Welding, both activities being operated in conjunction with the Department of Agriculture. A total of 550 persons received instruction in provincial electrical code, farm electrical requirements, electrical planning, wiring materials and costs, and related information. Rural Electrification courses were conducted at Hines Creek, Wanham, Barrhead, Andrew, Legal, Rimbey, Carbon, Arrowwood, High River, Medicine Hat, Milk River, Acadia Valley, Consort, Forestburg, Wainwright, and Lloydminster.

Similarly organized welding courses were offered at 10 widely separated points in the province. A qualified welding instructor transported all equipment and supplies to each location, where space had been previously arranged, and trainees selected by the District Agriculturist. Arc welders were loaned without charge by supply houses, and power companies provided drop lines and power without charge. The popularity of the courses, and demand for expansion of the service indicates that they are serving a very real need.

Subschedule H Subsection I provides for federal reimbursement of provincial expenditures by way of grants to university students. The Students' Assistance Act is the provincial enabling legislation, providing for grants and loans to university students, and grants to student nurses. Provincial funds for grants exceed the maximum for which federal reimbursement may be claimed.

Subschedule H Subsection 2 provides for 50 per cent reimbursement of grants to student nurses, to a maximum of \$3,000.00. Grants are made to student nurses who are in financial need, upon the recommendation of the Alberta Association of Registered Nurses, which acts as a selection committee. Application is made in the first instance to the director of the applicant's hospital nursing school.

(c) Schedule Q provides for the training of supervisory personnel in industry, with a view to increasing productive efficiency. Foremen, supervisors, and personnel directors are trained in four aspects of efficient production—effective training, job relations, job safety, and job methods.

Two levels of training are provided. Foremen are instructed in the four phases mentioned in a program of five two-hour conferences. Supervisors and personnel directors learn how to train their foremen through five eight-hour conferences called an "Institute". All instruction is carried on by the conference method rather than by standard instructional procedures. Mr. D. L. Campbell, the C.V.T. trainer, organizes conferences and institutes wherever and whenever a class of ten can be formed either from a group of firms or within one firm. No charge is made for instruction, training materials are supplied by the federal Department of Labour, and certificates of qualification are issued. Once qualified, trainers are eligible to receive free instructional materials from the Department of Labour, and records are kept of their training activities. If a trainer fails to continue training activities, his certificate of qualification is subject to withdrawal.

#### Numbers trained:

Supervisory personnel certified as having participated in—  Job Instruction Training	
Supervisory personnel certified as Conference Leaders in-	
Job Instruction Training Job Relations Training	_ 15
Total	_ 820

Training has for the most part been limited to Calgary and Edmonton. One experimental conference was held in the field for the oil drilling industry. As trainers become available within larger firms, it is hoped that the program can be extended to smaller firms in small communities throughout the entire province.

(d) Under Schedule R physically or mentally disabled persons were rehabilitated in employment through training on approximately the same scale as in the previous year. Disabled persons may be admitted to any of the regularly organized classes of provincially- or privately-operated schools, and in addition infinite variety of occupational training is available through training-on-the-job contracts. Correspondence courses are provided for hospitalized or homebound persons where the vocational nature of the training can be established, and where gainful employment is a reasonably certain objective.

#### Numbers trained:

Commercial
Bookkeeping
Appliance Repair
Barbering
Watch Repair
Dressmaking
Comptometry
Shoe Repair
Typing
Projectionist
Accounting
Printing
Welding
Practical Mathematics
Cabinet Making
21

Trainees may be classified according to disability as follows:

Tuberculosis	9
Poliomyelitis	7
Amputation	4
Heart Condition	2
Deaf	2
Addison's Disease	ĩ
Spastic Paraplegic	- 1
Burned (loss of fingers)	- 1
Injured arm	- 1
Eye condition	- 1
Fused hip (Ankylosis)	- 1
Leg Disability	- 1
Lung Deficiency	- 1
Paralysis	- 1
rdialysis	

The evidence is that rehabilitation training is making a remarkable contribution to the self-sufficiency of disabled persons, and to the general economy through savings in direct relief. In most cases the cost of training is repaid within a few years by the income tax paid by rehabilitated individuals.

# 2. The Apprenticeship Agreement.

This Branch is directly responsible only for the trades training conducted at the Canadian Vocational Training Centre in Calgary, but supervises expenditures and accounting procedures including claims for federal reimbursement, for the entire program.

Following are the numbers trained at the Canadian Vocational Training Centre in Calgary:

Bricklaying	31
Painting and Decorating	48
Plumbing Steamfitting	350 76
WeldingSpecial Acetylene Welding	235
	794

## 3. The Vocational Schools' Assistance Agreement.

This agreement provides for federal participation in the costs of vocational schools, including construction, maintenance and operating costs. The capital portion of the allotted funds became fully expended some years ago, but the province still claims \$147,000.00 each year on the basis of expenditures for operation on the Institute of Technology and Art in Calgary and the Provincial Schools of Agriculture, and on the basis of departmental grants for vocational education. Discussions are currently under way for a new agreement with increased federal allotments, including funds for reimbursement of capital expenditures.

## 4. The Vocational Correspondence Courses Agreement.

The federal government has agreed to share in the costs of preparation and servicing of approved vocational correspondence courses. By its terms, participating provinces agree to provide courses to applicants from any part of Canada. During this year, work continued on the revision of the Steam Engineering courses, but no claim will be submitted until the course has been completed. This work is conducted by the Correspondence Department of the Institute of Technology and Art.

# 5. The Citizenship Instruction Agreement.

As a part of immigration policy, the federal government agrees to share in costs of instruction of New Canadians in aspects of citizenship, English language, and related topics. In the current year, claims in the amount of \$3,687.00 were submitted.

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DISBURSEMENTS AND FEDERAL REIN	ABURSEMENTS Disbursements	Federal Reimbursements
I. The Vocational Training Agreement (a) Training of unemployed persons (b) Training of disabled persons (c) Youth Training (d) Armed Forces Training (e) Supervisory Training (f) Apprenticeship Agreement (g) Vocational Schools' Assistance (h) Critzenship Instruction (i) Vocational Correspondence Courses	\$ 140,034.48 16,479.00 44,241.28 27,296.09 1,300.97 529,792.77 1,153,749.19 7,374.00 5,932.18 \$1,926,189.96	\$ 70,379.01 8,210.03 15,118.64 27,296.09 617.73 203.529.45 147,600.00 3,687.00

## REPORT OF THE STUDENTS ASSISTANCE BOARD

(Dr. W. H. Swift, Chairman)

The Students Assistance Board was established by authority of The Students Assistance Act, 1953, for the purpose of considering applications for assistance from university students and student nurses, and to make recommendations with respect to the nature and amount of assistance to be awarded. The assistance so awarded comprises provincial grants and loans under The Students Assistance Act, and federal-provincial grants under the Vocational Training Agreement.

## Administration

The Board was composed in 1955-56 of the following members:

Dr. W. H. Swift, Deputy Minister of Education, Chairman;

Dr. W. H. Johns, Dean of the Faculty of Arts and Science, University Faculty member;

R. E. Byron, Director of Vocational Education, member;

C. W. Kellner, Secretary.

Awards to matriculated students entering University are made by a selection committee within the Department of Education under the Chairmanship of the Deputy Minister. Awards to students already in attendance at the University of Alberta or other approved universities are made by a selection committee composed of the Deans of the Faculties at the University of Alberta under the chairmanship of Dean Johns.

# Assistance to University Students

Students who require assistance submit an application form giving details of their financial situation and listing persons to whom reference may be made. On the basis of the information so obtained, and considering academic ability, awards are made by the selection committee concerned.

Grants are available to the extent of \$300 in any university year or \$1,000 during the complete course. Loans not exceeding \$400 in any university year or \$1,200 during the complete course are also available. Students may receive both grant and loan assistance.

Loans are secured by a promissory note signed by the student. Payments of \$200 per year commencing one year after graduation or withdrawal from University are required. Simple interest at 3!/2% per annum is charged. Students who are required to intern or article may have their repayment date deferred.

Loans are made from the Students' Loan Fund. The Legislature has voted an appropriation for this purpose each year since 1953, and the amounts so provided are supplemented by repayments from borrowers. It is assumed that in time this fund may become self-supporting.

Under the terms of the Vocational Training Agreement the federal government reimburses fifty per cent of the provincial expenditure for grants to university students and student nurses. As the federal allotment of funds for this purpose is strictly limited, only 35% of the total expenditure was recovered during the 1955-56 fiscal year.

## Assistance to Student Nurses

Student nurses may make application for grants through the Alberta Association of Registered Nurses who process the applications and make recommendations to the Department. If financial need is indicated, grants to the extent of \$200 may be made available over a period of two years.

## **Publicity**

During the year a form letter outlining the assistance available, and the requirements for eligibility, was forwarded to every high school principal in the province. A display card inviting enquiries from students was also enclosed.

Through the co-operation of the publicity branch of the Department of Economic Affairs a news release was prepared and released to all daily and weekly newspapers, and radio stations, in the province. Details of grants and loans awarded during the previous year, and an outline of the assistance available to students was included in this release.

The annual Calendar released by the University of Alberta contains a complete summary of the assistance available, as well as instructions to students and prospective students who may wish to apply.

#### Statistics

During the fiscal year ending March 31, 1956, the following awards were made:

133 Grants to University Students	\$24,965.00 62,861.00
Total 377 Awards to University Students 44 Grants to Nurses in Training	87,826.00 3,485.00
Total 421 Awards	\$91.311.00

As 96 students received both grant and loan the actual number of students assisted was 325.

Distribution of assistance according to faculty was as follows:

Faculty	No.	Grants Amount	No.	Loans Amount	No.	Total Amount
Arts and Science Agriculture Dentistry Education Engineering Law Medicine Pharmacy Commerce Physical Education Veterinary	35 6 13 11 40 4 17 5	7,335.00 1,250.00 1,810.00 7,235.00 800.00 3,530.00 890.00 150.00	52 9 18 32 82 9 26 7 5 2	12,675.00 2,000.00 4,640.00 9,036.00 22,295.00 2,515.00 5,735.00 1,665.00 1,425.00 275.00 600.00	87 15 31 43 122 13 43 12 6	20,010.00 3,250.00 6,450.00 10,876.00 29,530.00 3,315.00 9,265.00 2,555.00 1,575.00 400.00 600.00
TOTALS	133	24,965.00	244	62,861.00	377	87,826.00
Actual number assisted Average award Grants to Nurses		187.71		257.63	281	232.96
in TrainingAverage award	44	3,485.00 79.20			44	3,485.00 79.20
Grand Total	177	28,450.00	244	62,861.00	421	91,311.00

## REPORT OF THE DIVISION OF SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

(H. E. Balfour, Director)

This report covers the school year to June 30, 1956, with the exception of financial tabulations which cover the calendar year 1955.

The officials of this Division are as follows:

## Dr. A. W. Reeves, Assistant Director

School sites, district and divisional boundaries, tuition agreements and conveyance, legal interpretations, elections, preparation of ministerial orders, proposed amendments.

In September, 1955, Mr. J. F. Swan accepted a transfer to the Superintendency of Sturgeon School Division. Throughout the 10l/2 years following his release from the R.C.A.F., he had contributed greatly, with his untiring and accurate wording of correspondence, amendments and agreements.

## A. B. Wetter, Field Administrative Officer

Supervision of school district and division budgets, requisitions, financial reports and office practices, consultation with trustee boards, compilation of financial data.

# U. R. Shogren, Assistant Field Administrative Officer

Debentures, correspondence and arrangements with school boards, investment dealers, and banks; preparation of debentures and schedules of payments; records and delivery of debentures.

# C. G. Jewers and G. L. Lafferty, School Buildings

Supervision of building plans, specifications and contracts, plans for schools, alterations and additions; correspondence with school boards and architects, official maps of all school districts and locations of school sites.

# W. M. Everts and A. F. Walker, School Building Inspectors

Inspection of school buildings under construction, advice to school boards regarding renovations and replacements, technical advice to this Department.

## H. E. Balfour, Director

Co-ordinator of the foregoing, consultation with school boards on administrative problems, special duties as Chairman of The School Buildings Assistance Board and the Board administering The Education of Servicemen's Children Act, returns, statistics, liaison with Administrative Accountant concerning school grants.

### Legislation

Legislation passed by the Legislature in 1956 amended The School Act and The Teachers' Retirement Fund Act, and enacted The School Secretaries' Superannuation Act.

#### The School Act

Numerous amendments affecting routine administration were made. Special attention is called to the following:

Section 314a—This clarifies the status of children of mixed marriages in districts where separate schools exist.

Section 339(3)—New time limits are provided for teachers to give Notice of Termination of Contract. The notice terminating the contract, effective in July or August, must be given not later than June 15th, unless the teacher enters into a contract with another board in which case it must not be given later than July 15th.

Section 350—Establishes a probationary year for teachers. A dispute concerning the termination of a teacher's contract is not to be referred to the Board of Reference if the contract has been in effect less than one year.

#### Teachers' Retirement Fund Act:

This Act was amended significantly in several respects; one change of particular interest provides that school boards shall make no payments into the Fund after March, 1956.

# The Secretaries' Superannuation Act:

This new Act provides for the setting up of a superannuation fund for the Secretary-Treasurers of School Divisions and Counties and, under certain conditions, may be extended to Independent School Districts.

## Grant Regulations

Effective April 1, 1956, the operational grants payable to school boards were increased, particularly with respect to:

the number of teachers, non-teaching principals and supervisors,

the schedule of equalization grants,

teachers of retarded children, if grants-in-aid are paid by school boards,

isolation bonuses.

Subject to modifications deemed necessary by the Minister, districts and divisions were paid a Tax Reduction Subsidy Grant for 1956 in the same amount as in 1955. The procedures used to calculate the original subsidies were not applied to 1956.

# Inclusions by Agreement

The following school districts were included by mutual agreement in the school divisions indicated:

Millet School District No. 555 in Wetaskiwin Division No. 36, Sexsmith School District No. 3600 in County of Grande Prairie No. 1.

## New School Districts Established

(a) Public School Districts
 Twenty-four new public school districts were established with a total

area of approximately 5753/4 sections. 22 have been included in school divisions and the remaining 2 operate independently. The names and numbers are listed in Table 3 following.

# (b) Separate School Districts

The following Roman Catholic Separate School Districts were established in the Public School Districts of the same names:

Beverly No. 52
Breynat No. 53
Taber No. 54
Bow River No. 55
High Prairie No. 56
Fort Chipewyan No. 57
Mount Star No. 58 (Sexsmith)
Morning View No. 59 (Sexsmith)

Two Protestant Separate School Districts were established, namely:

Jubilee No. 4 in Couturier School District No. 4973 Glen Avon No. 5 in St. Paul School District No. 2228

#### Dissolutions

Waterways School District No. 4843, St. Peter's Roman Catholic Separate School District No. 38, Alexo School District No. 4840 and Saunders School District No. 4969, operating independently, and Echo School District No. 1967 in Holden School Division No. 17, were dissolved.

## Sites

Number of school sites approved—20, additions to school sites—7, teacherage sites—4.

## Boards of Centralizations in Divisions

Approximately 54 centralizations were effected under Section 84 of The School Act.

### Assessment and Taxation

For the second consecutive year no applications were made to the Board of Public Utility Commissioners for examination of school board estimates and requisitions.

Four school districts in the province continued to levy and collect their own taxes, all four being located within National Parks: Banff No. 102, Lake Louise No. 1063, Jasper No. 3063 and Waterton Park No. 4233. Nordegg No. 3211 which used to levy and collect taxes ceased operations and reverted to a requisitioning school district.

In the seven counties, the councils determined the budget requirements for education after recommendation by the school committees and included these in the amalgamated tax levies.

Legislation has been passed to provide two ways to adjust, to meet special circumstances, the assessments of municipalities for apportioning requisitions. Under Section 285 of The School Act, the Minister may approve or order a reduction or increase in the assessment of rural farm lands in town, village and certain consolidated school districts. Under Section 7 (2) of The Assessment Act, the Director of Assessments for the Department of Municipal Affairs may determine the assessment for land and im-

provements to be used in any municipality. The Director usually considers only cases where the index of values for assessing purposes is different from that used in other municipalities in the same school division or county. For 1956 the Minister of Education approved reductions of assessments in rural farm lands for only one school district, St. Paul No. 2228 for 20%. The Director of Assessments determined the assessments for seven towns, fourteen villages, five municipal districts and three improvement districts for apportioning requisitions.

Tax collecting authorities on the whole paid the quarterly instalments of the yearly requisitions promptly. There was a marked decrease of \$502,706.00 in the total unpaid requisitions as at December 31, 1955 compared to December 31, 1954, reaching an all-time low of \$447,625.00. The total unpaid requisitions at December 31 for 1950 to 1954 inclusive were as follows:

1950	 \$1,003,330.00
1951	 709,424.00
1952	 719,301.00
1953	 1,197,272.00
1954	 950,331.00
1955	 447,625.00

Requisition rates increased approximately 2.5 mills over 1955. In divisions and counties, the average basic requisition rates for the last five years were as follows:

1952-27.23	mills	(including three counties)
1953—28.57	mills	(including four counties)
1954-31.09	mills	(including five counties)
30.76	mills	(divisions only)
-34.54	mills	(counties only)
1955—23.87	mills	(including seven counties)
23.72	mills	(divisions only)
		(counties only)
		(including seven counties)
-26.23	mills	(divisions only)
26.41	mills	(counties only)

A comparison of 1954, 1955 and 1956 assessments and basic requisition rates for all the divisions and counties as taken from the budgets is as follows:

Basic Requisition Rates		Assessments				
	1954	1955	1956	1954	1955	1956
less than 18 mills 18 but less than 20 mills 20 but less than 22 mills 22 but less than 24 mills 24 but less than 24 mills 26 but less than 26 mills 26 but less than 30 mills 30 but less than 37 mills 30 but less than 38 mills 31 but less than 38 mills 32 but less than 38 mills 34 but less than 38 mills 36 but less than 38 mills 38 but less than 40 mills 40 and over	\$ 17,214,413 51,954,037 19,771,044 16,367,353 89,187,290 87,181,228 123,165,151 45,013,914 25,178,215 14,394,121 33,533,1533	\$ 38,762,814 2,290,806 15,340,100 60,918,024 420,679,862 12,426,144	\$ 46,177,039 14,896,210 15,672,987 26,647,669 102,283,173 162,495,088 126,418,183 23,339,295 7,417,102 34,793,001 4,941,811		1 6 49 1	2 2 1 2 9 18 13 6 2 3 1
Totals	\$522,798,359	\$550,417,750	\$565,081,558	59	59	59

# Operation of School Districts and Divisions

All but two divisions had full-time secretaries. Most of the divisions had full-time assistants and full-time repairmen or construction supervisors. "Clerks of the works" were engaged by many divisions which had large capital projects. One division, Coal Branch No. 58, and twenty-one school districts (all but one of which were small rural school districts) were administered by official trustees appointed by the Minister. All other districts and divisions were administered by elected boards of trustees consisting of from three to seven members.

Six divisions and one county changed secretaries during the school year 1955-56, namely, Rocky Mountain No. 15, Castor No. 27, Red Deer No. 35, St. Paul No. 45, Spirit River No. 47, Leduc No. 49, and the County of Thorhild No. 7.

Salaries of full-time divisional secretaries ranged from \$2,700.00 to \$5,300.00. The average salary was approximately \$3,948.00, an increase of \$45.00 over the average salary of the previous year.

Budgets for 1956 were received from all the divisions and counties and for all but one of the independent school districts.

Legislation in 1956 provided for a compulsory superannuation scheme for secretaries of school divisions and counties. Full-time secretaries of school districts and other employees may participate.

The total deficits and total surpluses, as at December 31 on revenue and expenditure accounts for all school authorities for the last five years were as follows:

	Deficits	Surpluses
1951 1952	\$459,094 374,278 717.956	\$ 306,949 546,624 1.340,177
1953 1954 1955	966,961 466,314	1,007,078 1,387,885

Most school boards are financing capital expenditures by debenture borrowings. The total debenture debt, principal not due, increased from \$49,845,206 as at December 31, 1954 to \$57,616,509 as at December 31, 1955.

The Field Administrative Officers visited twenty-three divisional offices and three school district offices. Thirteen were special visits and thirteen were routine visits. They also attended six meetings held to finish the adjustments of assets and liabilities arising out of boundary changes resulting from the work of the Coterminous Boundary Commission.

The Field Administrative Officers also checked 177 budgets and requisition forms, examined 177 financial statements and auditors' reports and read 74 minutes of annual meetings. The information contained in the financial statements, as found in this Annual Report, was tabulated and consolidated.

#### Refresher Course

The twelfth annual refresher course in school administration was held from June 18 to 20 inclusive, 1956, at the School of Fine Arts at Banff. It was under the direction of the Department of Extension, University of Alberta, under the joint sponsorship of the Alberta School Trustees' Association, Alberta School Secretaries' Association and the Department of Education.

Subjects dealt with included 1956 Legislation, Centralized School Boards, Debentures, General Ledger, Methods of Keeping Boards Informed, Trustee Zone Organizations, Sewage Disposal Systems, Annual Financial Statement Forms for School Districts and Municipalities and Superannuation Schemes.

One morning was devoted to a joint session with the secretaries of Municipal Districts.

Approximately 90 persons attended the course.

## Borrowings, Short-Term

116 short-term borrowings, repayable within 5 years or less, were approved. 85 were for current purposes and 31 for capital expenditures.

## Sales and Removals of Buildings

214 schools, 50 other buildings and 34 teacherages were sold with the Minister's approval. 28 of the school buildings and 8 of the teacherages were moved to other districts.

176 school sites were sold.

# **Tuition Agreements**

7 tuition agreements were given ministerial approval under the provisions of The School Act.

## Capital Financing

Table No. 23 shows a summary of debentures purchased by the Provincial Treasury at  $3\frac{1}{2}$ % interest.

 Cash Grant approved
 \$ 7,464,530

 Debentures sold to School Lands Trust Fund
 12,374,600

## School Buildings

Some trends in the local administration of schools are becoming more noticeable each year. Closer co-operation of school and municipal authorities, as well as demands for good market roads, are resulting in improvement of the routes followed by school buses. School sites are being selected off main highways, but sufficiently near to them. In new towns and in newly sub-divided areas, under District and other Planning Authorities, adequate and better located reservations are being made for future school sites.

As older farm homes need replacement, people are moving to towns and villages. People are attracted by such facilities as natural gas, electric light and power, and water and sewage systems; the same applies to schools, and centralization of pupils in urban centers is increasing.

School buildings themselves are changing or improving in many ways. Basements are disappearing, the newer schools being built with furnace-

room on the main floor, warm air distributed by inconspicuous ducts and under pressure from electric fans. The fuel used is generally oil, propane or natural gas. Systems of zone heating make possible control by thermostat. Wood floors are giving place to tile. Lighting is being steadily improved; directional glass block, sloping ceilings, clerestory windows and baffles or louvres are all improving the natural lighting of classrooms, supplemented by improved electric fixtures. There is now very little difference between the lighting near main windows and away from them.

Interior decoration of classrooms has also shown great improvement, with attractive pastel shades in use.

The need for teacherages is also increasing; many have been designed for a teacher and his family, others for unmarried teachers and many have been so built as to be readily moved or interchanged. Nearly all are modern and comfortable.

# SCHOOL BUILDINGS COMPLETED DURING 1955

School District, Division or County	B—Brick C F—Frame St S—Stucco T	—Reint —Steel —Tile	forced	Concr	cte CB—Concrete Block Al—Aluminum Siding V—Veneer	
Bow River No. 1059	School District, Division or County		Gen- eral Class-	Con- struc tion	- Ancillary Remarks Rooms	including Site or
Bow River No. 1059	SCHOOL DISTRICTS NOT IN DI	VISIO	NS OR	COUN	NTIES	
Brule No. 3537	Bow River No. 1059					
Calgary No. 19	Forest Lawn		8		Addition, gymnasium	116,544.00
Balmorel   C	Brule No. 3537 Buffalo Head Prairie No. 4998			F		6,715.00 5,176.00
Balmoral   C	Calgary No. 19				F COLUMN	LOTTING MICE!
Calgary R.C.S. No.	Balmoral		,	C	Addition, gymnasium	244,807.00
Calgary R.C.S. No.	Crescent Heights		3	BT	Addition, gymnasium	6/,480.00 513.039.00
Calgary R.C.S. No.	Glendale		9	FS-BV CB	Gym., Visual Aids	242,432.00
Calgary R.C.S. No.				F	Addition, gymnasium	64,007.00
Calgary R.C.S. No.	Windsor Park		8		Gymnasium	247,176.00 200 781.00
Sacred Heart	Calgary R.C.S. No. 1					
Sacred Heart	Elboya		6	FCB	Gymnasium	200,403.00
Sacred Heart	St. Peter's		6	FCB	Addition	201,435.00 135.958.00
Edmonton No. 7	Sacred Heart		0	FCB	Gym., shop, home ec.	261,303.00
Edmonton No. 7	Devon No. 4972		4	E2 ERA	Addition	137,555.00 37,547.00
Belgravia			6	FS	Science, gymnasium	107,149.00
Sherbrooke	D-Ii-		,	EC	Elementer	105 221 00
Sherbrooke	Forest Heights		4	FRV	Addition	185,374.00 58,295.00
Sherbrooke	Hazeldean		10	FS-BV BT	Addition gympasium	202,880.00
Sherbrooke	Holyrood		12	FS	Gymnasium	312,995.00
Strathcone Comp. H.S.   23 BC-St   2,523,812.00	Ritchie		6	BT	Addition	181,555.00
Woodcroft   12   FS   Gymnasium   305,146,00	Strathcona Comp. H.S.		6	FS BC-St	Add'n. gym., shop & home ec	200,469.00
Woodcroft   12   FS   Gymnasium   305,146,00	Utility Classroom Units		19	F	A 1 P1*	158,462.00
Edmonton R.C.S. No. 7	Woodcroft		12	ES E	Gymnasium	305,146.00
St. Agnes	Edwards D.C.C. No. 7					
St. Catherine's	Grandin		4	ES-RV	Addition gymnasium	165,165.00
St. Catherine's	St. Alphonsus		4	FS	Addition	81,772.00
St. Kevin's   6	St. Catherine's		4	FRV	Addition	64,611,00
BC-St   Gym., science, typing & home ec.   544,682.00	St. Francis		3	FS	Addition, gymnasium	110,080.00
BC-St   Gym., science, typing & home ec.   544,682.00	St. Kevin's		6	FB	Gymnasium	154,199.00
BC-St   Gym., science, typing & home ec.   544,682.00	St. Thomas		6	FS FBV	Addition	89,519.00
BC-St   Gym., science, typing & home ec.   544,682.00	Exshaw No. 1699		2		Addition, shop, home ec.	58,742.00
BC-St   Gym., science, typing & home ec.   544,682.00	Grande Prairie No. 2357		,		Automotive Shop	35,515.00
BC-St   Gym., science, typing & home ec.   544,682.00	Hays No. 5005		7	CB F	Gymnasium	136,781.00
BC-St   Gym., science, typing & home ec.   544,682.00	LaCrate No. 5043		į	F	S-1	5,356.00
Medicine Hat No. 76         6         FS-BV         Gymnasium         113,377.00           Central Park         6         FS-BV         Gymnasium         113,377.00           Millet No. 555         2         FS         Addition, lab., typing         63,466.00           Nanton Cons. No. 50         2         St         Addition, shop, home ec.         46,891.00           Red Deer No. 104         Addition         36,816.00           Red Reer R.C.S. No. 17         6         BT         Elementary school         112,254.00	Lake Louise No. 1063		'	Г	Science	17,671.00
Central Park   6   FS.BV   Gymnasium   113,377.00   Millet No. 555   2   FS   Addition, lab., typing   63,466.00   Addition, shop, home ec.   46,891.00   RedCliff No. 2283   4   FS   Addition   36,816.00   Red Deer No. 104   Mountview   6   BT   Elementary school   112,254.00   Red Reer R.C.S. No. 17	Gilbert Patterson		18	BC-St	Gym., science, typing & home ec.	544,682.00
Nanton Cons. No. 50	Medicine Hat No. 76		,	EC BV	C	112 277 00
Red Deer No. 104         Mountview         6         BT         Elementary school         112,254.00           Red Reer R.C.S. No. 17         4         F         Companies         75,909.13			2	FS FS	Addition, lab., typing	
Red Deer No. 104         Mountview         6         BT         Elementary school         112,254.00           Red Reer R.C.S. No. 17         4         F         Companies         75,909.13	Nanton Cons. No. 50		2	St FS	Addition, shop, home ec.	46,891.00
Mountview 6 BT Elementary school 112,254.00 Red Reer R.C.S. No. 17	Red Deer No. 104					55,515.50
Nontrol	Mountview		6	BT	Elementary school	112,254.00
Sacred Heart         4         F         Gymnasium         80,636,00           Sacred Heart R.C.S. No. 15         2         FS         Addition         24,251,00           Saskatoon Lake Cons. No. 56         6         FS         Gymnasium         120,405,00           Steffler No. 1475         10         CFB         Gymnasium         204,857,00           St. Louis R.C.S. No. 21         2         BC         Addition, gymnasium         80,288,00	Montfort		4	F	Gymnasium	75,948.12
Saskatoon Lake Cons. No. 56       6       FS       Gymnasium       120,405,00         Stettler No. 1475       10       CFB       Gymnasium       204,857,00         St. Louis R.C.S. No. 21       2       BC       Addition, gymnasium       80,288,00	Sacred Heart RCS No. 15		4		Gymnasium	80,636.00
Stettler No. 14/5	Saskatoon Lake Cons. No. 56		6	FS	Gymnasium	120,405.00
	St. Louis R.C.S. No. 21		2	BC	Addition, gymnasium	80,288.00

School District, Division or County	No. o Gen- eral Class- rooms	Con- struc tion	- Ancillary Remarks	Cost (Not including Site or Furniture)
Turner Valley No. 4039				
Black Diamond Turner Valley		FS FS	Addition, gymnasium Gymnasium, addition	\$ 77,915.00 56,613.00
West Jasper Place No. 4679  James Gibbons	12	FS	Gymnasium	143,114.00
SCHOOL DIVISIONS				
Barrhead No. 59  High Ridge Vega		F F		8,730.00 12,806.00
Camrose No. 20	2	FC	A datata	
Armena Ferintosh Meeting Creek New Norway Rosalind	1 7	FS FS FS FS	Addition, gymnasiumAdditionTyping, scienceTyping, science	71,423.00 43,946.00 139,502.00 173,334.00 158,819.00
Castor No. 27	2	FS	Addition	45,848.00
Gadsby Halkirk	4	FS FS	LaboratoryAddition	85,079.00 45,563.00
Clover Bar No. 13		FS	Addition, gymnasium	77,466.00
Calmar Leduc Mill Creek (Ellerslie) Wye	4 6	FCB FCB FCB	Addition	68,627.00 54 587 00
Drumheller No. 30  Majestic Trochu Valley	2 3	FS FS	Addn., gym., home ec., lab	49,870.00 108,675.00
East Smoky No. 54 Edson Trail		FS	Addition	8,063.00
Sun ValleyEdson No. 12	4	FS	Addition	24,391.00
Hinton	3	F	I-Room Portable schools	18,088.00
Fairview No. 50  Dancing Hill (Worsley) Fairview	2 2	F\$ FS	Addition, laboratoryAddition	17,856.00 15,511.00
Foremost No. 3  Burdett	6	СВ	Gymnasium	86,58 <b>4.00</b>
Fort Vermilion No. 52			,	
Rocky LaneFoothills No. 38	I	F		5,750.00
Sheep Creek	1	F		7,300.00
Stockman	1	F		5,697.00
Holden No. 17		FS	Typing, science	120,317.00
Holden	6	FS FS FS FS	Addition Addition, typing Typing, science Addition gymnasium Addition	66,097.00 27,497.00 116,257.00 34,987.00
Killam No. 22				67,483.00
Alliance Daysland Heisler Killam Merna	5 10 10	FS FCB FCB FCB	Addition Typing, science Addition, typing Typing Addition	13,497.00 107,181.00 142,396.00 155,096.00 17,772.00
Lac La Biche No. 51 Owl River	1	FS	Addition	5,202.00
Lacombe No. 56		ВТ		
Lac St. Anne No. 11			Elementary school	126,166.04
Whitecourt	2	FS	Addition	19,657.00

School District, Division or County	No. of Gen- eral Class- rooms	Con- struc- tion	- Ancillary Remarks	Cost (Not including Site or Furniture)
Lamont No. 18				
Andrew	В	FS	Addition	89,778.00
Chipman	. 3	CB FS	Addition, typing	38,035.00
Lamont Mundare	5	FS	Addition	92,432.00 86,408.00
Lethbridge No. 7				
Crystal Lake	2	BCB	Addition	21,048.00
Picture Butte	. 8	CBBV	Gymnasium, typing	126,866.00
Macleod No. 28				
Claresholm	. 12	BCB	Gymnasium	216,085.00
Medicine Hat No. 4		F.C		00 700 00
Irvine Lebanon		FS FS	Add'n., gym., home ec	98,700.00 12,000.00
Peace River No. 10				12,000.00
Keg River	. 1	F		6,725.00
Pincher Creek No. 29				0,,20.00
Pincher Creek	4	ВСВ	Addition, gymnasium	78,431.00
Spirit River No. 47			3,	, 0, 10, 100
Fourth Creek	. 1	F		4,935.00
Stony Plain No. 23				.,
Drayton Valley	2	FS	Addition, typing, lab.	50,233.00
Duffield	. 2	FS	Addition	36,304.00
High ValeHolborn	. 2	FS FS	Addition	12,808.00
Keephills	. 2	FS FS	Addition	37,411.00
Stony PlainTomahawk		FS FS	Addition, gymnasium Addition, typing, lab	120,167.00 52,057.00
Wabamun	. 4	FS		49,690.00
Winterburn	. 2	FS	Addition	29,092.00
Sturgeon No. 24  Camilla (Riviere Qui Barre) Morinville	. 4	FS FS	Gym., shop, home ec.	168,257. <b>00</b> 104,366.00
Taber No. 6				
Chamberlain	. 3	FS	Addition, gymnasium	116,314.00
KenniburghTaber	. 10	FBV FS	Gymnasium	82,191.00 199,266.00
Two Hills No. 21				
New Hairy Hill	. 4	FS	Addition, typing, gym	92,169.00
New Myrnam	. 8	FS		73,097.00
Vegreville No. 19				
Buffalo Coulee	. l	FS FS	Addition, gymnasium	52,852. <b>00</b> 106,876.00
InnisfreeLavoy	. 4	FS	Addition, typing	57,417.00
Mannville Vegreville		FS FS	Addition, gymnasiumAddition, gymnasium	77,112.00 71,823.00
		13	Addition, gymnasium	71,023.00
Vermilion No. 25 Tulliby Lake		FS		6,692.00
	. 1	13		0,072.00
Westlock No. 37 Fawcett	. 4	FS		47,669.00
Wheatland No. 40				17,007.00
Rockyford	4	FS	Gym., home ec., lab.	99,156.00
Carseland	2	FBV	Add'n., home ec., lab.	85,155.00
COUNTIES				
Grande Prairie No. I				
Teepee Creek	4	FS		63,200.47
Newell No. 4				
Bassano	1 -	F	Portable Unit	5,421.00
Duchess Rolling Hills	. 1	BT F	Science Portable Unit	122,701.00 5,421.00
Ponoka No. 3				1
Ponoka	. 6	FS-BV		93,500.00
Stettler No. 6				
Stettler (Waverly)	. 6	FS	Gymnasium	194,291.00

School District, Division or County	No. of Gen- eral Class- rooms	Con- struc- tion	Ancillary Remarks Rooms	Cost (Not including Site or Furniture)
Warner No. E  Coutts New Dayton Warner	3 3	BV-CB FBT BC	Addition, lab., typing\$ Addition, typing Addition, laboratory	63,087.00 62,814.00 77,605.00
	Camplatad		654 Cost\$ 30 Cost6 Estimated Loss	16,883,253.63 159,321.00 253,471.00
SCHOOL BUILDINGS UNDE	R CONSTRUCTIO	N I JA	NUARY 1956 to 30 SEPTEMBER, 19	56
B—Brick F—Frame S—Stucco	C—Reinforced St—Steel T—Tile	Concr	ete CB—Concrete Block AI—Aluminum Siding V—Veneer	
School District, Division or County	No. of Gen- eral Class- rooms	Con- struc tion	- Ancillary Remarks	Estimated Cost (Not including Site or Furniture)
SCHOOL DISTRICTS NOT I	N DIVISIONS OF	coui	NTIES	
Assumption R.C.S. No. 50 - Banff No. 102	3	F CB	ScienceGym., visual aids	35,047.00 316,000.00
Beverly No. 2292  Junior High School  Beverly R.C.S. No. 52	8	CB CB	Gym., shop, home ec Gym., science, typing	303,811.0 204,268.0
Bowness No. 4590 Central High School -	15	FS	Gym., science	266,541.0
Bow River No. 1059	•			
Project No. 2	8	CB	Gym., home economics	220,544.0
Project No. 2 Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Rrevnat R.C.S. No. 53	10	CB FS	Gym., home economics Gym., typing, science Science, typing	220,544.0 196,727.0 30,000.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Breynat R.C.S. No. 53 Calgary No. 19	10	CB FS	Gym., typing, science Science, typing	196,727.0 30,000.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Breynat R.C.S. No. 53 Calgary No. 19		СВ	Gym., typing, science	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 68,082.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55	10 16 6	CB FS BT BT F BT CB	Gymn, typing, science Science, typing Gymnasium, addition Gym., shop, home ec.	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 68,082.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55	10 16 6	CB FS BT BT F BT CB BT BT	Gymn, typing, science Science, typing  Gymnasium, addition Addition	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 68,082.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Breynat R.C.S. No. 53  Calgary No. 19  Alexandra Currie Junior H.S. Elboya  Highwood Jr. H.S. Kensington Road  King Edward North East Jr. H.S. North West Jr. H.S.	10 2	CB FS BT BT F BT CB BT BT BT F	Gym., typing, science Science, typing  Gymnasium, addition Addition Gym., shop, home ec Gym., shop, home ec Gym., shop, home ec	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 68,082.0 606,875.0 238,300.0 479,325.0 555,580.0 13,850.0 265,117.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Breynat R.C.S. No. 53  Calgary No. 19  Alexandra Currie Junior H.S. Elboya  Highwood Jr. H.S. Kensington Road  King Edward North East Jr. H.S. North West Jr. H.S. Parkhill South Altadore		CB FS BT F BT CB BT BT FS-BV FS-BV	Gym., typing, science Science, typing Gymnasium, addition Gym., shop, home ec. Gym., shop, home ec. Gym., shop, home ec. Gym., visual aids Gymnasium	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 68,082.0 606,875.0 202,594.0 479,325.0 555,580.0 265,117.0 224,000.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Breynat R.C.S. No. 53  Calgary No. 19  Alexandra Currie Junior H.S. Elboya  Highwood Jr. H.S. Kensington Road  King Edward  North East Jr. H.S.  Parkhill South Altadore St. Andrews Heights  Thorncliffe Heights	10   2     16	CB FS BT BT CB BT BT FS-BV BT FS-BV BT	Cym., typing, science Science, typing Gymnasium, addition Gym., shop, home ec. Addin., gym., shop, home ec. Gym.,	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 606,875.0 238,300.0 202,594.0 555,580.0 13,850.0 265,117.0 224,000.0 106,322.0 320,723.0 289,638.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Breynat R.C.S. No. 53  Calgary No. 19  Alexandra Currie Junior H.S. Elboya  Highwood Jr. H.S. Kensington Road  King Edward North East Jr. H.S. Parkhill South Altadore St. Andrews Heights Sunnyside Thorncliffe Heights Tuxedo 24 St. S.W.—Jr. H.S. Viscount Bennett West Calgary	10   2	CB FS BT BT CB BT BT BT FS-BV FS-BV FS-BV FS-BV	Gymn, typing, science Science, typing Gymnasium, addition Gym, shop, home ec. Gym., shop, home ec. Gym., shop, home ec. Gym., visual aids Gymnasium Addition, gymnasium Gymnasium Gymnasium	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 606,875.0 202,594.0 479,325.0 255,580.0 13,850.0 265,117.0 224,000.0 205,322.0 320,723.0 289,638.0 555,534.0 595,634.0 595,634.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Breynat R.C.S. No. 53 Calgary No. 19 Alexandra Currie Junior H.S. Elboya Highwood Jr. H.S. Kensington Road King Edward North East Jr. H.S. North West Jr. H.S. Parkhill South Altadore St. Andrews Heights Sunnyside Thorncliffe Heights Tuxedo 24 St. S.W.—Jr. H.S. Viscount Bennett West Calgary Wildwood Calgary R.C.S. No. 1	10   2	BT FFS-BV FS-BV FS-BV	Gym., typing, science Science, typing  Gymnasium, addition  Addition  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., visual aids  Gymnasium  Addition, gymnasium  Addition, gymnasium  Addition, gymnasium  Addition, gymnasium  Addition, gymnasium  Gymnasium  Gymnasium  Gymnasium  Addition, gym, home ec.  Gymnasium	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 606,875.0 202,594.0 479,325.0 13,850.0 265,117.0 224,000.0 106,322.0 320,733.0 289,638.0 555,634.0 509,996.0 241,367.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Breynat R.C.S. No. 53  Calgary No. 19  Alexandra Currie Junior H.S. Elboya  Highwood Jr. H.S. Kensington Road  King Edward  North East Jr. H.S. North West Jr. H.S. Parkhill  South Altadore St. Andrews Heights Sunnyside Thorncliffe Heights Tuxedo 24 St. S.W.—Jr. H.S. Viscount Bennett West Calgary Wildwood  Calgary R.C.S. No. 1 Highwood	10   2	CB FS BT BT BT BT FS-BV BT BT FS-BV BT BT FS-BV FS-BV FS-BV	Gym., typing, science Science, typing  Gymnasium, addition  Addition  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., sisual aids  Gymnasium  Addition, gymnasium	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 68,092.0 606,875.0 202,594.0 479,325.0 255,580.0 13,850.0 265,117.0 224,000.0 289,638.0 299,638.0 299,638.0 299,638.0 211,367.0
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Breynat R.C.S. No. 53  Calgary No. 19  Alexandra Currie Junior H.S. Elboya  Highwood Jr. H.S. Kensington Road  King Edward  North East Jr. H.S. North West Jr. H.S. Parkhill  South Altadore St. Andrews Heights Sunnyside Thorncliffe Heights Tuxedo 24 St. S.W.—Jr. H.S. Viscount Bennett West Calgary Wildwood  Calgary R.C.S. No. 1 Highwood	10   2	CB FS BT BT CB BT BT FFS-BV BT-FS-BV FS-BV FS-CB FS-CB	Gym., typing, science Science, typing  Gymnasium, addition  Addition  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., sisual aids  Gymnasium  Addition, gymnasium	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 68,092.0 606,875.0 202,594.0 479,325.0 255,580.0 13,850.0 265,117.0 224,000.0 29,638.0 297,538.0 297,978.0 297,978.0 211,367.0 2
Bow River R.C.S. No. 55 Breynat R.C.S. No. 53  Calgary No. 19  Alexandra Currie Junior H.S. Elboya  Highwood Jr. H.S. Kensington Road  King Edward North East Jr. H.S. Parkhill South Altadore St. Andrews Heights Sunnyside Thorncliffe Heights Tuxedo 24 St. S.W.—Jr. H.S. Viscount Bennett West Calgary Wildwood  Calgary R.C.S. No. 1 Highwood	10   2	CB FS BT BT BT BT FS-BV BT BT FS-BV BT BT FS-BV FS-BV FS-BV	Gym., typing, science Science, typing  Gymnasium, addition  Addition  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., shop, home ec.  Gym., sisual aids  Gymnasium  Addition, gymnasium	196,727.0 30,000.0 53,874.0 483,500.0 68,092.0 606,875.0 238,300.0 202,594.0 479,325.0 13,850.0 265,117.0 224,000.0 265,117.0 224,000.0 265,117.0 224,000.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 265,200.0 266,200.0

School District, Division or County	No. of Gen- eral Class- rooms	Con- struc tion	- Ancillary Remarks	Cost (Not including Site or Furniture)
Edmonton No. 7				
Allendale	Н	FS-BV	Addition, Jr. H.S.	203,658.00
Allendale		FS-BV	Shop and Home Ec., Bldg	63,748.00
Argyll		FS FS	Music - art	152,440,00
Avonmore	. 10	FS	Music Addition, gymnasium	238,440.00 161,043.00
Belgravia	. 2	FS	Addition, gymnasiumAdditionAdditionAdditionAdditionAdditionAdditionAdditionAdditionAddition	28 2U3 UU
Bellevue	. 4	FS FS	Addition	54,530.00 48,232.00 153,126.00 284,268.00 289,144.00
Delton	6	BT	Addition	153,126,00
Dovercourt Eastglen Comp. H.S. Forest Heights	. 12	FS	Gymnasium	284,268.00
Forest Heights	. /	BT FS	Add'n., math (3) soc. studies (2) Addition	
Fulton Place	. /	F	Temporary school Addition, gym., science Shop and Home Ec. Bldg.	117,067.00
H. A. Grav	. 6	BT	Addition, gym., science	352,450.00
Highlands Holyrood Junior H.S.	6	CB FS	Addition, shop, home ec.	
ldylwyldelnglewood	. 4	FBV		
Inglewood King Edward Park	. 4	CB CB	Annex, gymnasiumShop and Home Ec. Bldg Shop and Home Ec. Bldg Music—art	102,423.00
McDougall		CB	Shop and Home Ec. Bldg.	67,687.00
McDougall McQueen Montrose	. 6	FS	Music-art	157,264.00
Newton	. 4	CB FS	Annex, gymnasium	100,965.00
			Addition, gym., shop, home ec., science	204,248.00
Newton	. 8	FS	Music	220.488.00
North Edmonton	. 6	BT FS	Addition, gym., science	332,279.00 54,530.00
Parkallen Parkview	9	FS	Gym., shop, home ec., science,	54,550.00
		FBV	Gym., shop, home ec., science, Jr. H.S. Addition	350,558.00
Prince Charles  Queen Mary Park		FBV	Addition	71,739.00 45 743.00
Ritchie Ross Sheppard Comp. H.S. Sherbrooke Strathcona Comp. H.S. Stratheam Hilling Classroom Units		BT	Add'n., gym., shop, home ec	71,739.00 45,743.00 241,513.00
Ross Sheppard Comp. H.S.	. 19	BT FS		2,158,887.00
Strathcona Comp. H.S.	9	BT	Addition	31,550.00 373,169.00
Strathearn	. 13	FS	Gymnasium	233,835.00
Utility Classroom Units	. 25	F CB	Portable schools	219,810.00 81,169.00
Utility Classroom Units Westglen H.S. Windsor Park	4	FBV	Add'n., science (2) Gymnasium Portable schools Shop and Home Ec. Bldg	45,625.00
Edmonton R.C.S. No. 7				
City Park Annex	. 4	FBV	Music	143,158.00 179,108.00 61,219.00
Holyrood	. 6 Å	CB F		61 219 00
St. Edmund's		FBV	Addition, gymnasium	232,459.00
		FBV	Addition, gym., science	196,040.00 175,693.00
St. Kevin'sSt. Margaret's	. 6	FS	Addition, gym., music	100.331.00
St. Mark's	. 4	В	Arts and Crafts	100,331.00 165,904.00 780,000.00
St. Mary's H.S.	. 14	B FS	Addition gymnasium	/80,000.00
St. Vincent's	4	FS	Addition, gymnasium Addition, gymnasium Addition, gym., science	121,465.00 118,224.00 135,202.00
51. Nevins 51. Margaret's 51. Mark's 51. Mary's H.S. 51. Peter's 52. Vincent's 53. Vital's	. 4	FBV	Addition, gym., science	135,202.00
Falher Cons. No. 69 Glen Avon P.S. No. 5 Grande Prairie No. 2357 Hardisty No. 1659 High Prairie R.C.S. No. 56	. 6	CB	Addition, gym., home ec	255,213.00
Granda Prairie No. 5	. 8	BT FS	Gym., shop, home ec	294,466.00 157,716.00
Hardisty No. 1659	4	BCB	Addition, gym., science	133,215.00
High Prairie R.C.S. No. 56	. 10	CB	Addition, gym., science Gym., science, typing Gym., science, typing	218,580.00
Innistali No. 210	12	FS	Gym., science, typing	250,950.00
Jasper Place R.C.S. No. 45		. M. I	f .	
High School	6	FS FS	Gym., shop, home ec.	191,735.00
Holy Cross Notre Dame	6	FS	Gym., science, typingAddition, gymnasium	108,070.00
Jubilee P.S. No. 4		F	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5,000.00
Killam R.C.S. No. 49		FS		16,000.00
Lethbridge No. 51				
Collegiate Institute	15	CT	Addition, shop, labs.	355.079.00
George McKillop General Stewart	8	BCB	Gym., visual aids	355,079.00 155,784.00 152,580.00
General Stewart	8	BCB	Gym., visual aids	152,580.00
Westminster		В	Add'n., gym., music, visual aids_	91,268.00
Lethbridge R.C.S. No. 9				1.40.110.11
14 Ave. & 24 St. S.—Elementary	4	CB	Gymnasium	145,619.00
Lodgepole No. 5073	. 3	F	3 Portable I-Room schools	28,712.00
Medicine Hat No. 76				
Alexandra High School Composite High School	4	BT	Addition, shop, home ec.	334,988.00 901,045.00
Composite High School	10	BT	Addition, gymnasium	901,045.00

School District, Division or County	No. of Gen- eral Class- rooms	Con- struc- tion	Ancillary Remarks Rooms	Cost (Not including Site or Furniture)
Montgomery No. 4967	10	CP	Gym., science (2)\$	273,737.00
Jr. & Sr. High School		CB BT	Gym., science, home ec.	279,608.00
Olds No. 235 Red Deer No. 104	. 7	DI	Gym., science, nome ec	277,000.00
Junior High School	. 12	BT	Gym., shop, home ec.	423,903.00
Sexsmith R.C.E. No. 51Stettler No. 1475	. 16	FS BT	Gymnasium, home ecAdd'n., science (2), home ec.,	117,977.00 451,510.00
St. Isidore No. 5054 St. John's R.C.S. No. 32 St. Louis R.C.S. No. 21 St. Marie R.C.S. No. 36 St. Thomas More R.C.S. No. 35 Taber R.C.S. No. 54 Theresetta R.C.S. No. 23 Wainwright R.C.S. No. 31	15 2 7 9 4 4 10	F FS CB FS BCB CB FS BCB	visual aids	6,000.00 80,018.00 355,212.00 66,674.00 137,628.00 207,713.00 78,935.00 116,782.00 209,846.00
West Jasper Place No. 4679				
Central High School Glendale West High School	_	FS FS CB	Gymnasium, addition Stage addition Gym., shop, home ec	55,526.00 10,233.00 330,930.00
Wetaskiwin No. 264 High School Queen Elizabeth	- 8	BT FBV	Gym., shop, home ecAddition, music	308,905.00 49,809.00
SCHOOL DIVISIONS  Acadia No. 8  Acadia Valley  Esther  New Brigden	_ 2	CBC CBC	GymnasiumScience	94,208.00 41,344.00 49,186.00 67,968.00
Oyen Athabasca No. 42 Athabasca Colinton Ellscott Hammond Lahaieville Rochester Smith Smith	- 10 - 5 - 1 - 1 - 3	FS F	Addin, shop, home ec.  Gym., science, typing  Addition  Addition  Addition  Addition, gym., science	310,365.00 137,500.00 16,480.00 7,500.00 13,000.00 40,000.00 5,000.00
Barrhead No. 59				
Barrhead Bloomsbury Fort Assiniboine Meadowview Neerlandia	_ I _ 2 _ 2	FS FS FS FS	AdditionAddition, gymnasiumAddition, gymnasiumGymnasium, addition	97,197.00 10,000.00 57,024.00 57,012.00 31,670.00
Berry Creek No. 1 Pollockville	1	F		9,736.00
Bonnyville No. 46 Ardmore Bonnyville Cold Lake Fort Kent Glendon Grand Centre Iron River	6 6 3	FS FS FS FS FS FS	Addition, gymnasium  Gym., shop, home ec. Gym., shop, home ec. Gym., shop, home ec. Addition, gymnasium	107,000.00 165,750.00 124,000.00 179,400.00
Calgary No. 41  Airdrie Beiseker Conrich		FS FS FS	Gym., typing, home ec Add'n., gym., visual aids Gym., science	142,279.00 130,690.00 80,482.00
Camrose No. 20 Bashaw Bawlf Hay Lakes Kingman Round Hill	8	FS FS FS FS	Science, typing	[31,261.0
Castor No. 27 CastorCoronation	1	FS FCB	AdditionGym., science, typing	13,250.0 163,950.0

School District, Division or County	No. of Gen- eral Class- rooms	Struc-	- Ancillary Remarks	Cost (Not including Site or Furniture)
Clover Bar No. 13  Baker (Ardrossan) Fort Saskatchewan	9	FCB FCB	Gymnasium\$ Addition, gymnasium\$	237,415.00 199,908.00
Salisbury (Campbelltown)	9	СВ	Gymnasium	257,018.00
Coal Branch No. 58  Mercoal	2	FS	Addition	24,000.00
Drumheller No. 30				
Delia	.	CB FS FS	Gym., science, typing	116,742.00 14,800.00 68,520.00
RumseyEast Smoky No. 54	. 2	13	Addition, gymnasium	66,520.00
Edson Trail Ridge Valley Sun Valley	4	F	Gymnasium, addition Addition, gymnasium Addition, gymnasium	52,940.00 84,250.00
Edson No. 12	7		Addition, gymnasiam	106,140.00
Edson Edson Evansburg Fulham	2 5	FS FS FS	Elementary schoolAddition, shop	129,944.00 50,939.00 85,109.00 86,971.00
Fulham Hinton Niton Peers Wildwood	4	CBB FS FS	Gym., science, visual aids Science	407,360.00 127,786.00 86,350.00 85,589.00
Fairview No. 50		, ,	The state of the s	03,307.00
Dancing Hill (Worsley) Fairview Hines Creek Whitelaw	2	FS FS FS	Science, typingAddition, gymnasiumAddition	105,000.00 83,946.00 54,200.00 40,000.00
Foothills No. 10 Okotoks Red Deer Lake	. 4	F		50,021.00 53,172.00
Foremost No. 3  Manyberries  Whitla		СВ	Science	66,204.00 19,895.00
Fort Vermilion No. 52 Wilson Prairie		F		5,000.00
High Prairie No. 48	A	F		50,000.00
Faust Girouxville Jean Cote Kinuso McLennan Prairie River (High Prairie)	2 4 4 8 2	FS FS FS F	AdditionAdditionAdditionAddition	19,000.00 40,000.00 40,000.00 140,650.00 25,000.00 60,000.00
Killam No. 22 AllianceSedgewickStrome		FS-BV FS-BV FS-BV	Addition, shop, gym Addition, shop, home ec Addition, gymnasium	101,562.00 81,015.00 71,943.00
Lac La Biche No. 51			, todanon, gymnosom	71,713.00
Caslan Craigend Hylo Lac La Biche Lac La Biche Plamondon	2 2 2 3	FS FS FS FS FS	Addition, science Addition Addition Addition Addition Addition Addition	8,500.00 20,100.00 15,000.00 12,000.00 20,000.00 14,000.00
Lacombe No. 56 Alix Eckville	. 4	BT BCB	Addition, science, typingAddition, science, typing	65,000.00 130,000.00
Lac Ste. Anne No. 11		-		
Anselmo Beaupre (Onoway)	. 3	FS-BV FS		10,000.00 46,000.00 90,000.00
Leduc No. 49  Beaumont Breton Calmar Leduc Lindale New Sarepta	. 3	FS FS FS FS FS	Addition, science, typing Shop, additionAddition, home ec Science, artAddition	87,517.00 65,589.00 25,200.00 49,248.00 67,200.00 81,507.00

School District, Division or County	No. of Gen- eral Class- rooms	Con- struc- tion		Cost (Not including Site or Furniture)
Lethbridge No. 7				
Picture Butte	2	CB BT	Shop and home ec. bldg\$ Addition, gymnasium\$	51,302.00 87,939.00
Macleod No. 28	_	0.0		151 2/2 0/
GranumStavely		CB CB	Gym., shop, home ec.	151,262.00 167,326.00
Medicine Hat No. 4		rc		10.750.00
GraburnLloyds	. 1	FS FS		10,750.00 10,325.00 36,000.00
Newburg Schuler Seven Persons	4	FS FS FS	Addition, gymnasium	94,500.00
Seven PersonsSuffield	. 6	BCB FS	Gym., shop, home ec.	200,627.00 40,000.00
Olds No. 31		-		47.075.00
Bancroft	, 4	B	Gymnasium	47,075.00 159,743.00
Didsbury	. 7 . I	BT FS	Addition, typing	189,540.00
Harmatton May City		F	Addition	36,117.00
SundreTorrington	. 6	FS FS	Gymnasium	24,498.00 152,210.00 136,847.00
Peace River No. 10	. 7	13	171911 3011001	130,017.00
Berwyn Dixonville	. 5	FS FS	Addition	105,134.00 32,691.00
Grimshaw	. 4	FS	Addition	59,616.00
Manning Nampa Peace River—	. 2	FS FS	Addition, typingAddition	87,509.00 28,742.00
Peace River— T.A. Norris High School	. 5	FS	Science	117,062.0
T.A. Norris High School T.A. Norris High School Riverside Elementary	. 6	FS FS	Addition	94,304.0 49,950.0
Brownvale	. 2	FS	Addition	29,428.0
Provost No. 33 Amisk	. 2	FS	Addition, gymnasium	68,756.0
Metiskow	. 2	СВ	Visual aids	83,764.0
Red Deer No. 35  Bowden	10	ВСВ	Gym., science, typing	272,480.0
Delburne		BCB	cymi, ddididdi typing lllllllll	113,228.0
Rocky Mountain No. 15  Caroline	A	ВСВ	Gymnasium	93 534 0
Condor	. 4	BCB BCB	Cymnosium	67,386.0
Crammond	_ 4	BCB	6	93,536.0 67,386.0 60,579.0 66,780.0
Rocky Mountain House Spirit River No. 47	. 9	ВСВ	Gymnasium	168,140.0
Bellov	. !	F		8,500.0
Blueberry Creek	- 3 - 1	FS FS FS	Addition	27,300.0 6,000.0
Bonanza Bonanza	. 3	FS FS	Addition	8,150.0 20,000.0
Doe Creek Eaglesham Eaglesham	- 1	FS	Addition	5,000.0 24,000.0
Eaglesham	2	FS	Addition_ Gymnasium	25,000.0 70,000.0
Rycroft	_ 2	FS FS FS	Addition	18,020.0 70,000.0
Spirit City	2 2 2 2 2	FS	Addition	10,450.0
Tangent Wanham	_ 4	FS FS	Addition	16,000.0 17,000.0
WanhamWoking		FS FS	Addition, gymnasium	28,800.0 17,500.0
St. Mary's River No. I				
Magrath	- 1	BT	Addition, shop	47,920.0
Stony Plain No. 21  Drayton Valley	_ 12	СВ	Gymnasium	247,344.0
DunningtonEntwistle	_	F FS		6,800.0 42,000.0
Keephills	_ 2	FS	Addition, typingAddition, science	33,920.0
St. Paul No. =5	4	CP	Gym shop home or	214 931 0
Ashmont Elk Point	_ 10	CB CB	Gym., shop, home ec	216,931.0 235,524.0 112,272.0
HeinsburgLabrie	- 4	ES FS	Addition gymnasium	63,545.0

School District, Division or County	No. of Gen- eral Class- rooms	Con- struc- tion	Ancillary Remarks	Cost (Not including Site or Furniture)
Lafond	2	FS	Addition, gymnasium\$	63,056.0
Mallaig	6	FS	Addition, shop, home ec.	162,839.0
Mallaig St. Lina	5	BCB	Addition, gymnasium	126,930.0
St. Vincent	3	BCB		69,505.0
Sturgeon No. 24 St. Albert	6	FS	Gym., shop, home ec., science,	
			typing	224,700.0
Namao	2	FS	Addition	46,530.0
Sullivan Lake No. 9 Elmer	3	F		36,200.0
Scapa	3	F		36,200.0
Taber No. 6				
Barnwell	2 7	FS BCB	Gymnasium	140,412.0
VauxhallThree Hills No. 60	,	вСв	Gym., shop, nome ec.	266,155.0
Carbon	Ī	FS	Addition	12,850.0
Church Hill	2	F	Visual Aids	34,251.0
Carbon Church Hill Frontier (Wimborne) Swalwell	4 2	F	Addition, science	53,550.0 57,377.0
Two Hills No. 21	_		Addition, science sections	37,377.0
Two Hills	6	FS	Addition, gymnasium	91,080.0
Two Hills	7	FS	Addition	107,916.0
Vegreville No. 19		rc	Commencion addition	24 000 0
Ranfurly	2	FS FS	Gymnasium, additionAddition, gymnasium	34,000.0 81,000.0
Vermilion No. 25	-		3,	
Vermilion No. 25 Clandonald Dewberry	2	FS		25,000.0 201,255.0 201,690.0
Dewberry	6	FS	Addition, gym., visual aids Addition, gym., science	201,255.0
Ritscoty Paradise Valley	5	FS FS	Addition, gym., science	79,748.0
Wainwright No. 22				, , , , , , , , ,
Albert	2	FS	Addition	25,000.0
rma	2	FS FS	Addition	20,000.0 25,875.0
Wainwright	8	FS	Addition, gym., home ec.	222,224.0
Westlock No. 37			37.001	
Westlock Westlock	6	F	Music, art	83,210.0
Westlock		FS	Gym., addition to high school	80,000.0
Wetaskiwin No. 36 Falun	4	FS	Add'n., shop, home ec., gym	191,705.0
Pipestone	3	FS	Addition	49.823.0
Pipestone Rose Briar Wetaskiwin (Div. School)	2	FS	Addin., gym., science	104,153.0 276,572.0
Winfield	4	FBV BCB	Gym., shop, home ecAdd'n., shop, home ec	246,351.0
Wheatland No. 40		000	7100 111, 01100, 110110 001 11111111	210,331.0
Cluny	4	BCB	Addition, gymnasium	120,782.0
Gleichen	2	CB	Addition	39,698.0
Gleichen Standard Strathmore	4	CB BCB	Gym., home economics Gym., science, typing	122,181.0
VIIIIIIIVIV		505	oyini, solonoo, iyping assassa	101,122.0
COUNTIES				
Grande Prairie No. I		E.C.		
Beaverlodge	6	FS FS	Addition, gymnasium	164,784.0
BezansonElmworth	2	FS	Science Addition, science	98,364.0 32,318.0
Grande Prairie	8	FS	Harry Baltour school	107,672.0
Hythe	3	FS	Gymnasium, science	130,134.0
LaGlace Valhalla	2	FS FS	Addition, science Science	33,321.0 125,287.0
Newell No. 4		. 5		120,207.0
Bassano	10	BCB	Gymnasium, science	179,141.0
Ponoka No. 3				
Halfway Grove	5 9	BT FS	Science tuning	91,514.0
Mecca Glen Ponoka	4	FS	Science, typing	49,978.0
Stettler No. 6				
Byemoor		FS		89,886.0
Donalda	2	FS	Addition, gym., science	141,167.0
Thorhild No. 7	4	EC	Addition gum turin	141.024.0
Newbrook	4	FS	Addition, gym., typing	141,934.0
Lomond	2	СВ	Addition, visual aids	53,483.0
	-			00,100,0

Number of General Classrooms \_\_ 1,598 Estimated Cost \_\_\_\_\_\$43,283,002.00

### TABLE No. 1

### ORGANIZATION OF SCHOOLS—GENERAL

### September 1955 - June 1956

	m Schools	
2-Room		121
3-Room		98
4 or m	ore Rooms	656
Total Schools		1,558
Total Enrolm	ents	223,949
No. of Classi	rooms: Elementary (Grades 1-6)	4,391
No. of Classi	Elementary (Grades 1-6) Junior High (Grades 7-9)	1,502
No. of Classi	Elementary (Grades 1-6) Junior High (Grades 7-9) Senior High School (10-12)	1,502
No. of Classi	Elementary (Grades 1-6) Junior High (Grades 7-9) Senior High School (10-12) Elementary and Junior High	737
No. of Classi	Elementary (Grades 1-6) Junior High (Grades 7-9) Senior High School (10-12) Elementary and Junior High Junior High and Senior High	1,502 1,004 737 151
No. of Classi	Elementary (Grades 1-6) Junior High (Grades 7-9) Senior High School (10-12) Elementary and Junior High	1,502 1,004 73 151

Year	No. of School Districts in Existence	No. of Schools and School Systems in Operation	No. of Rooms in Operation	Percentage of School Districts with Operating Schools	No. of School Divisions and Counties	No. of School Districts in Divisions or Counties	No. of School Districts not in Divisions or Counties
1905 1910 1915 1924-25 1929-30 1934-35 1935-36 1936-37 1937-38 1938-40 1940-41 1941-42 1942-43 1943-44 1944-45 1945-46 1946-47 1947-48 1948-49 1949-50 1950-51 1951-52 1952-53	602 1,501 2,478 3,215 3,431 3,720 3,721 3,724 3,972 4,008 4,012 4,022 4,034 4,046 3,950 3,978 4,046 4,046 3,950 3,979 4,008 4,012 4,046 4,	476 1,195 2,138 2,826 3,033 3,314 3,449 3,592 3,591 3,592 3,596 3,639 3,625 3,277 2,852 2,550 2,722 2,659 2,750 2,136 2,137 2,036 1,1714 1,558	628 1,610 3,082 4,289 4,759 5,558 5,815 5,873 5,935 6,034 6,082 6,180 6,276 6,327 5,988 5,603 5,419 5,716 5,828 5,811 5,915 6,050 6,232 6,546 7,368 7,801	79.07 79.60 86.36 87.90 88.40 90.48 90.13 90.49 90.22 90.27 89.55 90.86 90.60 81.76 71.03 64.52 70.57 67.45 63.02 62.25 58.08 53.68 48.80 44.56 39.84 35.71 31.20	SCH (Or 111 222 444 468 50 50 50 555 57 577 577 577 578 588 588 559 559 559	OOL DIVISIC ganized in 195 COUNTIES (in 1951)  754 1.491 3.087 3.260 3.346 3.448 3.489 3.515 3.518 3.615 3.639 3.701 3.734 3.754 3.776 3.799 3.811 3.827 3.829 3.871 3.918	2,980 2,435 891 732 662 557 512 493 454 407 395 340 196 189 180 179 181 1200 178 162

Table No. 3

			To June 1955	1955-56
27 1 . 0 0 2 2	70 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		00	2.1
	Districts established dur		20	34
	Districts dissolved during		0	3
	Districts in the Province in Consolidated School Dis		1010	1 000
	idated School Districts in		4,049	1,080
"minet of course		rince	39	39
Number of School	Districts in Consolidated		2/	21
1.tamber of believer		ricts	143	1.43
Number of School	Divisions and Counties in		59	59
ESTABLISHED DURI	NG YEAR July 1, 1955 to Ju	me 30, 1956		
Name of District		Number	Date of Est	tablishment
112 -1- T 3		5010	73	1 1055
High Level	**************	5048		1, 1955
County		5049		1, 1955
Trumpet		5052		1, 1955
Hillspring		5050		15, 1955
Snipe Creek		5053		nber 22, 1955
St. Isidore		5054		mber 22, 1955
South Burnt		5055		er 1, 1955
Lire		5059		per 1, 1955
Brinkman		5058		er 1, 1955
Riew		5057	Novemb	per 1., 1955
Silver Flats		5056	Novemb	per 1, 1955
Trapeze		5061	Nov emi	per 15, 1955
East Bank	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5062	Novemb	er 15, 1955
Wilson Prairie		5060		per 1, 1955
Rose Hill		5051		er 1, 1955
Perrault		5063	Decemb	er 1, 1955
Westward View		5064	Januai	ry 15, 1956
Eurnham	*******	5065		y 15, 1956
Avre		5067		ary 15, 1956
Sambre		5068	reprus	ary 15, 1956
Flers		5069		ery 15, 1956
Bapaume		5070		ery 15, 1956
Burmis Camp		5066	Februs	ery 15, 1956
Mutus	•••••••	5071		1, 1956
Jubilee	PS	4		15, 1955
Glen Avon	PS	5		er 1, 1955
Reverly		52		15, 1955
Breynat	RC	53		r 1, 1955
Taber	RC	54	Octobe	er 15, 1955
Bow River	RC	55	Decemb	er 30, 1955
High Prairie	RC	56		er 30, 1955
Fort Chipewyan	RC	57		er 30, 1955
Mount Star	RC	58		per 30, 1955
Morning View	RC	59	Decemb	per 30, 1955
DISSOLVED DURING	YEAR July 1, 1955 to June	30, 1956		
Echo		1967	Manah	1, 1956
Alexo		4840		er 31, 1955
Saunders		4969		er 31, 1955
paminera		4/0)	Decem	VE JE 1777

TARER NO.44 DISPRIBUTION OF CLASSROOMS IN DIVISIONS AND COUNTER BY CRADES TAUGHT, AND BRECLAMENTS 1955 - 56

NAME OF DIVISION OR COUNTY	NO.	ELEMENTARY ROOMS	ELEMENTARY AND JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL ROOMS	ELEMENTARY JUNIOR AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL ROOMS	JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL ROOMS	JUNIOR AND SENIOR HICH SCHOOL ROOMS	SCHOOL ROOMS	TOTAL	TOTAL
Berry Creek	7	70	8	7	ı	rt	1	15	191
St. Mary's River	2	25	6	1	26	ı ~	19	107	2572
Foremost	~	26	1,0	ı	00	2	7	23	1281
Medicine Hat	7	20	36	7	9	cΛ	- 7	73	1129
Taber	9	62	7	1	22	w	133	103	2676
Lethbridge	2	62	7.	•	32	~	19	137	34.81
Acadia Sullimm Tole	<b>x</b> 0	16	1,	1 (	m i	.↑	70	39	827
Deare Biver	7 0	17	J. E	7	٦,	7 -	2 *	32	510
Lac Ste, Anne	4 #	三(	7 00		0 -	٦ ,	15	S &	231.0
Edson	12	3	13.		7.5	4 ~	2 0	3 8	2250
Clover Bar	13	017	TT.	1	157	\ 1	00	3,2	2315
Rocky Mountain	15	34	2.7	t	10	2	0	277	1775
Neutral Hills	16	큐	77	1	.w	3	· ~	29	670
Holden	17	S.	10	•	19	· M	77	96	2291
Lamont	FG	64	m ·	1	22	r\$	15	8	2448
Campose	25	7 5	5\ L		16		77	83	2304
Two Hills	21	2.5	0-		2.5		77 C	107	2749
Killam	22	777	4 ~	1	) «	. 1		6).	2275
Stony Plain	23	72.	20	,	55 5	۱	3 =	ס/ נ	331.5
Sturgeon	27	56	4	1	13	1 2	# <del>=</del>	18	2542
Vermilion	25	4	31	٦	7	١ ٦	1,55	106	2603
Macleod	280	77	10	1	Φ,	2	9	47	1054
Fincher Oreek	29	77	7.6	. 1	16	ir	12	89.	1797
Drumheller	30	16	121		った	-1 C	Λ ~	74	478
Olds	31	35	36	1	- ~	J 1	n 0	8 5	OT O
Wainwright	32	37	0		12		. 0	789	1 Kh2
Provost	33	22	ω.	1	-	1	· vo	133	9111
Wetashiwin	35	58	26	1	13	. 2	30	129	3124
Westlock	37	27	127		T 7	ın c	<b>⊅</b> ′	62	2056
				4	2	7	OT	92	2342

DISTRIBUTION OF CLASSROOMS IN DIVISIONS AND COUNTIES BY GRADES TAUGHT: AND ENGLMENTS 1955 - 56

NAME OF DIVISION OR COUNTY	NO.	ELEMENTARY ROOMS	ELEMENTARY AND JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL ROOMS	ELEMENTARY JUNIOR AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL ROOMS	JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL ROOMS	AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL ROOMS	SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL ROOMS	TOTAL	TOTAL
oothilis	38	27	80	ŝ	11	2	9	727	2405
moky Lake	39	32	77	1	TT.	2	10	59	1690
heatland	100	33	10	1	п	-7	6	65	1716
algary	4	35	큐	ı	77	7	9	73	1966
thabasca	77	147	7	2	16	sv.	0	8	2457
t. Paul	15	70	16	1	12	N	7	8	2080
Bonnyville	94	CZ.	7	1	24	ı	7	93	2623
pirit River	147	34	19	1	12	~	10	78	1856
igh Prairie	817	77	<i>⇒</i>	i	17	2	7	78	2679
educ	677	89	21	1	25	77	15	133	3504
rairview	20	27	80	1	10	1	80	53	1224
Lac La Biche	겄	31	6	ı	7	~	5	55	1396
Fort Vermillon	25	7	œ	1	7	ı	-	777	329
Sast Smoky	75	Ħ	M	2	m	1	Н	23	809
led Deer Valley	55	19	7	ı	7	1	ſ	27	899
acombe	56	19	M	1	24	~	19	112	3089
toal Branch	58	10	2	1	L/	1	-	18	475
Barrhead	59	39	6	1	77	7	7	73	2137
Three Hills	8	28	18	ı	12	1	11	69	1586
brande Prairie County	1	37	25	1	10	7	89	180	2179
Mulcan County	2	77	2	1	77	2	12	72	1719
onoka County	m	52	13	٦	17	7	12	96	2698
well County	7	38	7	1	12	W	90	70	1728
farner County	7	77	88	٦	16	. 1	32	81	2066
Stettler County	9	30	777	1	7	w	9	62	1545
Thorbild County	7	36	2	1	12		10	61	1568
		211/16	683	14	781	126	ממצ	1.306	PROFFE

46 Town School Districts

104 Village School Districts

28 Consolidated School Districts School Divisions and Counties now include:

TABLE NO.5

OPERATION OF SCHOOL BY INDEPENDENT TOWN AND CITY SCHOOL DISTRICTS 1955-56

Unit	District Number	Enrolment	Average Attendance	Percentage of Attendance	Number of Rooms	Number of Teachers
Edmonton	7	31,840	30,384.55	95.43	949	1,092
Calgary	19	26,631	25,356.16	95.21	762	909
Lethbridge	51	4,742	4,545.38	95.85	156	189
Medicine Hat	76	3,422	3,281,02	95.88	106	123
Red Deer	104	1,988	1.891.07	95.12	58	65
Wetaskiwin	264	929	876,26	94.32	29	35
Camrose	1315	1,133	1.072.62	94.67	34	40
Drumheller	2472	1,280	1,238.93	96.79	39	لياء
Thibault (Morinville)	C.P.35	358	341.98	95.52	13	14
High River	3.1.1.	531	506.93	95.47	16	19
Innisfail	210	435	416.11	95.65	3.11	17
Olds	235	510	481.17	94.35	16	18
Blairmore	628	116	400.05	96.16	14	17
Bow River	1059	823	762.08	92.60	28	33
Coleman	1216	610	584.46	95.81	21	23
Stettler	1475	748	716.52	95.79	26	33
Hardisty	1659	218	196.47	90.12	8	33
Brooks	2092	610			21	25
St. Paul	2228	846	574.71	94.21	28	3L
Redcliff	2283	L29	764.23	90.33		
Beverly	2292		410.96	95.80	14	16
		796	755.21	94.87	24	29
Grande Prairie	2357	1,166	1,148.17	98.47	35	41
Sylvan Lake	2595	202	188.51	93.32	. 7	7
Bonnyville	2665	367	336.81	91.77	16	18
McMurray	2833	109	101.45	93.07	5	5
Hanna	2912	519	498.93	96.13	17	19
Three Hills Town	3048	· 244	232.04	95.09	12	12
Bowness	4590	1,345	1,259.20	93.62	40	43
West Jasper Place	4679	2,530	2,387.12	94.35	82	91
Devon	4972	329	311.49	94.68	13	14
Calgary R.C.S.	1	3,799	3,567.51	93.91	109	119
Edmonton R.C.S.	7	8,025	7.624.22	95.01	243	278
Lethbridge R.C.S.	9	971	925.01	95.26	30	31
Wetaskiwin R.C.S.	15	75	70.86	94.48	3	3
Vegreville R.C.S.	16	151	141.39	93.64	5	3 5
Red Deer R.C.S.	17	350	330.96	94.56	13	13
Pincher Creek R.C.S.	18	193	183.10	94.87	8	-8
Medicine Hat R.C.S.	21	612	588.31	96.13	18	20
Castor R.C.S.	23	131	122.19	93.28	6	6
Grande Prairie R.C.S.	28	316	292.73	92.63	10	10
Guy R.C.S.	30	31.3	290.86	92.93	11	12
Wainwright R.C.S.	31	168	153.98	91.66	B	8
St. John's R.C.S.	32	190	175.10	92.15	5	5
St. Thomas More R.C.S.	35	173	161.01	93.07	7	7
Ste. Marie R.C.S.	36	67	61.72	92.11	3	4
Immaculate Conception R.C.S.	43	97	89.63	92.40	Ĭ.	5
Jasper Place R.C.S.	45	761	713.12	93.71	29	34
Beverly R.C.S.	45 52	LOT	11)016	73.1T	27	34
Taber R.C.S.	5L					
Bow River R.C.S.	55 55					
High Prairie R.C.S.	56			-	-	-
Glen Avon P.S.	5	-	= =	1	-	
		102,498			3,115	3,601

#### 1. TOWN SCHOOL DISTRICTS

(a) The following town is in a consolidated district which operates independently. Nanton

# 2. VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICTS

(a) The following villages are in consolidated districts which operate independently.

Barons
Saskatoon Lake
Lousana
Calahad

Barons Saskatoen Lake
Lousana Calahad
Ehrora Donnelly
Great Bend Clyde
Forestburg Falher
Farkland

(b) The following village districts operate independently. Cochrane Galt Frank Turner Valley

### 3. SEPARATE SCHOOL DISTRICTS

All operate independently. These number 22 in addition to those listed in Table 5.

Table No. 6

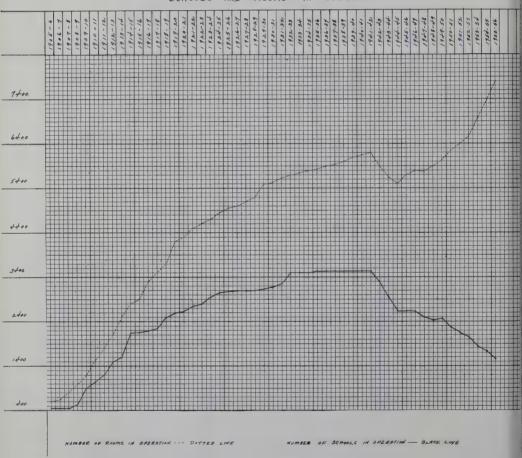
CLASSIFICATION OF SCHOOLS BY NUMBER OF CLASSROOMS

Number of Classrooms	Nu	Number of Schools	ols	Two Year	Two Year
in School or School Systems	1953-54	1954-55 1955-56	1955-56	In Schools	In Schools
	1,033	870	683	1	350
40	156	146	121	1	35
s co	680	85	86	6	1
\ ~	93	82	78	ı	1.5
‡u	92	89	78	2	1
	0,10	59	29	17	1
) [	677	53	57	60	1
- 000	.97	59	53	_	ı
) 0	38	34	44	9	
0	27	T7	877	21	1
11 or more	179	202	231	52	ŧ
E a t∞ E	1.836	71.6	1.558	1	278

During the same two-year period the total number of classrooms increased by: 855

TABLE NO. 7

SCHOOLS AND ROOMS IN OPERATION.



7.02

13,126 1,158

-77

DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS BY SEX, GRADE AND AGE AS AT JUNE 1, 1956. ACADEMIC SCHOOL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1.956.

Under				5						9			ì						cen- tage of Enrol- ment	ian Age
76 6,633	6,600 13 5,74.7	738	14,5	143 22	22 18	27	25	20.00			1	t I	1.1	2 -	٦,	1 1	1 1	14,28 12,90	12.14	7.09
-1	72 5,379	5,794	1,242	187	36	22	13	15	22	1	-	1.1	1 1	~ (	~ .	1 1	1.1	13,611	11.57	8.16
1 1	123	5,456	6,626	1,525	285	101	251	27	r-m	75	1 1	1	1 1	1.1	1 1	1 1	1.1	13,686	11.80	9.24
1 1		2 105	4,378	5,199	1,563	393	132	288	15	m-#	7 7	1.1	2	~ ,	1/ I	1 1	1 1	11,842	10.30	10.28
1 1	1 1	1	135	3,206	4,818 1,523	1,663	51.9	159	38	12	20	-1	57	4 1	٦,	1 1	1 1	10,581	9.10	11.39
1.1	1 1	1 1	mm	97	3,048	4,567	1,785	292	193	37	19	חר	큐디	0 1	3	1 1	1 4	10,427	8,98	12 045
1 1	t t	1 1	1.6	0.0	125	2,914	4,455	1,768	727	157	26	77	7.7	~ 1	27	1.1	1.1	10,192	8.85	13.44
1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	C-3	154	3,132	3,687	1,721	246	83	15	25	~ ,	۰,	1.1	1 1	8,695	7.17	14.41
1 1	1 1	1 1	1.1	1-1	1.1	24	817	2,150	3,456	1,507	200	33.22	10	22	N W	1 1	4 4	7,732	96*9	15.42
1 1	1 1	1.1	1.1	1-3	1 1	1	200	119	1,788	2,634	865	188	23	u m	0 1	1.1	1.4	5,605	5.23	16.27
1 1	1 3	1.1	1.1	1 1	1 1	1.1	1.1	11 7	213	1,463	1,942	392	146	34	25	1.1	1 1	4,390	4.03	17,24
1 1	1 1	1 1	1.4	1 1	1 1	1 1	1.1	1.1	3	125	1,157	1,642	730	183	33	rt 1	- I	3,942	3.27	18,32
76 6,705	5 12,100 18,11,547	12,104,12,403 11,547 11,810	12,529	10,259	9,931	9,831	9,629	8,592	8,085	6,412	4,487	2,608	933	236	165		e 1	111,987		
13,323	13 23,651	24,213	24,497	19,978	19,426	19,272	18,627	16,925	16,002	12,695	8,828	4,516	1,329	307	209	-	1	223,949	100,00	17.64

Note that ages on entering the grade were lower by 9 months. N.B. Ages reported mm at June 1, 1956.

12 99

18 25

476

530 28

Repeated Grade I from Last Year

2 2 39

262

6,070

Boys Boys

Traducate LE

Sentor High School Juntor High School

Table No. 9

ACCELERATION AND RETARDATION

	Under	Modal Age Percent	Age	Modal Age Number	Percent	Over Mc Number	Over Modal Age Wumber Percent	Total
Elementary: Grade I		.55	+ 9	13,136	48.31	13,903	51.14	27,188
Grade II		43.14	+ 000	12,406	47.89	2,324	8.97	25,906
Grade III		40.55	+ 6 5	12,734	8T.847	2,978	11.27	26,428
Grade IV	7,309	35.88	+ +	9,34,1	45.71	3,722	18.27	20,372
Grade VI		34.74	12 +	8,990	44.72	4,129	20.54	20,103
Junior High School:								
		34.59	13 +	8,744	44.0.14	4,214	21.27	19,810
Grade VIII		34.64	77' +	7,608	43.69	3,773	21.67	17,412
		33,22	15 +	7,103	45.55	3,310	21,23	15,593
Senior High School:						•		
		38.50	16+	5,452	46.50	1,758	15.00	11,724
Grade XI		41.10	17+	3,980	60°771	1,337	14.81	9,028
Grade XII		39.34	18+	3,028	41.37	1,412	19,29	7,320
	75,092	33.53		102,605	45.82	46,252	20.65	223,949

The age of the largest group (Age as at June 1, 1956; deduct 9 months for age at admission to grade) Modal Age:

TABLE NO. 10

OPTIONAL SUBJECTS IN GRADE IX

	Boys	Girls	Totals
Music	1828	2176	4004
Art	2457	2344	4801
Dramatics	1349	1533	2882
Typewriting	1733	1826	3559
Home Economics	5	4410	4415
Community Economics	1851	1996	3847
Oral French	2021	2361	4382
Industrial Arts	4353	45	4398
Agriculture	443	405	848

TABLE NO. 11(a)

ENROLMENT IN SUBJECTS (HIGH SCHOOL GRADES)

Subject and Course	Boys	Girls	Totals
CONSTANTS:			
Health and Personal			
Development 10	5351	6112	11,463
Language 10	4601	5058	9,659
Language 20	5014	5540	10,554
Literature 10	4512	5017	9,529
Literature 20	5041	5600	10,64]
Physical Education 10	5199	5914	11,113
Social Studies 10	4565	5153	9,718
Social Studies 20	5014	5495	10,509
English 30	3322	3715	7,037
Social Studies 30	3520	3215	6,735

TABLE NO. 11(b)

WHOLLIENT IN SUBJECTS (HIGH SCHOOL GRADES)

COURSE AND SUBJECT		BOYS	GIRLS	TOTALS	COURSE AND SUBJECT		BOYS	GIRLS	LULARIO
ELECTIVES					ELECTIVES (Continued)				
Agriculture	10	288	180	468	Metalwork	10	492	1	493
Agriculture	20	23	17	325	Metalwork	11	-		-
lari mi tura	16	ıc	40	3 =	Metalwork	20	129	,	129
Tall the same of t	10	006	1.064	1 964	Music	10	096	1.378	2,338
	200	69	61	198	Mesado	20	126	254	380
Arts and Chafts	200	132	144	276	Need mork	100	6.	233	236
The same of the sa	000	2 6	4	2	Och too Dans too	000	2 2	200	643
res and craics	0 0	000	0 •	9 0	Ollice Fractice	0 0	217	200	3#0 uc
Automotives	27	199	d*	689	Frinting	2 6	00 0	n	0 6
Automotives	200	272	1	STS	Frinting	200	40	73	90
Automotives	21	35	1	325	Paychology	20	1,044	1,285	2,329
Bookkeeping	70	1,060	1,417	2,477	Physical Education	20	693	379	1,072
Bookkeeping	20	269	1,016	1,608	Science	10	4,548	4,498	9,046
Business Fundamentals	10	1,109	1,338	2,447	Science	7	1,480	1,980	3,460
Clerical Practice	20	16	255	41	Science	20	4.724	4.587	9.311
Tothing Salaction and Dealon	000	F.	4.2	45	Shortband	10	106	1 203	300
The state of the s	2 0	0 0	2 5	200	The state of the s	0 0	o u	7,000	200
rareing	0 0	000		200	One of the state	0 0	T F	000	1 1
Draiting	200	CT	7	97	Sociology	2	CTO	2.69	T, 310
Drama	070	874	DBT T	2,054	Spanish	02	64	12	31
Drama	022	20	4.6	129	Typewriting	10	3,329	5,073	B,402
Electricity	10	546	03	548	Typewriting	20	451	1,383	1,834
Electricity	20	127	1	127	Woodwork	10	1.214	30	1.244
Klectricity	21	23	1	O.	Woodwork	20	183		183
Rahnica and Dreas	10	٦٦	1 890	ומאשו	ALCONO.	20	956		926
Sobrator and Dance	000	* -	730	1,004	A 404 DO 4	1 6	2		2
HULICH SILL DEBB	000	1 1	403	440	Agriculture	3 8	4 (	1 (	4 6
Foods and Mutrition	0 7	200	T,066	1,119	Art	30	0	83	12
goods and Mutrition	200	0	626	135	Arts and Crafts	200	4	4	00
rench	7:	523	279	1,151	Automotives	200	69	1	69
French	20	2,758	3,021	5,779	Biology	325	1,299	2,352	3,651
French	21	100	170	270	Bookkeeping	8	39	124	163
General Mechanics	15	1,132	222	1,154	Business Machines	30	20	167	187
General Mechanics	16	786	4	793	Chemistry	30	2,584	2.210	4.794
General Mechanics	17	103	4	107	Drama	30	to.	60	9
Geology	10	00	9	14	Ronomica	30	214	173	787
Home Economics	10	16	1.047	1.063	Electricity	05	25		3.4
Home Rounding	11	4		-	Webvior and Dunne	30		2.4	4 5
	10	0 0	4	- 0	the state and proper	3 8		* L	7
	27	n t	1 6	57 0	FOOGE AND MULTICION	2 5	1 .	0 0	0000
Dome Boonomics	200	9	672	222	French	3	1,731	1,959	2,690
Home Economics Craits	P		STS	ST2	French	27	43	16	134
Home Furnishings	20	ດ	28	63	German	30	111	74	185
Home Mursing and Child Care	10	1	32	35	Letin	30	239	184	423
Language	21	166	245	411	Methemetics	30	2,275	1.746	4.021
Letin	11	17	1	18	Mathematics	150	RAA	190	1 034
Spt. fm	20	478	307	0 1 12 1 12	Methometica	0.5			2006
3	000	208	080	000	Mark of the class	3 6	2 6	,	9 6
4	2 6	0 2 2	9000	0000	MOUNTER	3 8	8 8	a c	0 1
P.T. P.T. P. T. P.	130	1400	000	L,273	Music	200	1.2	130	100
action of the second of the se	7.7	10040	0,160	262,04	Ullice Fractice	000	0 !	TOT	TOP
Mathematics	11	937	1,641	2,578	Physics	30	2,048	626	2,674
dethematics	12	273	80	281	Secretarial Training	30	1	105	105
Mathematics	20	3,496	3,323	6,819	Spanish	30	ID.	9	11
Mathematics	21	478	465	943	Typewriting	30	34	227	261
Vat.hamat.foo	60	00	0		ALCOHOLD IN	O.F.	28.7		20
		200				-			

Table No. 12
PUPILS LEAVING SCHOOL AT THE AGE OF 15 YEARS

Grade	Number Leaving School at 15	Percentage of Total (2,771)	Percentage of the Enrolment in the Grade	Enrolment in Grade	Percentage of Enrolment in all Grades (223,949)
r	7.	.18	20°	27,188	•005
2	2	-18	•02	25,906	•005
~	N	,00°	10°	26,428	100
4	18	• 65	80°	23,065	800
2	75	1.59	.21	20,372	020
9	116	4.19	. 58	20,103	•052
7	312	11,26	1.57	19,810	139
00	019	22,01	3.50	17,412	272
6	889	32.08	5.70	15,593	397
High School	770	27.79	2.74	28,072	.344
	2,777.	100,00		223,949	1.237

able No. 13

(COMPARATIVE) PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY GRADES

	PUPIL	S LEAVING	SCHOOL AT	PUPILS LEAVING SCHOOL AT THE AGE OF 15 YEARS	7 15 YEARS	. 1			
		DIVISION	I NO		DIVISION	Ħ	C,	JUNIOR HIGH	TOOHOS H
Grades	٦	2	~	7	10	9	7	€0	6
1941 – 42	200	2.00	.34	1.33	4.08	8.51	17.44	26.39	31.27
1942 - 43	.10	80.	417.	1.45	4.08	8.45	17.00	24.35	33.25
1943 - 44	200	200	.39	1.03	3.08	7.54	19,22	26.01	32.62
1944 - 45	•05	90°	.29	89.	1.77	7.14	16.97	25.84	32.07
1945 - 46	90*	90*	.23	09.	1.58	5.73	12.91	25.98	36.26
1946 - 47	90°	60°	.28	.78	1.89	5.48	13.10	26.49	35.02
1947 - 48	.12	.16	.51	*95	2,70	5.47	13.08	21.92	29.04
1948 - 49	.12	.12	.34	98.	2.21	6.24	12.72	24.31	29.06
1949 - 50	.11	.31	.51	1.01	2.15	5.09	12,66	21,31	30.43
1950 - 51	.19	•33	• 50	1.53	1.81	5.14	12,33	22,22	30.10
1951 - 52	.15	.21	35	66.	1.84	5.03	12,61	24.50	30.00
1952 - 53	.33	•26	.37	1.22	1.75	4.95	12.76	23.12	32,19
1953 - 54	·74	.52	.93	26.	1,90	5.50	11,05	22:65	31.85
ŧ	•93	20	.79	1.26	1.97	94.4	12,36	21,98	31.68
1955 – 56	.18	,1¢	200	•65	1.59	4.19	11.26	22.01	32,08

Distribution of Pupils Leaving School During the Year, or at the End of Previous School Year, by Sex, Grade and Occupation POST SCHOOL RECORD OF PUPILS

OCCUPATION	GRADES	Below VII Boys Girl	Girls	Boys	VII	VIII Boys Gi	Will' Boys Girls	Boys	Girls	X Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	XII s Girls	Boys	Girls	Total
TO FURTHER TRAINING (1) College, University or Private Finishing School		,		1		-		120	165	25	56	38	77	581	337	764	573	1,337
(2) Teacher Training School (3) Nurses' Training School (4) School for Nursing Addes (5) Pusiness College (6) Technical Training School (7) Apprenticeship Training			141484	111100	12111	1112	1000	13 6 1 1	140040	1224	100 30	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 119 89 6	321 - 52	219 378 22 35 20	130	221 401 365 53 53	277 401 62 435 183 176
OCCUPATIONAL GROUPS																		
(1) Agriculture; Farming, Fruit Farming, Stock and Poultry Raising, Horticulture, Farm																		
Workers.		73	15	77	35	252	당	360	99	219	671	185	145	285	58	1,488	349	1,837
Company		~	t	7	Н	7	J	19	7	7	t	10	1	11	ч	63	~	68
(4) Manufacturing: Bakers, Morkmen.  (b) Manufacturing: Bakers, Rutchers, Boot and Shoe Repairers, Tailors and Tailoresses, Cabinet and Furniture makers, Printers,		1	г	н	i	20	1	20	1	18	1	15	ı	20	~	129	м	132
	2.	7	t	•	2	æ	-7	21	ъ.	Д	α	16	ν,	30	-	96	25	121
Boller Friendshi, Stationary Enginemen, Construction and Maintenance Workers.  () Building and Construction:  Masons. Garbenters. Electricians		m	,	1	1	1	1	ï	i	-7		m		9	ı	97	ч	17
and Wirenen, Pairters and Decora- tors, Plasters, Plumbers, Tin- smiths, Staff-members, Workers, (7) Transportation: Railway, Bus and Workor Operators and Mainte-		m	1	10	C/	23	ı	145	1	25	N	38	н	20	<\	2114	6	221
nance Men, Teamsters, Draymen, Truck Drivers, Sailors, Dockmen, etc.; Staff-members, Workers. (8) Communication: Members of News- paper Staff's and Redio Stations,		w	н	9	п	17.7	а	775	~	45	н	\$	77	99	٥	243	0,	262
learphone, Paragraph and Maintenance 'Nen, Nessengers, Posturen, Staff-members, Workers.  (9) Waterboushing and Storage. Farkers, Rinners, Warehoushers		-7	1	7	Ø	1.8	-7	13	o	0,	77	24	90	172	52	117	131	248
0 0 0		œ		m	ı	īν	1	9	7	77	2	00	0	3%	31	70	70	110
Commercial Travellers, Buyers, Pedlars, Salesmen and Saleswomen.		•	ε.	Ø0	ı	16	10	16	35	27	다	45	39	76	63	210	192	1,02

TARE NO. 14 (Continued)

OCCUPATION	GRADES	Below VII Boys Girls		VII Boys Girls	irls	VIII Boys Girls	IX Boys Girls	Boys	X Girls	Al Boys Girls	Girls	Boys Girls		Boys Girls	1.3	Total
B. OCCUFATIONAL GROUPS: (Cont'd)																
(11) Finance and Insurance: Finance and Insurance Officials, Insurance and Real Estate Agents,																
		1 -		-	ı	-	9	rel	∞	17	13	34	23	92 09		138
(a) Defense: Navy, Army, Air Force.		1		2	ı	9	13 -	29	3,	671	12	23	1, 1,	192 29		221
(b) Public: Civil and Government Employees: (c) Professional: Accountants and Auditors, Clergymen, Lawyers,	nt and s,	ı		ı	1	7		īν	7	12	13	27	77	Z <sup>†</sup> 1 6 <sup>†</sup> 1		22
Physicians and Surgeons, Teachers. (d) Recreational: Members of		1		1	å	-	1	H	П	8	8	7	0,	10 13		23
Theatre Staffs, Recretional Supervisors.  (a) Personal: Hotal and Restautra Staff; Barbers, Hairra Staff; Barbers, Hairrassers, Cooks, Janitors and Sextons, Walters and Matthessers, Watchinen and Characters, Watchinen and	et 1	m			н		m I	ı	1	ν.	~	m	4	11 11		55
Jaundering: Cleaners, Dyers, Pressers. (13) Clerical. Rookkeepers and	£ 8	m	7	m	10	3 37	19 90	17	617	15	39	큐	017	74 272		346
		2		2	~	1 7	7 28	15	641	33,	178	35	300	152 558	m	710
Workers not engaged in Agriculture, Mining or Logging.	re,	. 21	7	38	21	58 24	67 69	55	59	717	19	17	18 3	321 167	~	1,88
C. MARRIAGE		1	8	н	9	11	4 31	~	22	М	89	9	120	16 334		350
TO INSTITUTIONS (Not Classifiable under E.)		н	m	т	7	2	4 9	0	α	m	9	т	2	21 26	.0	147
DEATH OR DISABILITY (Mental or Physical)		ω,	~	~	77	3 4	72	7	rv	7	w	70	w	30 35	10	65
UNEMPLOYED		5 19	6	13	80	13 20	20 41	77	30	7	15	7	17	79 150	0	229
G. LET THE PROVINCE		150 134	7	23	19	30 33	33 24	35	2.1	16	15	19	12 3	306 258	m	564
H. UNKNOWN		0	3	15	17	15 21	96 98	92	941	96	93	134	83 14	456 363		819
I. OTHERS NOT ACCOUNTED FOR ABOVE		7 18	80		10	2 17	6 10	15	13	17	25	10	12	64 105	10	169
TOTAL	ys	306		279		506	979	709		81.5		2,052	5,646	977		
a [1.5]	-	000									-					100

Table No. 15

MONTHLY SUMMARY OF ATTENDANCE —— September 1955 to June 1956

Month	Possible Aggregate	Actual Aggregate	Percentage
September	3,973,531.0	3,740,868.0	94.14
October	4,089,645.5	3,870,631.0	94.64
November	4,510,921.5	4,212,636.0	93.39
December	3,532,844.5	3,216,136.5	91.03
January	4,449,510.0	4,124,894.5	92.70
February	4,340,916.5	3,984,548.0	91.79
March	4,490,421.0	4,093,353.0	91.16
April Mav	3,430,343.0 4.665,943.0	3,224,417.0 4,422,138.0	94.00 94.77
June	4,213,369.0	4,030,759.5	95.66
	41,697,445.0	38,920,381.5	
	percentage of attendance tendance for the year		93.33

Table No. 16

NUMBER OF SCHOOL DAYS ATTENDANCE 1955-56

	Pupils	Attending
Days	Number	Percent
1 - 19 20 - 39 40 - 59 60 - 79 80 - 99 	1,376 1,981 2,071 1,815 1,819 2,709 4,539 14,540 66,830 126,256	.61 .88 .93 .81 .81 .1.21 2.03 6.49 29.84 56.38
	223,949	100.00

ENROLMENT AND ATTENDANCE, DIVISIONS, COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS

	Enrolment	No. of Boys	No. of Girls	Aggregate Attendance	Average Attendance
(1) Divisions and Counties	111,085	57,172	53,913	19,020,068,5	101,864,12
(2) Non-Divisional Districts:					
City	71,965	37,005	34,960	12,809,505.0	98,646,86
Town	13,783	66669	487.69	2,439,537.0	13,031,02
* R. C. Separate	17,760	8,974	8,786	3,057,797.5	16,760.56
Village	1,322	689	633	235,658.0	1,230.78
Consolidated	2,210	1,139	1,071	390,815.0	2,075.27
Rural	5,824	3,009	2,815	967,000.5	5,430.45
	223,949	114,987	108,962	38,920,381.5	209,035,83

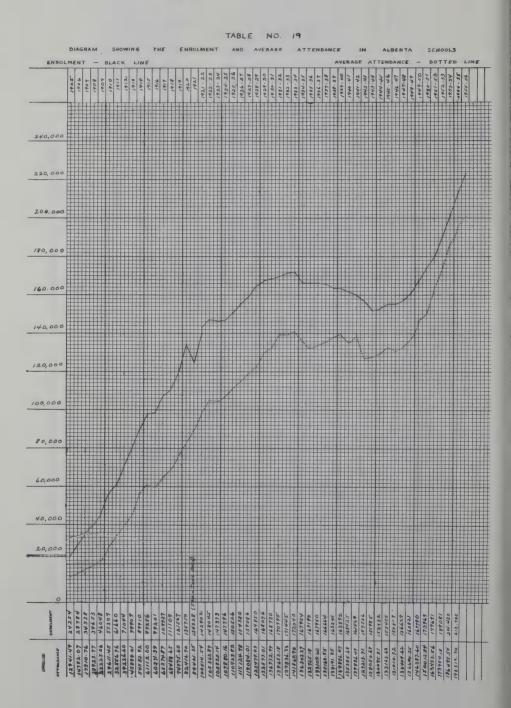
Includes all R. C. Separate School Districts --- city, town, village and rural

Table No. 18

(COMPARATIVE) EMBOLMENT, ATTENDANCE, TEACHERS AND SALARIES, 1906 to 1955-56 INCLUSIVE

Town & Village   Rural   Town & Village   Town & Tow		NE	ENROLIENT	DAILY /	DAILY AVERAGE ATTENDANCE		
14,567 14,208 7,396-34 7,386-34 7,386-34 7,598-99 5,7082-80 33,188-59 4,607 73,912 2,611 1,087 73,92-62 16,522-65 13,3188-59 7,7082-80 73,9188-59 6,5128-94 7,607 73,912 81,123 860 63,407-96 65,883-34 5,7087 77,420 81,723 77,426 63,407-96 65,62-81 6,490 61,500-90 65,62-81 6,490 77,490 77,490 77,490 77,490 77,490 77,490 61,500-90 65,62-81 6,490 77,490	Year	Rural	Town & Village	Rural	Town & Village	Teachers	Salaries
- 22	1906	14.567	14.208	7.396.34	7,386,34	924	386,107,99
- 22	1911	32,098	29,562	16,252,65	16,304,11	2,651	1,144,583.75
- 22	1916	17.987	51,223	27,082,80	33,188,59	709.4	2,421,404,48
- 27	1	66,211	76,691	41,892,60	58,621.94	5,787	5,428,826.20
- 32 81,438 89,337 62,769.84 76,883.34 5,760 - 37 84,090 83,860 63,467.96 69,641.12 6,130 - 42 83,860 63,467.96 69,641.12 6,130 - 43 77,456 66,948.2 69,641.12 6,130 - 44 77,593 77,426 61,556.90 64,531.08 5,824 - 45 77,593 77,20	1	73,942	80,438	49,826,69	65,298.09	5,380	5,899,839.00
- 37 84,090 83,860 63,467,96 69,641,12 6,130 777,486 69,842,82 67,655,68 6,336 6,362 6,336 6,362 6,318,06 6,362 6,318,06 6,362 6,318,06 6,362 6,318,06 6,362 6,318,06 6,362 6,318,06 6,362 6,318,06 6,362 6,318,06 6,362 133,409,62 135,602 6,338 156,002 6,388 159,031 167,790 1167	-	81,438	89,357	62,769.84	76,883,34	5,760	6,406,966.78
- 42	1	060,48	83,860	63,467.96	69,641.12	6,130	5,893,852.44
- 4.3	1	83,723	77,456	69,842,82	67,635.68	6,336	6,870,176.68
- 44	1	04,67	78,036	61,550.90	65,662.81	06769	6,935,906.40
- 45	1	777,593	74,392	63,519,59	64,531.08	5,824	7,584,674.59
- 46 84,260 71,195 62,19,09 70,212.94 5,868 85,961 69,556 70,446.46 60,564.26 5,868 85,961 156,629 135,409.62 136,309 82 136,309 150,012.84 6,788 167,891 177,991 177,	1	777,270	75,262	63,777.75	66,318,06	5,945	8,058,586,62
ALL SCHOOLS  - 48	i	84,260	(T°T)	65,919.69	10,242.94	5,868	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
ALL SCHOOLS  - 48  156,629  133,400,62  - 50  160,821  136,692,25  136,692,25  146,387,60  157,790  173,969  173,969  173,969  173,969  173,969  173,969  173,969  173,969  173,969  173,969  173,969  186,455,56  186,519,50  222,705  222,705  200,035,83  8,815	1	85,961	69,556	47.944.607	60,564,26	5,818	***8,841,443.60
156,629 133,409,62 5,458 156,629 133,409,62 6,039 156,629 136,690,25 5,779 156,821 166,821 173,969 156,002,84 6,788 159,002,84 173,969 150,002,84 6,788 173,969 150,002,84 6,938 173,969 1173,954,18 1		AL	T SCHOOLS	ALL	SCHOOLS		
	11111111		56,629 (67,790 773,969 779,691 779,691 779,691 779,691 779,705	200, 200, 200, 200, 200, 200, 200, 200,	409.62 690.25 387.60 012.84 453.56 954.18 519.30 035.83	6,039 6,039 7,138 8,214 8,214 8,214 8,214 8,214 8,214	##10,281,536.08 ##12,429,088.20 ##15,505,440.19 ##15,142,045.58 ##19,142,9142,148 ##21,425,639.80 ##27,410,706.24

\* Fiscal year changed to calendar year \*\* Calendar years 1946 to 1955 (inclusive)



able No. 20

PERCENTAGE OF ENROLMENT IN GRADE I AND HIGH GRADES, FROM 1912

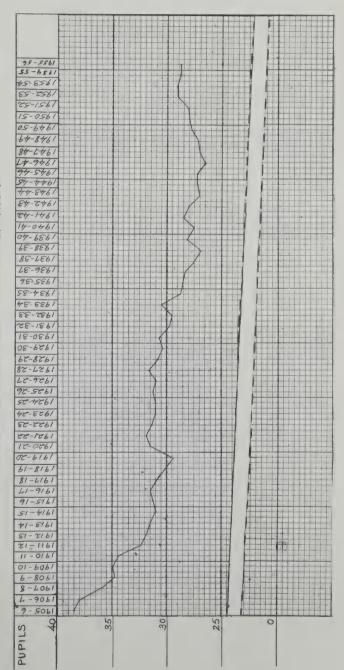
Table No. 21

### TY ON STORE

SUMMARIZED ATTENDANCE RECORD - September 1955 to June 1956

	223,949 41,697,445.0 38,920,381.5 93.34%	186.19	173.79	12,40		223,949 223,949 444,341,902.0 38,920,381.5 87,77%	173.79	24,21
enrolment of individual pupils.								
1. Based on number of days individual schools were operated and term of enrolment of individual pupils.	(a) Enrolment (b) Possible pupil - days attendance (c) Actual pupil - days attendance (d) Percent of attendance - (c)	(e) Average possible number of days attendance per pupil - $(b)$	(f) Average actual number of days attendance per pupil $-\begin{pmatrix} c \\ c \end{pmatrix}$	(g) Average number of days lost per pupil - (e) - (f) (a) (h) Average daily attendance - $\frac{(c)}{(e)}$	2. Entire school system of Province considered as a unit.	(a) Number of legal school days (b) Enrolment (c) Possible pupil - days attendance (d) Actual pupil - days attendance (e) Percent of attendance - (d)	(f) Average actual days each student attended school - $(d)$	(g) Average days lost by each student - (a) - (f) (b) Average daily attendance - $\frac{(d)}{(a)}$

TABLE NO. 2.2
PUPIL-LOAD—AVERAGE NUMBER OF PUPILS PER ROOM.



ZABLE NO. 23 DEBENTURE BORROWINGS July 1, 1955 to June 30, 1956

No.	County, Division or District	Grant Approved	Debentures Sold to School Lands Trust Fund (3½% - Par)	Fund Term - Years
50 8	Acadia School Division Assumption R.C.S. District	101,747	158,000	250
525 575 575 575 575 575 575 575 575 575	Barrhead School Division Bevarley R.G.S. Justrict Bonnytille School Division Bowness School District	67,120 146,300 60,000 127,400	110,000	8888
1412	Calgary R.C.S. District Calgary District Camrose School Division Castor School Division Clover Bar School Division Clover Bar School Division Cochrane School District	232,123 814,847 200,996 100,386 211,728 57,112	1,674,000 2,674,000 2,600,000 2,600,000 75,000	666666
1,972	Devon School District Drumheller School Division	20,000	30,000	60
4000	East Smoky School Division Edmonton School District Edmonton R.C.S. District Edson School Division	25,000 797,542 396,987 193,080	2,530,000 975,000 484,000	00000
283	Fairview School Division Foothils School Division Foremost School Division For Vermillon R.c.S. District	22,250 22,781 28,781 28,781	25,000	8843
н	Grande Prairie County	12,015	35,000	20
1659 5005 56	Hardisty School District Hays School District High Prairie R.C.S. District	66,000	72,250	288
210	Innisfall School District Jasper Place R.C.S. District Killem R.C.S. District	174,490	120,000 209,000 14,250	ተጸሜ
27.776	Lacombe School Division Lac Ste. Anne School Division Lethnidge School Division Lethnidge School Division Lethnidge R.C.S. District	73,420 10,000 39,370 363,145 36,300	100,000 16,000 376,000 105,000	82822

#### DEBENTURE BORROWINGS

TABLE NO. 23

July 1, 1955 to June 30, 1956

No.	County, Division or District	Grant Approved	Debentures Sold Trust (3½% - Par)	Fund Fund Term - Years
5555 4967	Medicine Hat School Division Millet School District Millet School District Montgomery School District	106,410	199,000 41,400 10,000	20 20 25 25
1,60	Nanton Consolidated School District Neutral Hills School Division Newell County	16,000	31,000	888
33	Peace River School Division Pincher Creek School Division Provost School Division	138,175	325,000	120
104	Red Deer School District Rocky Mountain School Division	230,345	267,400	25
240mys675	Sacred Heart R.C.S. District Spirit River School Division Ste. Marte R.C.S. District St. Thomas More R.C.S. District Stony Plain School Division Strawberry School Division Strawberry School Division Sturgeen School Division Sullivan Lake School Division	100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000	820,000 82,000 82,000 1250,000 1150,000 133,100	000000000
\$	Taber Re.C.S. District Taber School Davision Theresetta R.C.S. District Three Hils School Division Three Hils Town School District Two Hils School Division	169,400 33,840 42,350 49,885 49,610	\$ 200000 \$ 200000 \$ 2000000 \$ 20000000000	886888
£2000 30 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Vegreville School Division Vulcan Gounty Walnwright School Division Warner County West Sepsor Place School District Wetaskiwin School Division Wetaskiwin School Division Wetaskiwin School Division Wetaskiwin School Division Wetallock School Division	60,200 25,000 20,000 34,100 201,897 38,500	150,000 20,000 20,000 22,1000 22,1000 20,000 20,000 20,000	00044004000
	Totals	\$7,464,530	\$12,374,600	

Included in Wetaskivin School Division No. 36
\*\* Name changed to Leduc

TABLE NO. 24(8)

STATEMENT SHOTHE REVENUE & EXPENDITEDANS IN ALL SCHOOL DIVISIONS, DISTRICTS & COUNTES DURING THE YEAR 1955

REVENUE

	Divisions	Counties	City School Districts	Town School Districts	Village School Districts	Consolidated School Districts	Rural School Districts	Total Revenue
Grants - Regular	11,212,837.27	1,386,210.81	3,519,896.97	1,040,317.38	117,386.18	198,086.23	315,680.67	17,790,415.51
- Tax Reduction Subsidy	2,732,586.83	540,196.65	3,171,133.36	1,60,613.97	18,544.52	82,012.82	88,573.14	7,093,661.29
-Other	72,463.65	5,896.45	1,650.00	1	ı	ı	8,693.40	88,703.50
Requisitions	12,336,446.23	1,934,415.60	10,415,631.76	1,298,958,76	235,195.41	264,068.53	419,391.26	26,904,107.55
Tuition Fees - from Parents	28,926.11	295.30	41,494.57	9,072.48	. 972.50	1,351.50	1,652.93	83,747.39
- from Department	3,620.00	478.00	863,00	1,694.25	ı	180.00	272,00	7,112.25
- from School Boards	103,628.96	6,862.33	153,100.14	130,150.84	12,591.50	14,600.05	14,514.52	435,448.34
Sale of Property and Equipment	160,535.48	12,784.94	376.75	3,168.99	358,45	2,344.00	568.50	180,137.11
Other Revenue	785,989.35	39,433.42	284,859.74	113,355.99	7,712.63	9,400,22	16,922.87	1,257,674.22
Total Revenue	27,437,035.88	3,926,573.50	17,580,991.29	3,057,332.66	392,761.19	572,043.35	860,209.29	53,841,007.16
Deficit	269,803.38	63,564.97	14,623,44	50,010,63	21,010.79	8,122.01	39,178.51	466,313.73
Surplus from Previous Tear (if used)		1	28,919.65	10,000,00	•	1	1	38,919.65
Totals	327,706,839.26	\$3,990,138.47	63,990,138.47 17,632,534.38	\$3,117,343.29	3413,771.98	\$580,165.36	\$905,444,7.80	\$54,346,240.54

## STATEMENT SHOWING REVENUE & EXCENDITURES IN LL SCHOOL DIVISIONS, DISTRICTS & COUNTIES DURING THE YEAR 1955 XPSHDITURES

Items	Divisions	Countles	City School Districts	Town School Districts	Village School Districts	Consolidated School Districts	Rural School Districts	Total
Administration	596,723.58	128,427.00	430,805.05	46,479.56	9,551.99	10,584.72	26,617.08	1,249,188.98
Teachers' Salaries	12,740,627.73	1,781,626.22	10,125,723.98	1,785,153.25	236,903.55	287,688.44	453,043.07	27,410,766.24
Correspondence Courses	23,318,49	2,478.21	00.44	508,00	00*24	948.81	481.05	27,825.56
Library & Text Books	334,224.75	32,208.13	207,727.61	46,976.30	3,134.67	6,611.81	19,048.75	649,932.02
Supplies & Equipment	489,717.33	71,268.54	425,269.59	67,465.76	9,248.75	8,264.76	24,327.68	1,095,562.41
Other Instruction	46,936.78	5,016.36	32,123.16	2,509.74	380.74	1,771.28	3,706.56	92,444.62
Caretaking	996,186.74	152,990.73	1,147,005.98	193,513.12	24,585.84	27,339.39	51,869.55	2,593,491.35
Fuel, Light, Water, etc.	814,919.97	131,196.61	44,8,030.38	112,831.27	17,233.42	19,589.74	27,079.22	1,570,930.61
Repairs & Replacements	1,025,353.23	193,139.67	749,421.32	90,971.12	11,099.33	18,673.62	25,391.06	2,114,049.35
Other Plant Operation & Maintenance	502,423.49	57,997.87	297,945.79	39,205.89	3,380.48	8,972.25	8,643.06	918,568.83
Transportation & Maintenance of Pupils	5,084,274.37	709,312.38	45,576.29	35,016.47	13,684.57	82,052.92	39,164.51	6,009,081.51
Health Service	19,959.70	701.04	17,085.95	1,249.28	76.00	1	843,12	39,915.09
Other Auxiliary Services	196,431.83	13,694.76	37,834.91	2,945.66	177.05	22,822,93	384.84	274,341,98
To Other School Boards	240,064.20	51,436,42	42,236.75	58,367.78	6,802.90	1,435.15	33,762.04	434,105.24
Land, Buildings, & Equipment (From Current Revenue)	974,178,84	166,476.23	163,804.64	35,852,52	53,977.56	13,229.84	49,976,98	1,507,556.61
Transportation Equipment (From Current Revenue)	300,946.83	87,723.52	1	14,183.99	4,827.00	2,800.00	ı	410,481.34
Debentures	1,676,831.62	277,974.34	3,012,535.91	337,351.78	6,885.10	34,728.72	52,648.83	5,399,009,30
Long Term Loans	312,008.35	23,805,43	12,758.88	13,352.87	ı	1	7,404.87	369,330.40
Other Debt Charges	117,149.35	6,857.75	2,956.78	3,680.56	1,110.81	2,715.76	1,439.60	135,910.61
Other Expenditures	222,214.60	22,986.92	183,713,39	24,650.29	2,340.19	3,271.88	16,344.98	475,522.25
Total	26,714,594.78	3,917,318.13	17,382,710.36	2,962,265.21	405,44,604	553,502.02	842,176.85	52,778,014.30
Deficit from Previous Year (Provided for from Revenue)	176,842.87	1	1	1,096.63		2,401.70	1	180,341.20
Surplus	315,401.61	72,820.34	249,824.02	153,981.45	8,325.03	24,261,64	63,270.95	1,387,885.04
	27,706,839.26	3,990,136,47	U17,632,534.38	\$3,117,343.29	3413,771.98	\$580,165.36	\$905,447.80	~54,346,240.54

#### TABLE NO. 25 STATEMENT OF ASSETS & LIABLIFILES OF ALL SCHOOL DIVISIONS AND DISTRICTS AS AT DECEMBER 31,1955

CAPITAL AND LOAN FUND SECTION

Asset

Items	Divisions	City School Districts	Town School Districts	Village School Districts	Consolidated School Districts	Rural School Districts	Total
Land and Buildings	14,641,826.61	48,514,276,44	6,817,631.52	636,398.15	1,091,975.80	1,534,049.30	103,236,157.82
Furniture and Equipment	3,852,664.52	2,788,180.77	604,980.35	93,387.66	109,649.29	192,825.81	7,641,688.40
Library	417,212.42	57,005.58	32,984.03	23,284.75	5,841,00	8,982,25	545,310.03
Busses and Trucks	2,114,043.11	18,823.49	62,569.72	10,318,40	44,905.69	4,504.70	2,255,265.11
Bank Balance	1,244,193.14	1,308,773.92	272,881.38	102,293.76	15,039.97	52,179.46	2,995,361.63
Due from Province (Bldg. Gr.)	1,132,679.46	1,512,480.00	159,245.00	6,940.00	1	36,861.00	2,848,205.46
Due from Revenue	219,058.59	256,994.81	154,699,19	t	5,475.66	1,559.07	637,787.32
Other Capital Assets	1,007,687.57	85,332.30	65,334.97	ı	3,000.00	386,26	1,161,741.10
Total Assets	\$54,629,365,42	\$54,541,867.31	\$8,170,326,16	\$872,622.72	51,275,887.41	31,831,447.85	\$121,321,516.87

Liabilities

The last owner, where the party of the last	The state of the s					
1,831,447.85	J,275,887.41	,872,622.72	38,170,326,16	\$54,541,867.31	\$54,629,365,42	Total Liabilities
	and the same of th	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE RESERVE AND ADDRE	1			
1,201,072,32	921,058.43	640,021.88	4,134,593.85	9,985,302.65	33,469,581.38	Investment in Fixed Assets
32,921.96	,	2,834.71	138,093.65	1,226,630.33	1,343,883.66	Other Capital Liabilities
1	1	•	61,256.04	7,474,289.13	541,977.28	Depreciation
347.64	,	5,397.38	8,641.50	766,976.20	451,242.64	Due to Revenue
39,440.00	ı	3,270.00	42,400.00	565,490.10	648,283.90	Capital Loans (not due)
557,665.33	354,828,98	221,098.25	3,785,341.12	34,523,178.40	18,174,396.56	Debenture Debt (not due)
	557,665.33 39,i40.00 347.64 32,721.92 1,201,072.32		354,828,98 - - - 921,058,43 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	221,098.25 354,828.98 3,270.00 5,397.38 - 2,834.71 640,021.88 921,058.43	3,785,341.12 221,098.25 354,828.98 42,400.00 3,270.00 6,42,400.00 5,397.88 6,138,093.65 2.834.71 921,058.43 6,170.326.16 3872,622.72 31,275,887.41	34,523,178,40 34,753,178,40 56,7490,10 126,76,20 34,270,00 766,976,20 34,270,00 766,976,20 84,61,50 7,474,289,13 138,093,65 1,226,630,33 138,093,65 2,834,71 9,985,302,65 4,134,593,35 640,021,88 921,058,43 854,541,867,31 38,170,326,16 38,170,326,16 38,170,326,16

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS & LIAPLILIES OF ALL SCHOOL DIVISIOUS & DESTRICTS AS AT BUCKELLA 31, 1955

ALVERUE FULL SECTION

Items	Divisions	City School Districts	Town School Districts	Village School Districts	Consolidated School Districts	Rural School Districts	Total
Cash on Hand and in Bank	1,320,503.72	410,849.54	1:37,086.87	80,845,88	81,363.17	150,638.91	2,531,313.09
Due from School Boards	152,295.66	41,289.76	22,824.36	3,435.17	3,725.00	152,00	223,721.95
Due from Municipalities	171,979.65	202,128.24	30,000.68	865.06	9,381.48	32,469.61	44.7,624.72
Due from Province	86,321,48	80,950.10	1,644.00	125.00	2,395.72	6,013.39	177, 949,69
Accounts Receivable	133,883,35	62,452,16	7,754.94	40.00	5.00	4,961.14	209,101.59
Inventories	228,865.24	100,675.17	1,458.99	1	595.00	2,477.50	334,075.30
Due from Capital	251,607.86	766,976.20	38,554.29	5,397.88	1	347.64	1,062,883.87
Other Current Assets	595,550,24	2,474,581.92	21,689.66	7,322.94	4,312.06	6,167.91	3,109,624.73
Deficit	513,277.66	10,684.72	15,747.40	4,945.22	2,402,65	1,208.14	548,265.79
Total Assets	3,454,797.86	.4,150.587.81	,627,561.19	102,977.15	.104,200.08	,204,436.64	3,644,560.73

#### Liabilities

Rank Overdraft	373.046.59	3.143.25	3.022.00	1, 691.71	2.020.58	868.15	386.792.28
						(1,000	2000
Short Term Loans	450,589.56	,	21,830.00	1	3,000,00	15,590.26	491,009.82
Arrears of Teachers' Salaries	63,220,20	1	558.35	10,209,48	1	00°666	74,987.03
Debentures Due & Unpaid	48,790.73.	51,591.20	4,653.65	1	1	1,062.50	106,098.08
Due to School Boards	11,106.30	2,616,15	13,751.03	331.00	1,111.45	4,374.18	33,790.11
Due to Province	1,985.39	1	2,775.21	657.93	450.19	76.91	5,945.63
Accounts Payable	222,479.62	46,358.86	20,757.63	2,279.31	2,143.54	3,659.59	297,679.05
Due to Capital	312,716.73	256,994.81	153,949.19	t	5,475.66	1,559.07	730,695.46
Other Current Liabilities	190,345.72	2,208,985.03	7,158.83	1,661.23	1,268.17	840.74	2,410,259.72
Surgins	1,780,517.02	1,580,898.51	399,105.30	82,645.99	88,730.49	175,406.24	4,107,303.55
Total Liabilities	\$3,454,797.86	24,150,587.81	,627,561.19	.102,977.15	\$104,200.08	\$204,436.64	~8,644,560.73

SCHOOL DIVISIONS & COUNTIES

	Grand Total	82,380,22	761,461.21	476,635.02	773,899.06	274,401.03	220,875,98	563,162,64	558,915.57	748,595.53	230,281,48	667,589.49	680,074.20	800 743.40	594,458,72	598,386.85	660,870.74	705, 173.02	383,674,82	474,112.91	281,045.17	304,798,37	506,012.60
70.00	Delicit	478.54	4.372.71				ı	127.01	1	1 (	6.010.26	18,986.27	,			5,681.93	21,581.15	10,170,00			17,058.37	4,667,81	100 /00 /00
	Operational Revenue	81,901.68	761,461,21	476,635.02	993,068,77	274,401,03	606,875,98	563,035,63	558,915.57	748,595.53	224,271,22	648,603.22	680,074.20	800,179,68	594,428,72	592,704.92	039,289.59	705.642.88	383,674.82	474,112.91	263,986.80	689,382,03	506,012,60
4+0	Revenue	1,042.97	14,939,07	30,084-21	28,080,12	10,165.46	9,673.46	22,793.05	4,744.93	73,241.49	8,980.11	12,371.34	20,202,05	38,627,63	24,255.91	21,375.55	16,877.22	13,364,24	9,518.28	4,990.28	12,464.31	26.293.14	15,097.38
Bonni ei tione		000000	200,242,64	176,755.84	34,479,49	122,584.58	206,015,48	195,005.06	119,431.86	117,465,98	92,308.60	332,694.43	340,640,00	432,800,48	216,584.98	320,568.31	366,132,02	457,797,48	192,795.68	332,242,00	179,300,00	376,489,47	265,493.68
	Other	100	300.00	00000	1,500.00	,	750.00	450.00	150.00	1,677,00	,	00.000	1.050.00	2000	1,650.00	450.00		450.00	300,00	- 200	00.000	900,00	150.00
GRANTS	Tax Reduction Subsidy	350.49	30,316.62	58,915.28	175,562.11	12,473.87	3,712,50	42,596,42	101,612.63	62,128,50	15,94,21	51,426,16	59,927,52	39,282,77	72,858.52	73,034-13	124,837,58	30,987.86	72,543.81	13,806.09	6,670,22	86,717.58	77,234-53
	Operational	36,508.22	165,241,95	209,979,69	年3,46.99	124,177,12	386,679,81	302,191,10	332,976.15	273,470.50	107,038.30	251,211,29	201,923,89	289,468,80	279,079,31	277,276,93	207,077,35	203,043.30	108,517.05	123,074.54	63.026.57	198,981.54	120,237,01
Name		Berry Creek	Foremost	Medicine Hat	Lethbridge	Acadia Sniliven Leke	Peace River	Lac Ste. Anne	Edson	Rocky Mountain	Neutral Hills	Lomont	Vegreville	Camrose	Two Hills	Stony Plain	Sturgeon	Vermilion	Castor	Denshon Cappi	Drumheller	Olds	Wainwright
No.		40	ın	4~	~~	∞σ	10,	12	127	377	16	77	19	50	ನ ನ	2 6	法	25	720	000	30	. T	3,5

ZABLE NO. 27(a)
SCHOOL DIVISIONS & COUNTIES
Revenue - 1955

al Deficit Grand Total	112,699.42 588,605.01 112,699.42 588,605.01 113,605.01 114,605.01 115,699.42 588,001 115,699.42 588,001 115,699.42 588,001 115,699.43 588,001 110,690 1088,001 110,690 1088,001 110,601 1088,001 110,60	38 \$333,368.35 \$31,696,977,73
Total Operational Revenue	######################################	\$31,363,609.38
Other	2017,000,417,900,000,000,410, 0,000,410,41	\$1,142,555.89
Requisitions	237777 237777 247727 25777	378,360.10 \$14,270,861.83
Other	825.00 900.00 900.00 1,022.45 1,022.45 1,022.45 1,022.45 1,020.00 1,	378,360,10
GRANTS Tax Reduction Subsidy	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\$3,272,783.48
Operational	2000	\$12,599,048.08
Маше	Red Deer Wetslackwin Wetslack Wetslack Footbills Smoky Lake Wheatland Athboar Athboar Spirit River High Prairie Spirit River High Prairie Lac La Biche Fort Vermilion Rast Smoky Red Deer Vailey Coal Brench Barrhead Three Hills Grande Prairie Vulcan Newell Newell Newell Newell Footbild	GRAND TOTAL
No.	******	

\* Counties



TABLE 27(b)

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Grand Total		
Surplus for Year	4 117815 44 6004 800 8006 800600 8 9 8 8 8 000 89 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	6888 221 OF
Defact from Previous Year	1,15,50,25,50 1,15,000 1,10,000 1	\$176 Sho 87
Total	nedarona (in the about experience de la company de la comp	810,611,912,91
All Other Expendibures	NATIONAL THE PROPERTY OF THE P	\$251,860,16
Deet	ausi, samsansumpasian apagamuhanganu,	\$2,414,679.56
Capital from Current Revense	SECURE TALEBURETE EL SIASSECTUDADOS CHOTE SECURE CONTRO CARRES CONTRO CO	\$1,522,666,78
Expenditures to Other School Boards	8 8888 48 888 8818 300000000 0 800800000000000 6488 6 4781818 8 8888 48 1000 4488 800800000 10 10000000000	\$291,500.62
Othor Auxiliary Services	SESSECUTIONS SEASONSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSES	\$230,837.33
Fransportation	adamatara Tanandan kananga kananda da da mananda kanan da barata Baratan arangan kananga kanandan kananda mananda kananda barata Kanangan Pananda kananda kananda kananda mananda kananda baratar	\$5,793,586,75
Plant Operation and Maintenance	cultings gettilende ingeneral operatione en enemy de les anders de les a	83,874,208,33
Cther	andertelegabet nath neuderfolgendet habere here eine Celiber Ant affangere begen eine gegen er eine er eine begen bestigt bille "Earland ar "	\$1,005,168.59
Teschera	tengangungan during bering belang ang bering beringan dan dan dalah dari dan dari dan dari dari dari dari dari Ang dari dari dari dari dari dari dari dari	\$14,522,253.95
The state of the s	10 V 0 D 0000 D 000 - 1 D 0000	\$725,150,58
0042		TOTALS
	このできるとのなりにはいいないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないない	1



SCHOOL DIVISIONS & COUNTIES

Pupil Enrolment 108,997 Number of Classrooms Operating 4,176 Total Requisition \$186,146.98 \$14,266,035.47 ASSESSMENTS, REQUISITIONS, OPERATING ROOMS & EKROLDENTS AS AT JUNE, 1955 525.00 14,748,00 8,230.00 10,195.00 10,195.00 10,100.00 3,900.00 5,800.00 3,429.00 690,00 2,350.00 34,726.53 24,510.17 13,890.00 800,00 7,750.00 Basic Rate Requisition/ Assessment 1 1888 - 1885 - 128,887 128,887 128,887 137,198 137,164 137,16 \$14,079,888.49 8,449,374.00 15,649,253.00 3,823,979.00 11,498,475.00 11,300,045.00 8,788,335.00 Total \$547,363,427.00 Berry Creek
St. Mary's River
Forescat
Medicine Hat
Taber
Lothbridge
Acadia
Sullivan Lake
Peace River
Lac Ste Anner Glover Bar Rocky Nountain Neutral Hills Holden Lamont Vegreville Canrose Tvo Hills Killam Fairview
Lac La Biche
Fort Vermillon
East Smoky
Red Deer Valley
Lacombe Statistical
Gastor
Maclaod
Gastor
Maclaod
Parallel
Parall France Prairie Name Coal Branch Barrhead Three Hills GRAND TOTALS Rdson No. 

Countles



STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 11, 1955 - SCHOOL DIVISIONS & COUNTIES TABLE NO. 29(a)

Capital and Loan Fund Section - Assets

10.00000000000000000000000000000000000	### 1	13,956,60 1,957,042 1,957,042 1,957,042 1,957,042 1,957,042 1,957,042 1,957,042 1,957,043 1,957,	From Province (Bidg.Gr.)	Due from Reverme	Other	Total Assets
8585444686444686444644464644646464646464		13,736,60 13,736,60 1,557,742 1,557,742 1,567,742 1,567,742 1,567,743 1,567,	69,795.00			
######################################		133,536,60 1,547,645 1,547,605,645 1,547,605,00 1,357,815,51 1,569,33 1,566,46 1,566,46 3,666,505 3,666,50	69,795.00			83 350 00
######################################		135, 63 125, 600, 60 125, 600, 00 135, 835, 51 1, 266, 43 1, 266, 43 2, 266, 46 1, 266, 43 3, 266, 46 3,	69,795.00		70,000,00	1,162,423.39
######################################		56,406,92 125,000.00 135,835.51 1,269.33 2,266.46 10,000.00 306,606.53 34,855.87	50,873.50	15,077,030	1,050,00	1,926,8
######################################		1.25,000,000 1.35,835,51 1,266,46 10,000,000,00 306,606,37 306,606,37 31,855,87			1 1	oj.
8,88,88,88,88,88,88,88,88,88,88,88,88,8		135,835,51 1,269,33 2,266,46 10,000,00 306,606,37 34,855,87	66,587.50	5,799,38	3,618,92	1,226,1
25.82 = 12.82 = 12.83 = 13.83		1,269.33 10,000.00 306,606.37 306,606.37	2,500,00		0000	1,261,4
238444889 238444899 238444899 238448999 238448999 238448999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 238449999 23844999 23844999 23844999 23844999 238449 238449 238		1,269.33 2,266.46 10,000.00 306,606.37 3,4,855.38	148,864.00	1 1	192,613.60	1,575,7
2525255 2525255 2525255 2525255 2525255 2525255 2525255 2525255 252525		2,266.46 10,000.00 306,606.37 34,855.89	: :	) (	47,988,20	717,382.59
592.24 134.25 134.25 135.26 135.26 135.26 135.26 135.26 135.26 135.26 135.26 135.26 136.26		306,606.37	t		00*00±6/	1,421,797,00
114.10 11.4.10 11.4.6.9 11.4.6.9 11.4.6.9 11.4.6.9 11.4.10		306,606.37	66,020,00	2,021.90		1,273,190-53
146.83 146.83 176.75 177.50 17		20,000,000		,		2,207,240,67
103,754,755 103,754,755 103,754,755 103,755 103,857		57,00%cy		26.573.81		1,219,942.65
333.38 273.220.12 346.34 120.996.36 114.21 36.924.38 94.03 103.821.77		6,888,61	199,820.00	701010		1,458,835,99
120,996,36 36,924,38 68,720,00	40,713.48	3,066.38	13<,090,00	41,299.89	86,912.15	1,748,716,45
103.821.77	\$-2T'82T	9,242.63	64,757,00		56,811.00	642,233.87
103.821.77				- 1	5,358.06	1,302,207,54
90,023,25		36,918,63		20,57/1.32	156,968,40	3,553,085,95
43,520,14		43,947.89	70,000,00	4.544.22	20.867.88	1,092,418.12
		20,000,00	1 1	,11		1,507,581,93
70,320,80		34 Ent 00	19,250,00		6,224.04	1.099.009.04
	3,680.00	14,265,38	22,500,00	/ 1	1,158.79	633,754-20
91,033.89		80,072.01	, ,	,	207,771.22	1,520,730.65
103,614,24			5,000.00		47.00	1,227,564.91
4,150.00			1 1	1 1	1 1	638,179,81
				1		779,202.29
46,513,25		113,573.00	47,500,00	1 1	58,314.55	1,146,380,96
59,849,00			00.621,12	1 1		643,759,72
	13 4,693.21		9.035.76	2,089,42		69,089.21
	A		73 123 30	00 00	1 1 2	164,458.92
27,163.78		1 2	13,441.70	72.180,00	41,114,84	1,828,634,49
	0 109,806.50	82,445,11	27,000,00	11	41,410,00	1,374,200.57
844,641,826.61 \$3,852,664.52 \$417,212,42	\$2,114,043.11	\$1,244,193.14	\$1,132,679,46	\$219,058,59 \$1,002,687 52		CEST 620 265 1.0

Counties - See report of Department of Municipal Affairs.



EMBEGIN OF ASSETS AND LIBELLIES AS AS DEREGES 31, 1975 - SCHOOL DIVISIONS & COUNTES

	Total Liabilities	######################################	\$54,629,365,42
	Investment in	4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	\$33,469,581.38
	Other Capital	0.08.0.00	\$1,343,883.66
on - Liabilities	Depreciation	28, 590.00 28, 598.00 28, 598.00	\$541,977.28
Capital and Loan Fund Section - Liabilities	Due to Revenue Account	8-4-75-1-9 10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1	\$451,242.64
Capital a	Ompital Loans (not due)	25, 725, 00 85, 700, 00 11, 500, 00 11, 5	648,283.90
	Debenture Debt (not due)	######################################	\$18,174,396.56
	Иелье	Barry Cheek  Paragon	GRAND TOTALS
	No.	の名ののないないできまった。またまでは、日本のではのでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日本のでは、日	

Counties - See report of Department of Municipal Affairs.



STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955 - SCHOOL DIVISIONS AND COUNTES ZABLE NO. 30(a)

	Total Assets	අතුසුම ලකු අතුසුම් පුරුත් සුවේ සුවේ සිට සිට සිට සම්බල් සිට	\$3,454,797.86
	Deficit	4,117.66	
	Other Current	######################################	\$595,550.24 \$513,277.66
	Due from Capital a/c	23,003.05 24,476,42 24,476,42 34,129,29,23 25,033.05 25,033.05 26,033.05 27,	\$251,607.86
23	Inventories	4 200000000 4 4 4 200000 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Revenue Fund Section - Assets	Accounts	2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	0133,888.35 0228,868.24
evenue Fund a	Due from Province	2, 175.00  1, 69.13  6, 731.79  9,60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00  1, 60.00	\$86,821,48
ed)	Due from Munici- palities	7. 2000 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	39.62
	Due from School Bds.	1,106.80 1,106.80 1,106.80 1,007,50 1,007,50 1,007,50 1,007,50 1,007,60 1,007,60	\$152,295.66
	Cash on Hand and in Bank	다. 건설보다는 경기자로 기존	\$1,320,508.72
	Меще	Bary Creek,  St. Mary's Hyer Proposes to the the control of the co	GRAND TOTALS
	No.	ようようとあった。 ないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないないない	

Counties - See report of Department of Municipal Affairs,



STATURON OF ASSETS AND LIMBILITIES AS AT DEPRESE 31. 1975 - 200001 OF STATURE & COUNTY.

	Total Liabilities		\$3,454,797.86
	Surplus	्रात्मात्मात्मात्मात्मात्मात्मात्मात्मात्म	\$1,985,39 \$222,479.62 \$312,716,73 \$190,345,72 \$1,780,517,02 \$3,454,797.86
	Other Liabilities	5.1.4.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	\$190,345.72
	Due to Capital	12,077,38 5,799,38 26,573,81 41,299,89 56,571,32 4,544,22 2,800,00 2,800,00 2,800,00	8312,716.73
	Other	44 414440 44 44 4 44 404 404 404 404 404	222,479.62
Liabilities	Due to Province	56.18 56.18 11 137.00	\$1,985.39
Revenue Fund Section - Liabilities	Due to Other School Bds.	3. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	\$11,106.30
Revenue Fun	Debentures Due & Unpaid Prin. & Int. S	2,550-30 10,550-30 11,159-00 11,159-00 11,159-00 12,200-57 13,498-38 14,408-38 14,408-38 14,408-38 14,408-38	\$48,790.73
	Arrears of Teachers' Salaries	20,333,20 150,00 16,000,00 3,506,00 12,282,67	\$63,220.20
	Short Term Loans-Prin.	25,780.00 77,780.00 77,780.00 78,780.00	\$450,589.56
	Dank Overdraft	24, 762, 13 37, 979, 22 37, 979, 22 37, 979, 22	\$373,046.59
Norman	Dimer	St. May Creek St. May Creek St. May Creek There is the creek Shillian Law Shillian Law Shillian Law Shillian Law Show Shillian Shi	GRAND TOTALS
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Counties - See report of Department of Municipal Affairs



SCHOOL DIVISIONS & COUNTIES PUPIL TRANSPORTATION - 1 OFF

	Total	は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本は、日本	2,021
or senting		はないましょうとのないないない。一手のであっているないないないないないないないないである。 マンカロロ シャル しょうしょうしょうしょうしょうしょう しゅうしゅうしゅう しゅうしゅうしゅう しゅうしゅう しゅう	1,350
an danida	Owned & Operated by the Board	그 : , , 성원분하산하 : , , , 경영하다옥 , 탁다나 , , 전충하철 파니바 경영 , 한국 : , 나이렇다 영 나라 나는 나이 없다면 다른 사람들이 되었다.	671
	Total	සධිවිදුදෙසියකුම සිටිම යන්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ර්ට්වේද්වේද්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට්ට	\$5,789,811.55
	Other	ಕ್ಷಾಲ್ಯೂ ಪ್ರಸ್ತೆನ್ನ ರ್ಣ್ವಾ ನ್ಯಾಗ್ತಾರ್ ಪ್ರಸ್ತೆಗಳ ಪ್ರಸ್ತೆಗಳ ಸಂಪ್ರಾಸ್ತೆ ಪ್ರಸ್ತೆ ಸ್ಥಾನೆ ಪ್ರಸ್ತೆ ಸ್ಥಾನೆ ಪ್ರಸ್ತೆ ಸ್ಥ ಕ್ಷಾಪ್ತೆ ಸ್ಥಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಸ್ಥಿಸ್ ಸ್ಥಿನಕ್ಕೆ ಸ್ಥಿನಕ್ಕ	\$328,028.03
OPERATING EXPENSE	Under Contract	######################################	\$4,060,066.83
	Owned & Operated by the Board	् १९८५-१९११ सहा है है व शहरामुस्तान करा है । १९८५ में १९८५ से स्टिस्ट्रेस स्टिस स्टिस्ट्रेस स्टिस्ट्रेस स्टिस स्ट्रेस स्टिस स	\$1,401,716,69
Maximum Pupils	any one day	### ##################################	62,864
Total Daily	nun 18 Miles	Li agi i i iigajawagajagajagajagajagajagajagaja ii a iag iwijagaja Pigowagajawagagajagagagagagagagagagagagagaga	102,790
Изме		Berry Creek Holdidle Bat Holdidle Bat Holdidle Bat Aleshwiige Aleshwiige Bar Holdidle Bat Holdidle Ho	GRAND TOTALS
No.		TREEMAC PHICTHINGS THE COMMUNICATION COMMU	0



CITY SCHOOL DISTRICTS
REVenue - 1955

Grand Total		7,110,1495,33 5,276,760,22 6,276,768,26 6,42,702,57 1,98,94,58 234,344,98	\$15,138,931.19	722,316.77 1,426,591.11 212,517.03 12,105.77 45,331.84 75,140.67	\$2,493,603.19	\$17,632,534.38
Surplus from	Previous Year (if used)	28,919.65	\$28,919.65	1 1111	1	\$28,919.65
Deficit		11,162.26	\$11,162.26	3,461,18	\$3,461.18	\$14,623,44
Total	Operational Revenue	7,110,495,39 5,276,760.22 1,104,488.26 613,093.81 368,702.57 136,945,58 128,144.98	\$15,098,849.28	1,426,316,77 1,426,191,11 212,517.03 12,105,77 41,870,66	\$2,490,142.01	\$17,588,991.29
Other	Revenue	113,156,36 212,567,49 13,507,75 31,507,75 5,346,77 15,500,60 8,913,18	\$430,738,44	24,870.73 14,878.24 2,348.23 334.29 5,718.20	\$49,940.76	3480,679.20
Requisitions		4,546,1147,00 2,933,000.00 577,595.00 354,847,77 233,63.28 117,849.79 117,849.79 144,680.25	\$8,979,341.64	358,929.19 881,664,00 126,472.78 7,555.63 17,635.55	\$1,436,290.12	\$10,415,631.76
	Other	750.00	\$1,350.00	300.00	\$300,00	\$1,650.00
GRANTS	Tax Reduction Subsidy	1,160,692.66 1,020,021.79 291,335.26 89,942.69 46,171.8 26,570.11 26,570.11	\$2,698,083.31	193,201,93 225,165,94 44,252,14 1,535,85 2,533,76 6,340,43	\$473,050.05	\$3,171,133.36
	Operational	1,282 498.77 1,114,170.94 135,300.25 136,050.25 37,0520.66 37,0520.66 47,837.00 68,932.61	\$2,989,335.89	145,314-92 304,182,93 39,443.88 2,680.00 15,963.15 22,976.20	\$530,561.08	\$3,519,896.97
Name		Edmonton Galgary Lethnridge Medicine Bat Red Derr Motakiwin Gamrose Drumheller	Sub-totals	Calgary Edmonton Lethbridge Sacred Heart Red Deer St. Louis	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.		1315 2472 2472		CS 1 CS 7 CS 15 CS 17 CS 21		

	#		1		88888	20	1		1					ı	
	-	_	-	Fo.	255%	9 H	-			_	204		-		400
		GRAND TOTALS		Sub-totals	Lethbridge Sacred Heart Red Deer St. Louis	algary		Sub-totals		Drumbeller	Wetaskiwin	Lethbridge Medicine Hat	Edmonton		No.
		3430,805.05	To a fine for to	370.847.62	2,745-11 2,66-38 3,66-21 1,028-38	25,630.07		\$359,957.43		4,395.44	2,828,58	35,056,98	183,315.67		MODITALSCRATION
		\$10,125,723,98	V19676,707490	न्म मीव टमीट । इ	715, 984, 54 105, 970, 58 4, 800, 00 20,751, 79 39, 866, 64	355,610.91		\$8,882,739.52		136,523.61	191,693.72	386, 275, 33	4,004,987.01		Teachers
	4-1/1000	8665.164.36	454,074.55	000	11,016.72 4,704.21 74.90 720.23 3,914.66	34,440,83		\$610,292,81		9,016.95				TOTABLESCHY	Other
	92,002,475.47	का दुसा दुसा दु	127, 328, 98 207, 344, 03 29, 592, 58 3, 992, 61 3, 992, 61 16, 111, 10		1100/20/20/20	\$2.252.858 W		30,803,61	761-746-94 153-764-94 523-84-715-29 523-84-715-29 30-303-60		1,117,246,94	and Maintenance	Plant Operation		
	\$45,576.29	A	\$20,183.51		8,065.80	30 303 11	957,392.70	000 000 000	(4016=	190	2,716.00	16,304.19	500-00		Transportation
The same of the sa	\$54,920.06		\$5,233.50		3,701.20 1,153.31 1,04.50		349,687.36	at a con-	,	4,003.92	1,124.13	29,400.49		Services	Auxiliary
	\$42,230.75		\$6,314.75		3,560.75		\$35,892.00			1 1	35.892.00			to Other School Boards	Remonds turnes
	\$163,864.64		\$45,470.41	6,600,000	23,490.95		\$118,394.23		11,300.00	2,084.34	3,503.61	92,079.34		Current Revenue	
	\$3,028,251.57		3561.34.20	8,010,82	147,556.33 364,513.22 31,050.23 1,180.50 9,083.10		\$2,466,857.37		15,735.72	39,155.84	125,943.97	1,335,022.28		Debt Charges	
	\$183,713.39	Connection	210 186 85	3,481.90	2,085.87 4,880.59 1,224.36 390.96		\$171,526,56		1,262.57	1,269.14	6,9723.97	83,230.78		All Other Expenditures	
	\$17,382,710.36	90,409,111.00	2000 200	74,943.34	718, \37.58 1,355,321.21 10,893.68 15,331.84		\$14.973 508 50	Cleanfor	209,180.73	196,955.29	1,086,271.31	7,002,081.47		Total Expenditures	
i	\$249,824.02	\$64,491.33		197.33	3,879.19 70,869.90 8,332.82 1,212.09	60,235,034				2,980.86		_		Surplus for Year	
	\$17,632,534.38	\$2,493,603.19		75,140.67	722,316.77 1,426,191.11 212,517.03 12,105.77	\$15,136,931,19		209,160.73	234,344.98	362,702.57 198.945.58	1,104,488.26	7,110,495.39		Grand Total	
				CS	GS 12 2		1			264				No.	

ZABLE NO. 32(b)
CITY SCHOOL DISTRICTS
EXPENDITURES - 1955



CITY SCHOOL DISTRICTS

ASSESSMENTS, REQUISITIONS, OPERALING ROOMS & ENROLGENTS AS AT JUNE, 1955

Pupil Enrolment	23,058 24,151 1,165 1,165 1,728 1,728 1,108 1,255	65,791	73,29 910 910 8179 766	12,295	78,086
No. of Classrooms Operating	MP O M W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W	1,920	400 200 200 100 100 100	371	2,291
Average Basic Rate Requisition/Assessment	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	19,86	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	24.98	20,44
Total Requisition	2,530,000.00 2,930,000.00 354,045,00 354,045,00 110,463,28 110,663,28 110,663,28 123,663,28 110,663,28	\$8,979,341.64	358,929.19 881,929.19 126,472.78 7,555.63 17,655.63 17,632.97	\$1,436,290.12	\$10,415,631.76
Total Assessment	185,740,250,00 200,002,645,00 27,702,700,00 144,103,330,00 9,346,531,00 5,627,218,00 5,627,218,00 5,17,180,00	\$452,185,627.00	13,551,410.00 33,018,550.00 5,200,750.00 204,750.00 653,136.00 1,760,950.00	\$57,489,246,00	\$509,674,873.00
Name	Edmonton Calgary Cathgary Cathoring Medicine Hat Wetaskiwn Camnose Drumheller	Sub-totals	Oalgary Edmonton Lethbridge Sacred Foart Red Deer St. Louis	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	1004 1004 1315 2427		CSS 72 CSS 127 CS 1177 CS 2177 CS 2177		

TABLE NO. 34(a) CITY SCHOOL DISTRICTS STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Capital and Loan Fund Section

Assets

Total Assets	15,137,401,72 19,045,877,53 3,335,13 3,002,445,39 1,010,007,70 1,118,221,62 262,348,34	\$43,721,589.85	3,530,240,88 6,204,266,86 753,895,42 179,370,65 179,371,37 291,977,52	\$10,820,277.46	\$54,541,867.31
Other	59,810,62 11,893.65	\$78,704.27	3,628.03	6,628.03	\$85,332.30
Due from Revenue	256,994.81	\$256,994.81	11111	1	\$25,6,994.81
Due from Province (Bldg.Gr.)	1,084,048,50	\$1,109,035.00	236,673.00	\$403,445.00	\$1,512,480.00
Bank Balance	377, 795, 09 182, 808, 30 182, 171, 74 12, 171, 74 186, 201, 71 32, 599, 08	\$859,979.71	274,463.19 153,160.96 8,980.20 12,189.86	\$448,794.21	\$18,823.49 \$1,308,773.92
Busses & Trucks	18,623,49	\$18,823.49	111411	-	\$18,823.49
Library	12,823.53 1,700.00 1,500.00	\$16,523.53	4,746,78 34,360,42 500.00 574,85 300.00	\$40,482,05	\$57,005.58
Furniture & Equipment	1,744,462,95 166,515,98 139,340,13 71,753,19 56,495,24 36,028,77 3,892,89	\$2,220,493.15	201,945,65 318,823,40 14,884,11 3,945,65 7,087,57 21,001,24	\$567,687.62	\$2,788,180.77
Land & Buildings	14,889,406,91 2,748,113,35 2,83,3158,885 2,813,720,09 873,1520,67 742,662,97 250,294,78	\$39,161,035.89	2,808,784,23 5,534,153.08 5,534,1153.08 1,539,011,31 1,539,011,31 1,54,86,1,2	\$9,353,240.55	\$+8,514,276.44 \$2,788,180.77
Name	Edmonton Calgary Lethbridge Medicine Hat Red Deer Wetaskiwin Camrose Drumheiler	Sub-totals	Calgary Edmonton Lethbridge Sacred Heart Red Deer St. Louis	Sub-totals	GRAWD TOTALS
No.	104 204 1315 2472		CS 1759 9 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21		

TABLE NO. 34(b)
CITY SCHOOL DISTRICTS
STATE BRT. OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Capital and Loan Fund Section

Total Liabilities	15,137,401.72 15,045,877.53 3,023,433.13 1,023,43.13 1,010,027.70 1,113,021.62 1,113,021.62 1,113,021.62	\$43,721,589.85	3,530,240.88 6,204,265,66 553,895,42 553,895,42 179,723.13 221,977,52	\$10,820,277.46	\$54,541,867.31
Investment in Fixed Assets	76,984,32 1,485,843,51 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,67 1,470,770,770,67 1,470,770,770,770,770,770,770,770	\$8,015,644.42	1,698,133.20 1,064.50 36,211.90 83,963.84 136,287.79	\$1,969,658.23	\$9,985,302.65
Other Capital Liabilities	17,033.32	\$33,595.76	1,102,266.86 74,533.92 13,234.29 3,000.00	\$1,193,035.07	\$1,226,630.83
Depreciation	6,426,517.16 890,401.97	\$7,336,919.13	137,370.00	\$137,370.00	\$7,474,289.13
Due to Revenue Account	221,704.36 16,523.60 9,529.18	\$247,757.14	12,473,92 504,476,66 1,158,75 1,109.73	\$519,219,06	\$766,976.20
Capital Loans (not due)	50,000,00	\$20,000.00	545,490.10	\$545,490.10	\$565,490.10
Debenture Debt (not due)	15,060,417.40 7,911,812.50 7,911,812.50 1,514,650.00 4,77,575.00 4,77,575.00 4,77,575.00 1,000.00	\$28,067,673.40	1,870,010.00 4,001,660.00 326,930.00 82,300.00 82,300.00 151,580.00	\$6,455,505.00	\$34,523,178,40
Name	Edmonton Calgary Lethbridge Medicine Hat Red Deer Netasirwin Camrose Drumheller	Sub-totals	Calgary Edmonton Lethbridge Sarred Heart Red Deer St. Louis	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	1004 2004 1015 1015 1015 1015 1015 1015 1015 1		CS 1 CS 2 CS 15 CS 17 CS 21		

TABLE NO. 35(a)

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Revenue Fund Section Assets

62	1040000	<u>+</u>	ONGOOM	7	1 -
Total Assets	2,706,84+.61 39,729.64 124,737.69 33,921.67 33,923.18 3,733.93	\$3,454,376.74	54,262,20 536,345,35 73,842,35 10,047,20 18,953,60 2,760,33	\$696,211.07	\$4,150,587.8
Deficit			10,684,72	\$10,684.72	\$10,684.72
Other Current Assets	2,173,613,96 110,654;64 13,347;70 111,349,54 3,995,63 1,331,69	\$2,414,293.16	10,162.35 25,938.40 15,776.48 4,128.51	\$60,288.76	\$2,474,581,92 \$10,684,72 \$4,150,587.81
Due from Capital a/c	221,704.36	\$96,461.08 \$247,757.14	12,473.92 504,476.66 1,158.75 1,109.73	\$519,219.06	\$766,976.20
Inventories	56.258.93 30.142.50 4,598.85 5,460.80	\$96,461.08	14,214.09	\$4,214.09	\$100,675.17
Accounts Receivable	22,872.02 31,605.65 93.00 62,50	\$54,855.57	6,709.35 50.00 646.24 191.00	\$7,596.59	\$62,452.16
Due from Province	46,125.00 25,739.04 2,822.91 3,180.95	\$79,117.90	1,812.50	\$1,832.20	\$80,950.10
Due from Munici- palities	197,68+.95	\$197,684.95 \$79,117.90	44,443,29	\$4,443.29	\$202,128.24 \$80,950.10
Due from School Bds.	30,833.31 5,654.00 1,800.00	\$40,647.32	182.44 160.00	\$642,44	\$41,289.76
Cash on Hand and in Bank	210,289,75 54,224,55 2,226,87 7,734,15 21,261,79 1,891,57 25,830,99	\$323,559.62	8,205.27 1,457.00 53,013.77 1,3,718.85 1,459.60	\$87,289.92	\$\p\10,8\p\5.54
Name	Edmonton Calgary Lethbridge Medicine Hat Red Der Wetaskiwin Camrose Drumheller	Sub-totals	Calgary Edmorton Lethoridge Secred Heart Red Deer St. Louis	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	119 71 72 1204 1315 2472		CS 17 CS 17 CS 17 CS 17 CS 17 CS 21		

TABLE NO. 35(b)
CITY SCHOOL DISTRICTS
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Revenue Fund Section

Total Liabilities	2,706,884,61 504,934,00 124,727,69 13,564,87 3,564,67 3,564,67 3,573,69 3,723,97 30,735,98	\$3,454,376.74	73,4252 73,4325 73,9425 10,04723 2,760,33	\$696,211.07	34,150,587.81
Surplus	788 74,265.47 77,65.47 118,706,22 2,37,530 2,37,50	\$952,500.38	533,070.35 64,795,116 10,47,20 18,090,57 2,394,35	\$628,397.63	\$1,580,898.51
Other Liabilities	1,652,123,42 40,22,123,42 25,123,42 25,123,42 26,123,41 3,120,05 1,268,86 1,268,86	\$2,171,985,20	24, 681,16 3,275,00 8,875,52 168,15	\$36,999.83	\$2,208,985.03
Due to Capital a/c	256,994,81	\$256,994.81		e	\$256,994.81
Accounts	34,687.52 200.13 960.41 -	\$40,033.76	5,264.24	\$6,325.10	\$46,358.86
Due to Other School Bds.	2,397.00	\$2,579,44	36.71	\$36.71	\$2,616,15
Debentures Due & Unpaid Prin. & Int.	6,000.00 8,540.95 950.00 8,923.45 2,725.00	\$27,139.40	24,316,80	\$24,451.80	\$51,591,20
Bank Overdraft	3,143,25	\$3,143.25		,	\$3,143.25
Маше	Edmonton Calgary Lethbridge Nedicine Hat Red Deer Wetaskiwin Camrose Drumheller	Sub-totals	Calgary Edmonton Lethbridge Sacred Heart Red Deer St. Louis	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	104 204 204 1315 2472		CS 1 CS 7 CS 15 CS 17 CS 21		

TABLE NO. 36(a)
TOWN SCHOOL DISTRICTS
Revenue - 1955

E +- E	Total	8.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.	\$10,000.00 \$2,642,459.05	21,527,55 196,227,55 196,227,55 197,427,23 197,437,55 1	\$474,884.24	\$10,000.00 \$3,117,343.29
	Surplus from Previous Year (1f used)	10,000,00	\$10,000.00		ı	000000000
:	Deficit	3,997.71 2,639.27 67.65 6,760.72 11,773.08 5,648.81 3,187.42 2,336.60	36,111.26	10,881.90 1,818.23 	\$13,899.37	350,010.63
	Total Operational Revenue	8.88 9.85	\$2,596,347.79	221,547,46 27,588.19 17,882.19 17,882.47 55,772.73 23,375.13 23,375.13 26,472.89 12,547.89 12,547.89 12,547.89	\$460,984.87	\$3,057,332.66
	Other Revenue	1,505,57 1,105,505 1,105,5	\$166,370.10	6,29682 6,29682 6,2415.48 6,7415.48 6,7417.00 6,754.60 6,754.60 7,745.00 7,745.00 7,745.00	.91,072,45	3257,442,55
	Requisition	134 24 77 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1,1,172,443.07	4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4	3126,515.69	1,298,958.76
TS	Tax Reduction Subsidy	1,114,16 1,61,19 1,61,	\$400,252.21	1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	\$60,361.76	Q+60,613.97
GRANTS	Regular	20.00000000000000000000000000000000000	\$857,282.41	7,461.62 8,555.33 7,146.89 15,146.89 32,256.45 32,256.45 11,983.26 11,190.77 16,120.77 16,120.77 16,120.77 16,120.77 16,120.77	\$183,034.97	\$1,040,317.38
	Лате	Thiballt High River Innistail Olds Blairmore Bundrance Bundrance Stotlan Stotlan Stotlan Stotlan Stotlan Redollif Brochy Grande Prairie Sylvan Lake Montrytlle Mohrrey Hanna Three Hills Town Mest Jasper Place Devon	Sub-totals	St. Martin's St. Michael's Theresetta St. Joseph's Guy Wainwright Wainwright St. John's St. John's St. Marie Thomas Narie Immeduate Conception Jasper Place	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
	No.	0 42.0 \$25.0		\$2555555555555555555555555555555555555		

I	1		1		
		44444448888888888888888888888888888888	1	1444 1444 1444 1444 1444 1444 1444 144	No.
ought totals	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	St. Hartin's St. Hichael's Thereacta St. Toseph's St. Thomas Nore St. Marie Timaculate Conception Japper Place	Sub-totals	Mahamit Mahamit Mahama Na Manas Na Mana	Nane
345,479.50	Ш.	2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2	\$39,214.28	######################################	Administration
\$1,785,153.25	0.010,013.11	27, 273, 82 27, 273, 82 27, 273, 82 27, 273, 82 27, 273, 82 27, 273, 82	\$1,567,110.14	######################################	Teachers' Salaries
\$117,459.80	520,797.20		396,662.60	######################################	Other Instruction
\$436,521,40	\$68,572.38	2011-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-	\$367,949.02	855F5.000FF.050560F0.0505 855F5.000FF.0505656 855F5.00056565656 855F5.00056565656 855F5.00056565656	Plant Operation & Maintenance
\$35,016.47	\$4,654.03	321.50 51.00 +81.01 2,666.89 300.00 333.63	\$30,362.44	1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3,	Transportation
\$4,194.94	\$861.65	96.55 	\$3,333.29	28. 4 92. 25. 1. 25. 25. 1. 25. 25. 1. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25. 25	Other Auxiliary Services
\$58,367.78	\$1,059.00	00.00 312.00	\$57,308.78	300.00 862.88 862.88 800.25 16.60 17.60 18	Expenditures to Other School Bds.
\$100,036.51	\$50,108,59	3,073.08 2,609.91 3,760.00 3,000.00 3,000.00 1,1256.93 1,1256.93 1,1256.93 1,1256.93	\$49,927.92	738.50 2,002.01 1,022.54 1,022.54 272.76 1,022.54 1,022.54 1,022.56 1,025 1	Capital Out of Current Revenue
\$354,385.21	\$45,658.68	3,312,61 3,312,61 3,523,00 3,527,46 100,00 1	\$308,726.53	\$2000000000000000000000000000000000000	Debt
\$24,650.29	\$2,565.48	333 322 322 323 323 323 323 323 323 323	\$22,084.81	\$25.50 \$2	Other Operational Expenditures
\$2,962,265.21	\$419,585.40	14, 362.00 36,270.09 14, 620.70 14, 620.70 14, 621.46 18, 380.69 27, 360.91 27, 360.91 27, 360.91 27, 360.91 27, 360.91 27, 560.96 46, 731.17	\$2,542,679.81	######################################	Total Operational Expenditures
\$155,078.08	\$55,298.84	6,585.38 9,055.25 9,055.25 5,066.44 3,096.63 1,096.63 28,352.38	\$99,779.24	9,588.05 1,320.73 10,520.73 10,520.73 10,520.73 11,520.13 11,520.13 11,520.13 11,520.13 11,520.13 11,520.13 11,520.13 12,280.21 13,870.35 12,083.06 12,083.06 12,083.06 12,083.06 12,083.06 12,083.06 12,083.06 12,083.06	Surplus
83,117,343.29	\$474,884.24	21,549,46 51,270,09	\$2,642,459.05	######################################	Total Expenditures
		82888888888888888888888888888888888888		GP 1445 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52	lio.

TABLE NO. 36(b)
TOWN SCHOOL DISTRICTS
Expenditures - 1955



ASSESSMENTS, REQUISITIONS, OPERATIO ROOMS & ENROPHENTS AS AT JUNE, 1955

TOWN SCHOOL DISTRICTS

Pupil Enrolment	4,777,900 4,477,	13,299	6.88 8.85 9.85 9.86 9.86 9.86 9.86 9.86 9.86 9.86 9.86	2,345	15,644
No. of Classrooms Operating	444444488888844886778888411	425	พอเพอนียพง พระ	88	513
Total Requisition	44.8.3.8.3.8.3.8.3.8.3.8.3.8.3.8.3.8.3.8	1,172,443.07	14, 23, 24, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28	\$127,021.11	\$1,299,464.18
Basic Rate Requisition/Assessment	బ్రహర్యలలు అందిని ఇక్కల సిన్ని ఇక్కల సిన్ని కి. కి. కి. కి. కి. కి. కి. కి. కి. కి	24.41	8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8 8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8	25.77	24.54
Basic Requisition	138,89,878,828,785,49,418,829,878,75,33,00,828,785,49,48,829,828,785,43,40,418,829,828,787,74,74,74,74,74,74,74,74,74,74,74,74,74	1,172,443.07	14, 045,78 9,501,045,78 16,047,00 10,7340,80	\$127,021.11	\$1,299,464.18
Total Assessment	2,1,2,2,3,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5,5	48,022,573.00	7300, 230, 230, 230, 230, 230, 230, 230,	\$4,929,302.00	\$52,951,875.00
Маше	Thibault High River Innisfail Olds Blaimore Bow River Coleman Stettler Bradisty Brooks	Sub-totals	St. Martin's St. Michael's Theresetta St. Joseph's Malmylght Nathwight St. John's St. John's St. Marie Ste. Marie Jasper Place	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 9		20000000000000000000000000000000000000		

TABLE NO. 38(a)
TOWN SCHOOL DISTRICTS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Capital and Loan Fund Section

Total Assets	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	\$6,665,427.68	35,921.34 66,618.32 66,618.32 109,818.73 20,868.65 34,130.44 175,74 26,439.85 90,680.71	\$1,504,898,48	\$8,170,326.16
Other	26,678.63	\$29,413.63	35,921.34	\$35,921.34	\$65,334.97
Due from Reverue	1,273.14	\$18,920.41	750.00 3,744.90 55.00	\$135,778.78	\$154,699.19
Due from Province	33,000.00	\$33,000.00	39,000.00	\$126,245.00	\$272,881.38 \$159,245.00
Balance Balance	3,450.51 6,888.86 78,520.27 78,570.24 1,40.02 1,20,435 1,20,16	\$272,880.38	1.00	\$1.00	\$272,881.38
Buses and Trucks	6,386,80	\$14,597.80	11,814.00 30,327.44 5,830.48	\$47,971.92	\$62,569.72
Library	2, 500.00 2, 500.00	\$29,165.99	500.00 508.29 150.00 561.75	03,818.04	\$32,984.03
Furniture and Equipment	1,000 1,000	\$519,282.67	7,7,2,2,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7	\$85,697.68	\$604,980.35
Land and Buildings	70,600 6,000,600 6,000,600 6,000,600 7,747,722 7,747,722 1,747,722 1,747,700	\$5,748,166.80	99,95,95 99,95,95 99,95,95 115,027,13 20,031,59 99,95,21 20,06,67 20,06,21 20,06,21 20,06,21	\$1,069,464.72	\$6,817,631.52
Name	Thilanit High River High River Olds Dissipation Olds River Coleman Settler Hardisty Brocks River Hardisty Brocks River Hardisty Brocks River Hardisty Roughlif Hardisty Roughl	Sub-totals	St. Martin's St. Michael's Theresetta St. Joseph's Gay Walmaright St. John's St. John's St. Amaria More Ste. Waria More Jasper Place	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	### ### ##############################		\$		

TABLE NO. 38(b)
TOWN SCHOOL DISTRICTS

1955	
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TATEMENT	

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Total Liabilities	1, 1937, 1938, 193	\$6,665,427.68	105; 921 105; 921 105; 921 105; 921 105; 921 105; 921 105; 921 105; 925 105; 925 105	\$1,504,898.48	\$8,170,326.16
Investment in Fixed Assets	186,093.7.73 186,093.7.73 126,737.45 126,737.45 126,700.00 127,700	\$3,460,472.01	35, 291.34 60, 207.12 72, 206-50 72, 206-50 72, 206-50 72, 304-15 70, 186-10 70, 186-10 70, 188-11 20, 188-71	\$674,121.84	\$4,134,593.85
Other Capital Liabilities	3,166.10 365.32 47,502.88 843.87	\$51,878.17	755.00 74.29 69,382.44 9,000.00	\$86,215.48	\$138,093.65
Depreciation	48,936.04	\$61,256.04	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	\$61,256.04
Due to Revenue a/c	3,458,50	\$8,641.50		-	\$8,641.50
Cavital Loans (not due)	12,600.00	\$33,600.00	3,800.00	\$8,800.00	\$42,400.00
Debenture Debt (not due)	31,500.00 24,200.00 64,466.65 65,466.65 153,448.00 245,609.00 245,609.00 27,200.00 27,	\$3,049,579.96	14, 1352.00 14, 1352.00 15, 7750.00 15, 7750.00 75, 500.06 5, 500.06 53, 500.06 53, 500.06 53, 500.06	\$735,761.16	\$3,785,341.12
Name	Thibault High River Indisail High River Indisail Blainore Bow River Coleman Stettle Redulff Bevenly Brooks St. Paul Redulff Gende Prairie Sylvan Lake Bonnyville McMarray Honna Hills Town Bowness West Jasper Place	Sub-totals	St. Martin's St. Mchael's St. Mchael's St. Joseph's Malmylight St. John's Joseph's Jose	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	0 11 11 11 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13		00000000000000000000000000000000000000		

TABLE NO. 39(a).

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Revenue Fund Section

Assets

Total Assets \$15,747.40 \$627,561.19 \$245,782.13 \$15,747.40 \$381,779.06 391.60 924.54 14,431.26 Deficit Other Current Assets 8,486.10 1,975.56 1,153.24 243.58 \$21,689.66 2,147.83 217.50 324.68 \$16,321.46 3,136.00 \$38,554.29 \$38,554.29 3,458.50 2,167.17 3,015.83 29,912.79 Due from Capital ı Inventories 155.85 1,041.51 \$1,197.36 261.63 \$1,458.99 Other Accounts Receivable 478.00 ,200.00 2,660.23 1,104.55 284.00 125.00 --674.00 \$1,450.00 \$2,757.73 \$. 508,9\$ 625.00 351.50 187.50 \$1,644.00 \$976.50 \$667.50 Due from Province Due from Municipalities 1,21.78 2,000.00 \$30,800.68 \$2,421.78 20,000.00 \$28,378.90 8,355.90 Due from Other School Boards 3,280.00 \$17,974.40 1,902.50 34,849.96 \$22,824.36 3,102.80 4,591.60 Cash on Hand and in Bank 1,562.71 1,562.58 10,131.48 14,731.38 14,731.98 14,896.38 \$230,763.06 \$487,086.87 \$256,323.81 159,889.86 St. Martin's

St. Michael's

Theresetta

Than Amarith

St. Joseph's

GW

Maharith

St. Thomas More

Ste. Marie

Ste. Marie

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Marie Marie

Marie Marie

Marie Marie

Marie Marie

Jasper Place West Jasper Place Hanna Three Hills Town Coloman Stettler Hardisty Brooks St. Pal Redoliff Bewerly Grande Prairie Sylvan Lake Bonnyville GRAND TOTALS Sub-totals Sub-totals Thibault High River Innisfail Name Blairmore Bow River Bowness 8888888888888

TABLE NO. 39(b).
TOWN SCHOOL DISTRICTS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Revenue Fund Section	Liabilities

Bank Overdraft	Short Term Loans-Prin. & Interest	Arrears of Teachers' Salaries	Debentures Due & Unpaid Prin. & Int.	Due to Other School Bds.	Due to Province	Other Accounts Payable	Due to Capital a/c	Other a/c Liabilities	Surplus	Total Liabilities
397.92	3,080.00	549.35	3,684,40 23.75 522.18 423.32	12,951.03	2,572.33	1,655.58 1,100.11 1,118.09 1,165.29 1,165.29 1,659.20 1,659.20 1,6	1,273.14	1,338.83	25, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55,	24.00% 1
	\$20,080.00	\$558.35	\$4,653.65	\$13,751.03	\$2,572.33 \$19,425.86	\$19,425.86	\$18,920.41	\$4,519.08	\$294,300.10 \$381,779.06	\$381,779.06
23.75	1,750.00		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		189.63	621.92	3,744.90	38.62 38.62 32.44	1, 2975.29 1, 387.58 1, 387.58 1, 387.58 1, 583.11 1, 593.12 1, 5777.29 1, 145.04	6, 045.28 11, 987.58 11, 987.58 11, 987.58 22, 98.54 14, 731.33 72, 23, 64 6, 23, 23, 64 6, 23, 66 6, 23, 66 163, 505.86
	\$1,750.00	1	1	ı	\$202.88	\$1,331.77	\$135,028.78	\$2,639.75	\$104,805.20 \$245,782.13	\$245,782.13
	\$21,830.00	\$558.35	\$4,653.65	\$13,751.03	\$2,775.21	\$20,757.63	\$153,949.19	\$7,158.83	\$399,105.30 \$627,561.19	\$627,561.19

TABLE NO. 40(a)
VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICTS
REVENUE - 1955

Total	Operational Deficit Total	36,069,93 28,985,60 28,985,60 2,1890,27 42,1890,27 42,1890,70 42,1890,70 42,1890,70 43,966,35 44,1890,40 45,656,65 46,068,37 46,068	319,895.42 815,385.25 \$335,280.67	12,002.20 1,7,018.87 1,7,018.87 23,100.72 23,100.72 2,100.73 2,100	772,865.77 \$5,625.54 \$78,491.31	
	Other Revenue	1,249.50 1,249.50 10.00 1,326.45 5,562.80	39,637.65	3,000 3,004 3,004 3,775 4,006 5,006	311,997.43	
	Requisitions	14,363.73 16,031.26 3,700.57 21,359.00 155,338.82	\$210,793.38	4,250 2,250 2,305,25 3,107,66 2,734,90	\$24,402.03	
50	Tax Reduction Subsidy	4,948.72 3,264.55 7,127.40	\$15,340.67	113.45 665.10 1,096.71 938.74 389.85	\$3,203,85	4
GRANTS	Regular	15,268.58 8,440.29 1,330.00 12,676.77 46,408.08	\$84,123.72	4,630.00 3,430.27 1,733.17 1,533.17 1,996.73	\$33,262,46	
	Маще	Gochrane Millet Frank Galt Turner Valley	Sub-totals	Pontmain St. Audin St. Rita Rosary Killam Assumption Sexsmith	Sub-totals	
	No.	142 555 629 647 4039		CS 20 CS 24 CS 27 CS 37 CS 37 CS 37 CS 57 CS 57		

	п		1				,					
					555555 555555 555555 55555 55555 55555 5555	20			1039 1039 1039	142		No.
		ORAND TOTALS		Sub-totals	St. Rita ROSBTY Killan Assumption Sexumith	Pontuain		Sub-totals	Frank Gelt Turner Valley	Cochrane		Name
	***************************************	\$9,551.00	on property of	01.020.01	252.75 252.75 352.75 257.91 257.91	281.15		\$8,319.78	1,499.31 242.20 849.88 5,153.57	574.82		Administration
	V630,703.77	23 600 9663	On-000 (000)	מני מער מער	12,927.06 5,566.80 2,033.28 2,033.32	8,736.82	1000	\$196,503,15	20,304.20	18,380,30		Teachers' Salaries
	212,011.10	200000	20,240,46	of other	140.36 505.89 525.89 802.27 544.07	180.26	and the same	58.769.14	1,622.16 122.43 522.40 5,931.13	571.02		Other
	356,299.07		JII,008.32		1,207,12 292,12 292,12 292,12 4,665,000	1.552.55	C1.069661A	ar ooc are	26,226,295	3.865.48		Plant Operation and Maintenance
	113,684.57		,		1111111		75,004.57	000	5,325.32	2 638 00		Transportation
	3253.05		\$21.50		21.50		\$231.55		37.00		Services	Other
-	\$6,802.90		\$2,384.26		1,660.52		\$4,418.64		3,387.64 765.00 266.00		School Bds.	Expenditure to Other
	\$58,804.56		\$10,922.69		5,549,89 2,623,18 2,319,12		J47,561.87		2,118,87 23,00 3,323,28 42,416.72		Current	Capital
	\$7,995.91		\$5,435.82		1,659.70 3,585.38 190.74		v2,560.09		1,067,46		0.000	Dobt
	\$2,340,19	the stand	\$267.67		16.78 201.47		2,072.52	A 10 A 10 A 10	596.62 25.50 131.50		Expenditures	All Other
	\$405,446.95	017971107	25-214 Ro	2,002,23	10,750 74,691.55 74,691.55 74,691.55	-	3329,732,06	CL3,700+32	31,019,91 35,856,34 37,147,18		Expenditures	Total
	\$8,325.03	24.077620	C3 700 C3		1,251.42 327.31 262.70 8.61 926.18		\$5.548.61		5,050.02		for Year	Surplus
4.44.46.44	Ch12.771.08	378,491.31	200 100	5,062,53	12,002.20 7,018.87 14,710.82 24,694.35 9,847.38	/0+00±6/CC&	29 USC 3EES	«L3,966.35	36,069.93			Grand Total
					CS 277 20 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50			4039	11-2 555 629		, DO:	

TABLE\_NO, 40(b)
VILLAGE\_SCHOOL\_DISTRICTS
Expanditures - 1955



ASSESSIENTS, REQUISITIONS, OPTAINE ROOMS & PRACHAMITS AS AT JUNE 1952

Village School Districts

Pupil Enrolment	1586 1586 1759 8999	1,1447	84 879 125 51	4455	1,902
No. of Classrooms Operating	338166	56	1 いんけい	17	73
Average Basic Rate Requisition/Assessment	25.55 27.55 27.55 24.55 24.50	24.5	26, 22 25, 22 22, 45 22, 45 27, 55	25.07	24.56
Total Requisitions	14,363.73 16,031.26 3,700.57 21,359.00 155,338.82	\$210,793.38	4,250,00 2,205,25 3,207,25 3,174,66 5,162,06	\$24,401.81	~235,195.19
Total Assessment	542.028.00 582,955.00 223,839.00 782,405.00 6,472,451.00	\$8,603,678.00	162,066.00 88,210.00 320,473.00 115,443.00 187,448.00 99,451.00	\$973,371.00	\$9,577,049.00
Лаше	Cochrane Millet Frank Galt Turner Valley	Sub-totals	Pontmain St. Audin St. Aita Rosary Killam Assumption	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	142 555 629 647 4039		08 20 08 27 08 27 08 37 08 49 08 49		

TABLE NO. 42(a)

VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICTS
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1952

Capital and Loan Fund Section

Total	112,663.55 89,630.70 5,931.00 59,700.00 413,893.29	\$681,818.54	23,170,54 2,323,69 26,220,04 76,957,49 26,250,00 41,893,42	\$190,804.18	\$872,622.72
Due from Province (Bldg. Gr.)	1111	1	6,940.00	\$6,340.00	\$6,940.00
Bank Balance	85,336.55	\$85,336,55	3,890.87	\$16,957.21	\$102,293.76
Busses & Trucks	_ _ _ 10,318,40	\$10,318,40	111111	1	\$10,318.40
Library	300.00 1,297.20 794.94 500.00	\$22,065.01	340.05	1,219.74	\$23,284.75
Furniture & Equipment	6,027.00 6,618.87 1,136.06 9,500.00 57,850.39	\$81,132.32	5,474,10 3,338.76 2,107.31 1,335.17	\$12,255.34	\$93,387.66
Land & Buildings	21,000.00 81,714.63 4,000.00 49,700.00 326,571.63	\$482,966.26	13,146 21,256 21,256 66,250 26,250 20,571.91	\$153,431.89	\$636,398.15
Лаше	Cochrane Mallet Frank Galt Turner Valley	Sub-totals	Pontmain St. Abbin St. Hita Rosary Killam Assumption	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	11.42 6629 6447 1039		28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2		

TABLE NO. 42(b)

# VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICTS STATERENT OF ASSETS AND LIASTLITICS AS AT DECKREER 31, 1955

## Capital and Loan Fund Section

Liabilities

Total Liabilities	112,663.55 89,630.70 5,931.00 79,700.00 413,893.29	\$681,818.54	23,170,54 23,323,69 26,293,04 70,957,49 26,250,00 41,893,42	\$190,804,18	872,622.72
Investment in Fired Assets	32,343.19 38,230.70 5,931.00 47,865.29 +13,893.29	\$538,263.47	23,170,54 2,323,69 26,323,69 26,203,04 24,533,24 12,000,00	\$101,758.41	\$640,021.88
Due to Other Capital Revenue A/C Liabilities	2,834.71	\$2,834.71		ı	\$2,834.71
Due to Revenue A/C	5,320,36	\$5,320.36	77.52	\$ 77.52	\$5,397.88
Capital Loans (not due)	11111	,	3,270,00	\$3,270.00	\$3,270.00
Debenture Debt (not due) General	75,000.00	\$135,400.00	+43,4+8.25 14,250.00 28,000.00	\$85,698.25	\$221,098.25
Name	Cochrane Millet Frank Galt Turner Valley	Sub-totals	Pontmain St. Aubin St. Rita Rosary Killen Assumption	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	11.50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5		00000000000000000000000000000000000000		

TABLE NO. 43(a)

VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICTS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Revenue Fund Section

Total Assets	12,757.35 3,704.70 5,438.56 41,489.35	\$63,389.96	19,190.87 19,012.95 8,795.31 624.33 1,165.34 t,974.66	\$ 39,587.19	\$102,977.15
Deficit	1 1 1	_		\$4,945.22	\$4,945.22
Other Current Assets	134.90 273.00 2,083.04	\$2,490.94	300,00	\$ <sup>4</sup> ,832,00	\$7,322.94
Due from Capital A/C	5,320.36	\$5,320.36	77.52	\$ 77.52	\$5,397.88
Accounts Receivable	1111	1	00.04	\$40.00	\$H0.00
Due from Province	125,00	\$125.00		ţ	\$125.00
Due from Municipalities	865,06	\$865.06		1	\$865.06
Due from School Bds.	1 1 1 1	-	2,697.95	\$3,435.17	\$3,435.17
Cash on Hand and in Bank	6,437.03 3,704.70 5,040.56 39,406.31	\$54,588.60	3,890.87 16,315.00 4,263.73 624.33 1,087.82 75.53	26,257.28	\$80,845.88
Маше	Cochrane Frank Galt Turner Valley	Sub-totals	Pontmain St. Aubin St. Rita Rosary Killam Assumption Sexsnith	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	1,42 629 647 4039		222437 222437 222437 222437 2224 2224 22		

TABLE NO. 43(b)

VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICTS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Revenue Fund Section Liabilities

Total Liabilities	12,757.35 3,704.70 5,438.56 41,489.35	63,389.96	19,012,987 19,012,987 19,012,994 19,014,19,19,19,19,19,19,19,19,19,19,19,19,19,	\$ 39,587.19	\$102,977.15
Surgins	11,999.95 3,704.30 4,188.49 33,313.19	\$53,205.93	1, 190.87 1, 902.95 8, 795.73 664.33 926.18	\$29,440.06	82,645.99
Other Liabilities	1,250.07	\$1,250.47	206.60	\$ 410.76	\$1,661.23
Accounts Payable	1,94.90	\$ 494.90	35.00	\$1,784.91	\$2,279.81
Due to Province	1 1 1		657.93	\$657.93	\$657.93
Due to Other Bds.	262.50	\$262.50	7.1.1.1.1.1.7.7.688	\$568.50	\$831.00
Arrears of Teachers' Salaries	8,176,16	38,176.16	2,033,32	\$2,033.32	\$10,209,48
Bank Overdraft	1 1 1	1	4,110,00 581,71	\$4,691.71	\$4,691.71
Name	Cochrane Frank Galt Turner Valley	Sub-totals	Pontmain St., Aubin St., Rita Rosary Rillam Assumption Sexsmith	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	142 629 647 4039		52 53 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		

TABLE NO. 444(a).
CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICTS
Revenue - 1955

rand		51, 588	\$580,165.36
Deficit G		1,247.72	\$8,122,01 \$58
Total	Revenue	27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27.	\$572,043.35
Other		1, 200.00 1, 502.00 1, 502.00 1, 502.00 1, 502.00 1, 503.00 1, 503	\$27,875.77
Requisitions		8,5,5,1 1,5,5,0 1,5,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1	\$264,068.53
ZZ.	Tax Reduction Subsidy	2, 065, 79 2, 063, 70 2, 10, 25 2, 2, 2, 25 2, 2, 2, 25 2, 2, 2, 25 2, 2, 2, 2, 25 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	\$82,012,82
GRANTS	Operational	13,450,50 13,450,50 14,50 14,50 15,50 16,50 1	\$198,086.23
Name		Barons Lousana Elousana Elousana Elousana Forestburg Wartenu Saskaton Galabad Domelly Faller	GRAND TOTALS
No.		\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$	

			\$288877845	300		
		GRAND TOTALS	Rinora Great Bend Great Here Porestive Manton Parkland Saskatoon Inke Galakad Donnelly Clyde Falher	Lousans		
		\$10,584.72	2020 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	965.64		
		\$287,688,44	500 576 500 57	28,127,34		Splottee
200		017,596,66	1,266,29 2,087,24 2,087,24 2,087,24 2,087,26 2,047,26 2,47,26 3,455,67	1,009,66	THOUSER	Tontonica
	00000100	594.575.00	11,571,699,931,931,931,931,931,931,931,931,931,9	9,817.93	Maintenance	
-	26.2601200	CO C20 CB	6 3264 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	7.278.84		
	\$22,822,93		57,41 98,23 24,936,28 24,935,20 13,495,21		Auxiliary	TOTAL
	31,435.15		1,135.15 268.00 32.00		to Other School Boards	Synord thin.
	\$16,029.84		2,80,00 2,80,00 3,224,17 3,116,02 5,45,65		Current Revenue	0
	-37,544,48		1,556.80 1,079 1,079 1,079 1,014.23 5,323.15 5,327.77 3,762.15 5,793.74		Charges	
	\$3,271.88		380.48 278.52 482.53 371.0 95.10 153.45		Other Operational Expenditures	
	353,502.02		8,146,147 8,146,	CO VEA PROTO COM	Total Operational	
042 OF TOUGH	co lod co		2,401.70		Previous Year	
70T.04	262 (1)		1,225,49 1,428.25 9,145.42 726.00 75.40 6,632.18		Surplus for Year	-
\$580,165,36		200000000000000000000000000000000000000	27,448.40 22,498.40 22,498.93 22,498.93 23,23,29 26,23,20 26,23,29 26,23,23,29 26,23,23,29 26,23,23,23,23 26,23,23,23 26,23,23,23 26,23,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23,23 26,23 26,23,23 26,23 26,23,23 26,23		Total Expenditures	
		40	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		No.	

TABLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS

CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICTS



TABLE NO. 45

ASSESSMENTS, REQUISITIONS, OPERATING ROOMS & ENROLMENTS AS AT JUNE 1955

Barons  1,22,965,00  100.000  Treat Band  100,045,00  100.000  Treat Band  1,240,195,00  1,240,195,00  1,240,195,00  1,240,195,00  1,240,195,00  1,240,195,00  1,240,195,00  1,240,195,00  1,240,195,00  1,241,72  1,222,00  1,141,86  1,028,398,00  1,141,86  1,028,398,00  1,141,86  1,028,398,00  1,141,86  1,028,398,00  1,141,86  1,028,398,00	Requisition/Assessment 28.00 28.00 28.00 25.00 31.00 31.00 35.00 27.50 27.50 27.50 27.50 27.50 27.50 27.50 27.50 27.50 27.50 27.50 27.50 27.50	นัก คุณการกระบบ เมื่อคุณ เกราะ	17.5 2.7.2 3.4.3 1.1.5.5 1.5.5 1.5
\$10,088,945.00 \$264,065.53	53 26.17	84	2,134

TABLE NO. 46(a)

CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICTS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Capital and Loan Fund Section

Assets

Total Assets	86, 22.2.96 25, 10.2.96 30, 10.2.96 74, 301.56 198, 304.31 172, 5575 173, 5775 173, 5775 17	\$1,275,887.41
Other Assets	3,000,000	\$3,000.00
Due from Revenue Account	5,454.34 21.32	\$5,475.66
Bank Balance	15,039.97	\$15,039.97
Busses & Trucks	12,800.00 h,213.76 10,450.00 10,000.00 - 7,411.93	69*506*++
Library	250.00 1,586.00 1,586.00 1,586.00 1,586.00 1,586.00 1,586.00	\$5,841.00
Furniture & Equipment	13, 124, 26 19, 124, 26 19, 125, 85 19, 100, 100 100, 100 100	\$109,649.29
Land & Buildings	59,578.00 15,649.00 15,649.00 15,649.00 15,600.00 15,600.00 13,600.00 14,600.00 14,600.00 14,700.00 15,700.00	\$1,091,975.80
Маше	Barons Liousana Elloura Great Bend Porestburg Nanton Raften Safaton Lake Galahad Donnelly Clyde Falher	GRAND TOTALS
No.	ww1+777779600 ■ 2007701460000	

TABLE NO. 46(b)

CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICTS

STATE ENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DEGREERS 31, 1955

Capital and Loan Fund Section

Liabilities

Debenture Debt Investment in Fixed Assets (not due)	6,562,50 79,650,46 30,050,00 74,105,00 74,105,00 72,000,00 13,866,50 13,866,50 14,520,00 12,624,88 12,988,38	
Маже	Barons Lousana Zinora Zinora Great Bend Portestourg Nancon Parkland Saskatoon Lake Galahad Donnelly Clyde Felher	O TABOOR STRANGE

TABLE NO. 47(a)

CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICTS
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Revenue Fund Section

Total Assets	15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15,	\$2,402,65 \$104,200,08
Deficit	2,402,65	\$2,402.65
Other Current Assets	1,194,75 254,81 261,00 2,601,50	\$4,312.06
Inventories	265,00	\$595.00
Other Accounts Receivable	2,00	\$5.00
Due from Province	507.47 	\$2,395.72
Due from Municipalities	2, 554, 65 6,526,83	\$9,331.48
Due from School Boards	1,643.00 1,643.00 362.00 1,500.00	\$3,725.00
Cash on Hand and in Bank	1, 532, 77, 666, 47, 7, 466, 89, 99, 99, 99, 99, 99, 99, 99, 99, 99	\$81,383.17
Лате	Barons Lousana Rhors Rhors Forestone Nanton Parkland Saskardon Jake Galahad Donnelly Clyde	GRAND TOTALS
No.	\$4\$	

TABLE NO. 47(b)
CORSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICTS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECLEBER 31, 1955

Revenue Fund Section Liabilities

No.	Мале	Bank Overdraft	Short Term Loans Princ. & Interest	Due to Other Boards	Due to Province	Accounts	Due to Capital	Other Liabilities	Surplus	Total Liabilities
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Barons Lousana Gloora Gloora Great Bend Forestoure Barkland Saskatoon Lake Galahad Donnelly Clyde Falke	754.88	3,000.00	914-50	450.19	1,274.79 1,57.25 1,76.00 335.50	5,454,34	623,42	13, 534, 31 6, 921, 23 7, 010, 89 10, 224, 87 7, 670, 57 7, 476, 57 7, 476, 57 7, 476, 58 3, 477, 20 18, 126, 20 6, 393, 65	1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,
	GRAND TOTALS	\$2,020.58	\$3,000.00	\$1,111.45	\$450°19	\$2,143.54	.5,475,66	\$1,268.17	\$1,268.17 \$88,730.49	\$104,200.08

TABLE NO. 48(a) RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS

Revenue - 1955

Grand Total	28.25.45.88877.25.43.0 + 13.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	3823,901.98	25,752 25	\$81,545,32	\$905,447,80
Deficit	10,450.88 10,450.88 10,829.22 2,579.11 2221.90 690.03 11,674.18 11,674.18	\$38,662.76	515.75	\$515.75	39,178.51
Total Operational Revenue	R. L.	\$785,239.22	1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	\$81,030.07	\$866,269,29
Other Revenue	4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	\$19,467.2h	177.88 1,764.75 8,554.05 	\$14,463.58	J33,930.82
Requisitions	5 3 2 4 2 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	0401,747.40	1,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4	\$17,643.86	3419,391.26
Other	7,983.85	\$8,693.40	111111111111		\$8,693.40
GRANTS Tax Reduction Subsidy	16,003.58 1,102.22 1,127.51 1,127.51 1,127.51 1,27.33 1,27.51 1,27.33 1,27.3	\$81,011.56	25.68.6 25.68.6 25.68.6 25.68.1 26.68.	\$7,561.58	\$88,573.14
Operational	보호건 낙본투교투교적인 교문투급적인공원 투투운교육교육 문교육합의 기계대통 문교육합의 기계대통령 등교통등록 문항하루 부모를 등 기계 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등 등	3274,319.62	1,142,39 1,722,67 1,722,67 1,565,96 1,565,96 1,143,57 1,143,57 1,143,57 1,026,94	\$41,361.05	\$315,680.67
Name	Banff  Glemore  Cannore  Cannore  Cannore  Table  Each Jourse  Exshave  Nordegg  Exshave  Nordegg  Exshave  Nordegg  Sellevo  Ranger  Sellevo  Sell	Sub-total.s	Jubilee Fort Vermilon Clandonald Ste, Bermilon Ste, Bermedette St. Jacques St. Jacques St. Jacques St. Jacques St. Jacques St. Jacques St. Amonica Crossroads St. Laurent Duvernay	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	0 + ### / #### / #### / #### ######		28888888888888888888888888888888888888		

Private, Metis and Department of National Defence Schools omitted.

Private, Metis and Department of mational Defence schools omitted.

			2222222222222 £424444		24 FT 035 B 25 25 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	No.
Private, Metis and Department of	GRAND TOTALS	Sub-totals	ybbiles Port Vermiion Clandopald St. Jernadette St. Jernadette St. Jernade St. Jernade St. Jernad St. Mendad St. Mondad St. Mondad St. Mondad St. Monta	Sub-totals	hanfr  Olamany  Olamany  Lot Agrant  All Control III  All	Náme
rtment of	\$26,617.08	\$945.78	157.63 180.63 256.83 256.81 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1	\$25,671.30	' p553255245523253255555555555555555555555	Administration
	\$453,043.07	\$31,739.55	9,807,143 7,1472,26 10,247,26	\$421,303.52	### 15	Tenchers' Salaries
	\$47,584.04	\$2,763.95	781.07 686.27 587.30 107.30	\$144,800.09	######################################	Other Instruction
	\$112,982,89	7,427.07	1,2650,62 1,1250,62 1,1250,62 1,1250,52 1,1250,54	\$105,555.82	222271120252222	Plant Operation and Maintenance
	\$39,164.51	\$11,377.20	3,00,00 5,789,20 1,100,00 1,100,00 3,000,00	\$27,787.31	80.0 90 90 00 00 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Transportation
	\$1,227.96	,	111111111111	\$1,227.96	259.05 259.05 269.05 269.00 26	Other Auxiliary Services
	\$33,762.04	\$12,420.92	3,388,98 1,37,58,36 1,234,50 1	521,341.12	8, 777, 100 218, 100 170, 200 170, 200	Expenditure to Other School Bds.
	\$49,976.98 \$61,493.30	\$1,136,50	500.00 394.78	\$46,840,48	11. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12.	Capital from Current Revenue
	61,493.30	\$9,153.61	21.94 996.48 2,133.00 3,774.30	\$52,339.69	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	Debt
	\$16,344.98	\$432.36	+36 +32,00	\$15,912.62	2025 7 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	All Other Expenditures
	\$842,176.85	\$77,396.94	14,058.74 14,053.28 13,958.79 213,958.89 213,950.88 31,950.88 21,250.88 21,250.88 21,250.88 21,250.88 21,250.88 21,250.88 21,250.88 21,250.88 21,250.88 21,250.88 21,250.88	\$764,779.91		Rotel Expenditures
	863,270.95	\$4,148.88	261.53 21.14 1,568.69 1,121.22 1,121.22 1,22.60 727.00	\$59,122.07	1,265,59 2,262,665 2,262,6	Surplus for Year
	\$905,447.80	\$81,545.82	14,224,12 14,274,12 15,277,14 22,421,14 22,421,14 1,390,08 1,390,08 1,500,83 1	\$823,901.98	######################################	Grand Total
			\$4\$		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	No.

TABLE NO. 48(b)
EURAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS
Exceedibures - 1955



TABLE No. 49 RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS

RUBAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS ASSESSIBNTS, REQUISITIONS, OPERATING ROMS & ENROLMENTS AS AL JUNE, 1955

Pupil Enrolment	\$ 25.500 1.000 \$ 1.500 2.500 1.000 2.500 1.000 2.500 1.000 2.500 2	3,253	96 1000 11111111111111111111111111111111	354	3,607
No. of Classrooms Operating	Zod 140 wwwr440 141404440 X 144440	118	നഷ്ഷം ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	13	131
Average Basic Rate Requisition/Assessment	~\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	14.34	\$	25.14	14,60
Total Requisition	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	\$399,589.18	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	\$17,627.50	\$417,216.68
Total Assessment	10,000 1,000	\$27,867,020.00	HB, 7790.00 1133, 840.00 1134, 840.00 1134, 840.00 1134, 1200.00 1134, 1200.00	\$701,050.00	\$28,568,070,00
Лаше	Banff Glammore Glammore Morlage Bake Coulse Bake Louise Bake Louise Bake Coulse Bake Bake Hilcrest Brasha Nordege Brule Seebe Seebe South Waptin Glaspondent Valley Chisholm Glaspondent Valley Chisholm Glaspondent Valley Sanidars South Waptin Glaspondent Valley Sanidars Bridge Creek Bridge Creek Bridge Creek Memder River Is Grate	Sub-totals	Fort Vermillon Clandonald Ste. Bernadette St., derone St., dacques St., dacques St., dacques St., fornes Nassroads St., fontos Crossroads St., fallent	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		28888888888888888888888888888888888888		

Private, Metis and Department of National Defence schools omitted. TABLE NO. 50(a) RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

CAPITAL AND LOAN FUND SECTION

Assets

Total Assets	1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0. 1.0.	\$1,652,174.23	2,780,52 65,074,43 36,389,13 29,745,32 45,32	\$179,273.62	\$1,831,447.85
Other			356.66	\$377.26	\$377.26
Due from Revenue A/C	13,559,07	\$1,559.07		-	\$1,559.07
Due from Province (Bldg.Gr.)	36,861.00	\$36,861.00	8888		\$36,861.00
Bank Balance	12,700.00 12,700.00 138,535.23	\$52,179.46	11111	,	\$52,179.46
Busses & Trucks	, 204, 70	\$4,204.70	00°00+	00°00 <del>1</del> \$	\$4,604.70
Library	2,800.00 1,516.07 1,177.91 200.00 200.00 50.00 50.00	\$7,575.31	1,145.31	\$1,406.94	\$8,982.25
Furniture & Equipment	######################################	\$185,415.34	2,262.00 1,502.50 3,645.97	\$7,410.47	\$192,825.81
Land & Buildings	2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	\$1,364,379,35	2,780,52 60,901,52 34,625.06 26,078.75 45,284,22	\$169,669.95	\$1,534,049.30
Маше	Banff Glesmore Glesmore Lake Louise Ballavue Hillorest Exshaw Farger Nordeg Seebe Nordeg Seebe Seebe Seebe Seebe Seebe Serdell Regrand Fort Fitzgerald Fort Fitzgerald Chisbon	Sub-totals	Jubilee Fort Vermilion Clandonald Ste. Bernadette St. Laurent	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
Mo	0.00		88 25 4 68 32 29 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47		

Private, Metis and Department of National Defence Schools omitted.

## TABLE NO. 50(b). HURAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABLITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955 Captual and Loan Fund Section.

al and Loan Fund Section

Total Liabilities	104, 334, 60 104, 30, 60 104, 30, 60 105, 30, 50 105, 30 105, 30 105	\$1,652,174.23	2,780,72 65,074 36,389,13 75,284,22	\$179,273.62	\$1,831,44,7.85
Investment in Fixed Assets	14, 338, 00 99, 425, 60 100, 995, 05 100, 995, 05 100, 995, 10 100, 99	\$1,095,226.94	40,632,31 26,789,13 22,140,32 16,284,22	105,845,98	\$1,201,072,92
Other Capital Liabilities	12,588,00	\$32,921.96	11111	ŧ	\$32,921.96
Due to Revenue Account		1	280,52	\$347.64	\$3+2°¢
Capital Loans (not due)	3,600.00	\$24,440.00	2,500.00	\$15,00.00	\$39,440.00
Debenture Debt (not due)	112,900,000 34,692,000 112,933,33 104,200,000 261,400,000 104,000,000	\$499,585.33	2H, 375.uu 9,600,00 1,105.00 23,000,00	\$58,080,00	\$557,665.33
Маже	Banff Gammore Gammore Gammore Gammore Balleave Hillorest Jaspar Jaspar Jaspar Brule	Sub-totals	Jubilee Fort Verminon Clandonald Ste. Bernadette St. Laurent	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	0.1190 W. 25 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		PS L CS 29 CS 29 CS 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29		

Private, Metis and Department of National Defence schools omitted. TABLE NO. 51(a)
BURAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABLILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Revenue Fund Section

Total Assets	3,4,4,4,4,4,7,7,4,4,7,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,	\$184,223,21	5,124.04 5,124.04 5,125.04 4,453.70 685.02 7,744.32 1,680.38 4,092.74	\$20,213,43	\$204,436,64
Deficit	98.27 904.07 175.85	\$1,208,14			\$1,208,14
Other Current Assets	2,045.37 2,045.37 92.56	\$3,604.38	+30.83 - - - - - 2,132.70	\$2,563.53	\$6,167,91
Due from Capital a/c		-	280.52 67.12	\$347.64	\$347.64
Inventories	1,448,48	\$2,477.90	1111111111		\$2,477.90
Accounts Receivable	1,4957.93 1,390.00 1,25.50 1,25.50 90.00 1,5	\$4,511.14	450.00	\$450.00	\$4,961.14
Due from Province	330.00 3,000.00 1,249.89	\$5,541.89	471.50	\$471.50	\$6,013.39
Due from Munici- palities	31,621.21	\$32,452.61	17.00	\$17.00	\$32,469.61
Due from School Bds.	152.00	\$152.00		1	\$152,00
Cash on Hand and in Bank	44444444444444444444444444444444444444	\$134,275,15	3,774-29 3,774-59 3,015-14 689-38 1,689-38	\$16,363.76	\$150,638.91
Каме	Banif Glommore Monloy Ballevae Hake Louise Ballevae Hilsrest Exchan Masper Brile Sede Brile Sede Hiltobas Materion Park Fort Fitzgerad Hindobas Gooth Weptri Gooth Weptri Gooth Weptri Alexan Mendorar Sender Hiltobas Hiltobas Montgoary Sender Brile	Sub-totals	Unbilee Fort Vermillon Clandonald Sto. Berndette St. Jernom Massnod St. Monica Crossroads St. Inner	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		464423444 68888884 68843494 744473		

Private, Metis and Department of National Defence schools omitted.

### TABLE NO. 51(b). RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS

### Revenue Fund Section

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1955

Liabilities

Total Liabilities	3.4744444444444444444444444444444444444	\$184,223,21	7,171.75 1,751.74 1,751.74 1,751.74 1,751.70 1,689.33 1,092.33	\$20,213.43	\$204,436.64
Surplus	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$165,121.55	261.53 1,013.93 2,015,144 4,376,70 685.02 1,083.01	\$10,284.69	\$175,406.24
Other Liabilities	5776.77 5776.77 185.04	\$765.74	75.00	\$75.00	\$840.74
Due to Capital	1,559.07	\$1,559.07		t	\$1,559.07
Other Accounts Payable	25	\$1,387.98 \$1,559.07	2,078.61	\$2,271.61	\$3,659.59 \$1,559.07
Due to Province	76,91	\$76.91	11111111	1	76.91
Due to Other School Bds.	3,284.	\$3,943.81	17.00	\$430.37	\$4,374.18
Debentures Due & Unpaid Prin. & Int.		,	1,062,50	\$1,062.50	\$1,062,50
Arrears of Teachers' Salaries		,	00.	00*666\$	\$999.00
Short Term Loans-Prin. & Interest	3,500.00 3,500.00	\$10,500.00	1,000.00	\$5,090.26	\$15,590.26
Bank Overdraft	888,135	\$868.15		1	\$868.15
Маше	Banff  Commore  Commore  Commore  Commore  Moriey  Believe Hilorest  Believe Hilorest  Brite  Brite  Seabe  Materpon Park  Materpon Park  Materpon Park  Monden Weptr  Corrected  Common Park  Monden Weptr  Monden Monden  Menden River	Sub-totals	Jubilee Port Vermilon Clandonald Ste. Berndette St. Serome Mazenod St. Works Crossodas Crossodas St. Jubent	Sub-totals	GRAND TOTALS
No.	1108 1108 11193 11		44 44 688 33 88 23 88 23 88 88 23 88 23 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86		

Private, Metis and Department of National Defence schools omitted.

Table No. 52

PER PUPIL EXPENDITURES ON EDUCATION 1945-46, 1954-55, 1955-56

1955 - 56*	\$ 235.66 252.48 1.356	276,30 301,31 1,614	208,07 218,12 1,169	187.79 198.89 1.060	250.45 266.71 1.416	167.89 177.91 .975	
1954 - 55*	\$ 229.13 245.50 1.297	266.56 288.59 1.527	199.41 210.70 1.104	195.25 207.44 1.088	252.31 268.58 1.415	156.41 166.51 •896	
1945 - 46	\$ 91.68 107.02	88.84 106.55 .568	101.71 48.111 45.98	93.28 105.62 .554	121.76 141.05 .738	67-42 75.96 401	
	All Schools Per year (enrolment) Per year (average attendance) Per day attendance	School Divisions and Counties (including many Town, Village and Consolidated Districts).  Per year (enrolment)  Per year (average attendance)  Per day attendance	School Districts Not in Divisions or Counties Gity Public Schools - Per year (enrolment) Per year (average attendance) Per day attendance	Town & Willage Public Schools - Per year (enrolment) Per year (average attendance) Per day attendance	Consolidated Schools - Per year (enrolment) Per year (average attendance) Per day attendance	R. C. Separate Schools (City, Town & Village & Rural) - Per year (enrollment) Per year (average attendance) Per day attendance	st Expenditures are for the calendar years 1954 & 1955 respectively

Table No. 53

AVERAGE SALARY RATE OF TEACHERS 1954-55 and 1955-56

	Number of Teachers 1954 - 55	Average Salary Rate 1954 - 55		Number of Teachers 1955 - 56	Average Salary Rate 1955 - 56
All Schools	8,274	3,330,26	All Schools	8,815	3,430,16
Divisions and Counties	4,653	3,188.13	Divisions and Counties	86267	3,301.14
Public School Districts:			Public School Districts:		
City and Town Schools	2,703	3,679.17	City and Town Schools	3,019	3,733.37
Village Schools	77	3,333,63	Village Schools	51	3,476,18
Consolidated Schools	96	3,217.71	Consolidated Schools	95	3,332,42
N.C. Separate School Districts:			R.C. Separate School Districts:		
Cities and Towns	523	2,805,10	Cities and Towns	582	2,950,38
Villages	1.8	2,021.89	Villages	23	2,099,43

Table No. 54

TEACHERS' SALARIES - 1955-56 - IN ALL SCHOOLS

				Salaries Paid	
		Teacher or	Highest	Lowest	Average
Academic, High School and Professional	Male Female	1,293	0,080,09	2,067.00	4,675.60
Standard E and Standard S	Male Female	352	7,025.00	2,200.00	3,736.32
Elementary and Intermediate and First	Male Female	500	9,500,00	2,100.00	4,345.65
Junior E	Male Female	352	4,600.00	2,100.00	2,859.78
Second	Male Female	51 554	5,030.00	2,250.00	3,129.70
Letter of Authority	Male Female	63	5,500.00	2,100.00	2,934.58
Qualification Statement	Male Female	49	2,475.00	1,800.00	2,066,28
		8,815	00,005,6	1,400,00	3,430,10

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